

Introduction

This briefing contains the latest data for Cumbria relating to the Claimant Count, Joblessness (UK only), NEETs, job postings, business start-ups and Companies House incorporations and is produced monthly on the day that the Office for National Statistics (ONS) releases claimant data.

It should be noted that the "jobless" figures used extensively by the press are derived from a public survey. As this includes non-claimants looking for work and utilises a different population denominator, it can produce different trends to the claimant-only counts and should not be directly compared to the claimant count data. Sample sizes from the survey are too small to be reliable for local areas. However, ONS now produces quarterly modelled unemployment data for local areas which incorporates both claimant count and survey data and these data are included on page 10. It should also be noted that historical data are revised regularly and therefore data in this briefing should not be compared directly with that published in previous briefings.

Universal Credit – Important Note: There have been marked increases in the claimant count in areas where Full Service Universal Credit is in operation (currently Workington and Whitehaven JobCentres in Cumbria). In part this is because UC requires a broader span of people to look for work than was the case for legacy benefits and also because new claimants awaiting or appealing Work Capability Assessments are being required to look for work pending their assessment and are therefore included in the claimant count. To put this in context, the claimant count rose by 36.1% between Nov 2016 and April 2017 in areas that had Full Service UC implemented throughout that time, compared to a rise of 6.9% in areas that did not have Full Service implemented. *Therefore users are encouraged to interpret monthly movements in the claimant count with caution as changes may be due to administration of Universal Credit rather than reflecting local labour market conditions.*

NB: The claimant count was taken on 8th Feb 2018.

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1. KEY FINDINGS FOR CUMBRIA

Local Claimant Data

- In Feb 2018 there were 5,740 people in Cumbria claiming either JSA or Universal Credit (those not in employment but required to seek work), a rise of 300 from last month;
- Nationally the non-seasonally adjusted claimant count rose by 41,260 from last month;
- The claimant count in Cumbria is 790 higher than a year ago and 70,250 higher nationally;
- The claimant count rose in all six districts in Cumbria with the highest rises in Allerdale (80) and Copeland (75);
- The claimant rate in Feb 2018 in Cumbria was 1.9% which is unchanged from last month and is 0.2 lower than the national rate of 2.1%;
- Claimant rates are above the national average in Allerdale (2.8%), Barrow (2.6%) and Copeland (3.1%);
- Claimant rates for all age groups 18 TO 35 in Cumbria are above the national average;
- The modelled unemployment count in Cumbria (which includes estimates of non-claimants) was 6,500 in the year to Sept 2017 giving a rate of 2.6% compared to 4.5% nationally. The modelled unemployment rates in Copeland (49%) and Barrow (4.7%) are higher than nationally. Note: the modelled unemployment rate is % of the economically active population aged 16+ and is only released quarterly.

Universal Credit (see rollout notes on page 11)

- In Feb 2018 there were 8,867 Universal Credit claimants in Cumbria, a rise of 110 from the previous month;
- 41.8% of UC claimants in Cumbria were in the "searching for work" conditionality group;
- 59.9% of UC claimants in Cumbria were not in employment with 40.1% in employment.

NEETs

- In Jan 2018 there were 369 16-17 year olds in Cumbria reported as NEET, a fall of 48 from the previous month -11.5%) and 77 lower than the same month last year -17.3%);
- In Jan 2018 the NEET rate for 16-17 year olds in Cumbria was 3.6% down by 0.5 from last month and down by 0.6 from a year ago;
- Cumbria's NEET rate of 3.6% compares to a national rate of 5.8%;
- Carlisle had the highest NEET rate in the county (5.0%);
- In Jan 2018, 93.2% 16-17 year olds in Cumbria were classed as participating, mostly in full time education or training (78.6%) or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.4%). This compares to 92.1% nationally. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average 92.4% v 88.1%.

Live Apprenticeship Vacancies

- There were 645 live Apprenticeship vacancies in the last 4 week period with the volume rising in each of the last two weeks;
- 137 individual employers had live vacancies, offered via 39 different providers;
- Carlisle and South Lakeland together accounted for 88% of live vacancies;
- Business administration and law had the highest volume of live vacancies with 93 (14.4%) followed by energy and utilities with 67 (10.4%) and business with 62 (9.6%).

Business Start-Ups & Companies House Incorporations

- There were 424 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter to Jan 2018, 10 more than in the previous quarter but 64 fewer than the same quarter last year;
- The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland where there were 100 (23.6%);



- The sector with the highest number of start-ups was real estate, professional services & support services with 120 (28.3% of all start-ups);
- Barrow had the highest start up rate per 100 active enterprises with 13.6 starts per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 6.5 (England 16.2);
- South Lakeland had the highest start up rates as a proportion of working age residents with 86.7 per 10,000 working age resident. Copeland had the lowest with 46.4 starts per 10,000 working age residents (England 108.0);
- There were 205 new Companies House incorporations in Cumbria in Jan 2018 a rise of 53 from the previous month and up by 18 from the same month last year;
- Carlisle (57), South Lakeland (41) and Allerdale (40) had the highest number of new incorporations.

2. NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET OVERVIEW

- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey show that, between Aug to Oct 2017 and Nov 2017
 to Jan 2018, the number of people in work and the number of unemployed people both
 increased, but the number of people aged from 16 to 64 not working and not seeking or
 available to work (economically inactive) decreased;
- There were 32.25 million people in work, 168,000 more than for Aug to Oct 2017 and 402,000 more than for a year earlier;
- The employment rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 who were in work) was 75.3%, higher than for a year earlier (74.6%) and the joint highest since comparable records began in 1971;
- There were 1.45 million unemployed people (people not in work but seeking and available to work), 24,000 more than for Aug to Oct 2017 but 127,000 fewer than for a year earlier;
- The unemployment rate (the proportion of those in work plus those unemployed, that were unemployed) was 4.3%, down from 4.7% for a year earlier and the joint lowest since 1975;
- There were 8.72 million people aged from 16 to 64 who were economically inactive (not
 working and not seeking or available to work), 158,000 fewer than for a year earlier and the
 lowest since Nov 2000 to Jan 2001;
- The inactivity rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 who were economically inactive) was 21.2%, lower than for a year earlier (21.6%) and the joint lowest since comparable records began in 1971;
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation) increased by 2.6% excluding bonuses, and by 2.8% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier;
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in real terms (that is, adjusted for price inflation) fell by 0.2% excluding bonuses, but were unchanged including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.



3. LOCAL UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

Claimant Count (JSA & Out of Work UC Claimants)

ONS data note — "Under Universal Credit a broader span of claimants are required to look for work than under Jobseeker's Allowance. As Universal Credit Full Service is rolled out in particular areas, the number of people recorded as being on the Claimant Count is therefore likely to rise." This is particularly affecting figures for Allerdale and Copeland where full service UC has been implemented at Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres.

The claimant count in Cumbria in Feb 2018 was 5,740 persons, a rise of 300 from January. The claimant rate was up 0.1 at 1.9% which is 0.2 below the UK rate of 2.1%. However, rates in Allerdale, Barrow and Copeland are above the national average (2.8%, 2.6% and 3.1% respectively). The non-seasonally adjusted count rose in all 6 districts in Cumbria and also rose both regionally and nationally.

Compared to a year ago, Cumbria's claimant count has risen by 790, an increase of 16.0% compared to a rise of 8.8% nationally but the introduction of Universal Credit is a factor behind this as 2 of Cumbria's 6 Jobcentres (Workington and Whitehaven) are on Full Service UC.

Figure 1: Claimant Count, Feb 2018

rigule 1.	Figure 1: Claimant Count, Feb 2018 Monthly Change Annual Change														
	Mal	е	Female		All Persons			thly Cha I person	_	Annual Change (all persons)					
	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	% chg	Rate chg	No	% chg	Rate chg			
United Kingdom	538,900	2.6	331,865	1.6	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2			
North West	73,785	3.3	46,710	2.1	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3			
Cumbria	3,635	2.4	2,105	1.4	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3			
Allerdale **	1,010	3.5	625	2.1	1,635	2.8	80	5.3	0.1	470	40.3	0.8			
Barrow in Furness	740	3.6	330	1.6	1,070	2.6	25	2.4	0.1	-95	-8.1	-0.2			
Carlisle	645	2.0	415	1.2	1,060	1.6	60	6.1	0.1	125	13.6	0.2			
Copeland **	820	3.8	480	2.3	1,305	3.1	75	6.1	0.2	245	23.4	0.6			
Eden	165	1.1	95	0.6	265	0.8	15	6.9	0.1	25	11.4	0.1			
South Lakeland	255	0.9	155	0.5	410	0.7	40	10.2	0.1	15	3.5	0.0			
						1									
Barrow JCP	900	n/a	400	n/a	1,300	n/a	30	2.5	n/a	-110	-7.8	n/a			
Carlisle JCP	720	n/a	450	n/a	1,170	n/a	60	5.5	n/a	110	10.5	n/a			
Kendal JCP	150	n/a	120	n/a	275	n/a	25	9.2	n/a	5	1.5	n/a			
Penrith JCP	145	n/a	95	n/a	240	n/a	10	4.8	n/a	30	14.9	n/a			
Whitehaven JCP **	730	n/a	435	n/a	1,160	n/a	90	8.4	n/a	285	32.5	n/a			
Workington JCP **	1,000	n/a	620	n/a	1,620	n/a	100	6.6	n/a	495	43.9	n/a			

Source: ONS/DWP , shading indicates local rates above the UK average

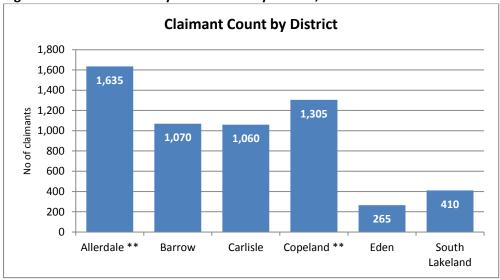
Note 1: Due to rounding, totals may not sum

Note 2: JCP = JobCentre Plus office areas. Rates are not available for these areas.

Note3: ** counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit



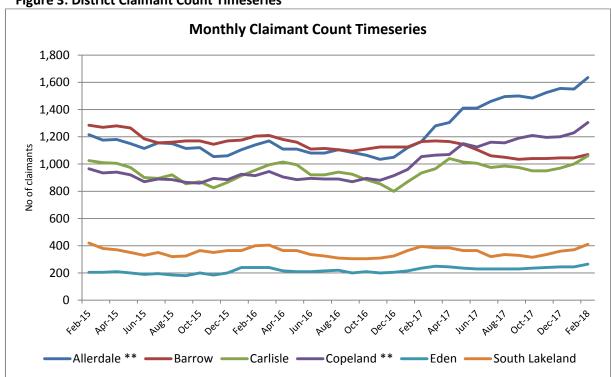
Figure 2: Claimant Count by Local Authority District, Feb 2018



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: ** counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

Figure 3: District Claimant Count Timeseries

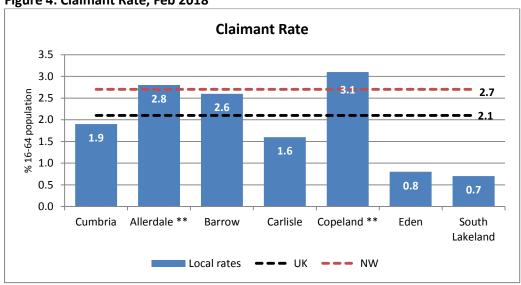


Source: ONS/DWP

Note: ** counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit



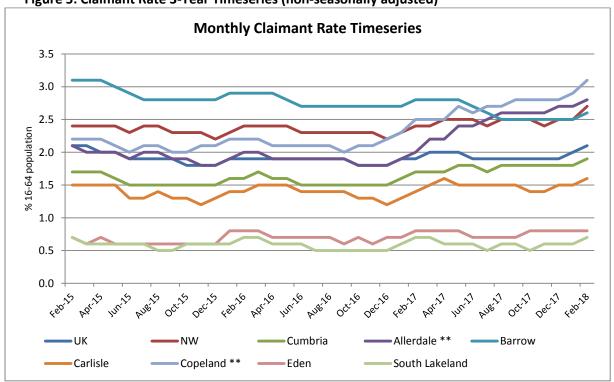
Figure 4: Claimant Rate, Feb 2018



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: ** rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

Figure 5: Claimant Rate 3-Year Timeseries (non-seasonally adjusted)



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: ** rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit



Figure 6: Claimant Count / Rate by Age Group in Cumbria, Feb 2018

		int Count /	•	<u> </u>		nt Count I					
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	1,350	170,150	114,970	99,900	87,515	79,055	88,670	89,265	79,470	59,440	870,765
NW	155	23,830	17,610	15,205	12,645	10,870	11,965	11,325	9,800	7,050	120,495
Cumbria	10	1,200	825	640	560	475	540	590	525	370	5,740
Allerdale **	0	340	235	195	160	140	145	175	145	100	1,635
Barrow	0	265	160	115	100	80	105	90	90	70	1,070
Carlisle	0	230	140	125	110	80	85	120	110	55	1,060
Copeland **	5	250	215	145	130	100	115	130	115	95	1,305
Eden	0	45	30	25	25	20	35	30	25	30	265
South Lakeland	0	70	45	35	40	50	55	50	40	20	410
					Claima	ant Rate b	y Age				
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	0.1	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.1
NW	0.1	3.7	3.6	3.3	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.7
Cumbria	0.1	3.3	3.2	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.9
Allerdale	0.0	5.0	4.8	3.9	3.2	2.6	1.9	2.3	2.1	1.5	2.8
Barrow	0.0	5.0	4.0	3.0	2.9	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.6
Carlisle	0.0	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.4	0.8	1.6
Copeland	0.4	4.9	5.4	3.8	3.6	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	3.1
Eden	0.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.9
South Lakeland	0.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.7

Source: ONS/DWP Note: due to rounding, totals may not sum. Shading indicates local rates above the UK rate.

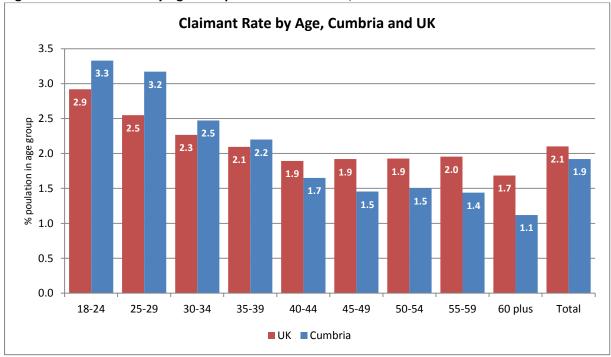
Note: ** counts & rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

Figure 7: Claimant Count by Age Group in Cumbria, Feb 2018 Claimant Count By Age, Cumbria 1,400 1,200 1,200 1,000 No of claimants 800 825 600 640 590 560 540 525 400 475 370 200 0 18-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60 plus

Source: ONS/DWP



Figure 8: Claimant Rate by Age Group in Cumbria and UK, Feb 2018



Source: ONS/DWP



Modelled Unemployment

The Office for National Statistics produces modelled unemployment data for local authorities which uses a combination of survey data and claimant count data to estimate the number of unemployed in an area including non-claimants. NB: These data are only updated quarterly.

Note: An important difference between these estimates and the official claimant count is the denominator used to calculate rates. For the claimant count the denominator is all those aged 16-64 but for the model-based rates it is the economically active population aged 16+ (ie those who are in work or out of work but actively seeking work). It is important therefore that rates are not directly compared. Please also note that these are estimates not administrative counts.

In the year ended Sept 2017, it is estimated that there were 6,500 unemployed people in Cumbria, giving a rate of 2.6%. This compares to a national rate of 4.5%. The estimated rates in Copeland (4.9%) and Barrow (4.7%) are above the national rate but elsewhere rates are lower. The modelled count is down 3,600 from a year ago and the rate is down by 1.5.

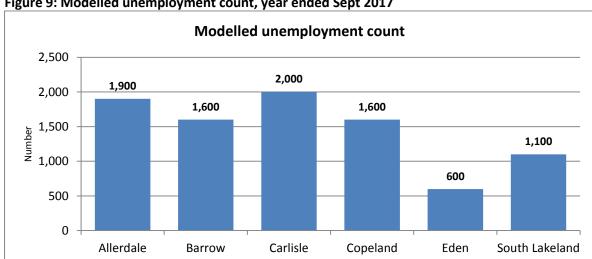
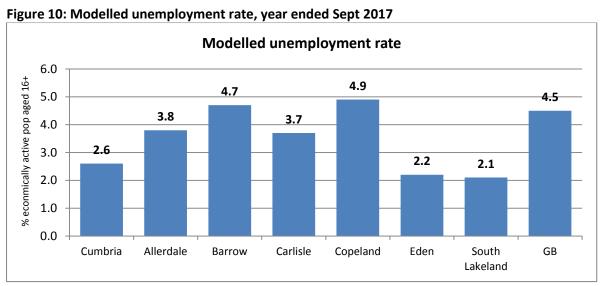


Figure 9: Modelled unemployment count, year ended Sept 2017

Source: ONS



Source: ONS



4. UNIVERSAL CREDIT

Universal Credit (UC) is a single monthly payment for people in or out of work which replaces existing benefits including Housing Benefit, Child Tax Credit, Income Support, Working Tax Credit, Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance, Income-related Employment and Support Allowance. UC is gradually being rolled out across the country - in "full service" areas most new claims will be for UC but in other areas there will be a mix of claimants on UC and on legacy benefits (since Jan 2018 no new claims for UC have been accepted in non-full service areas). Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres went onto full service Nov 2016. Barrow, Carlisle and Penrith Jobcentres will do so in July 2018 and Kendal in Sep 2018. Nationally the roll out to full service is expected to be complete by Dec 2018. Note: due to the phased rollout, care should be taken when comparing areas or assessing change over time as eligibility for UC varies from area to area.

In February 2018 there were 8,867 people on Universal Credit in Cumbria (both in work and out of work). This is a rise of 110 from the previous month. The highest number of UC claimants were in Allerdale (3,467) and Copeland (2,468) as is to be expected due to the time UC has been fully rolled out in the Jobcentres which service these areas.

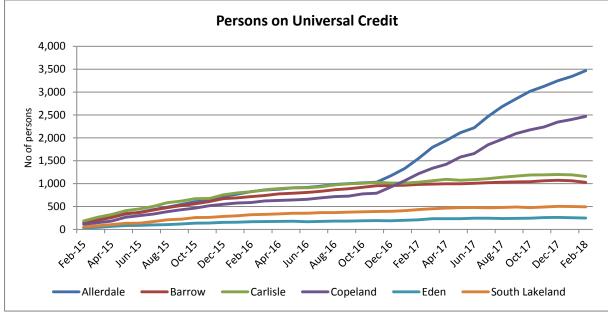


Figure 11: Universal Credit claimants by district

Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability and this determines what is expected of them during their claim. An outline of the conditions for each group is shown below.

Searching for work	Not working or with very low earnings. Claimant required to take action to seek work or more/better paid work.
Working – with requirements	In work but could earn more or not working but has partner with low earnings
No work requirements	Not expected to work at present. Health or caring responsibilities prevents claimant from working or preparing for work.
Working – no requirements	Individual or household earnings over the level at which conditionality applies.
Planning for work	Expected to work in the future. Lone parent / lead carer of child aged 1.
Preparing for work	Expected to start preparing for future even with limited work capability at present or child aged 2.



Overall in Cumbria, 41.8% of UC claimants are in the searching for work category but this varies from 49.2% in Barrow down to 38.0% in Allerdale. Allerdale and Copeland have higher proportions of UC claimants in the "no work requirements" category as you would expect in areas where UC has been fully rolled out (in other areas most claimants would be on legacy benefits in these circumstances).

Universal Credit claimants by conditionality Allerdale Barrow Carlisle Copeland Eden South Lakeland Cumbria **Great Britain** 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% % UC claimants ■ Searching for work ■ Working – with requirements ■ No work requirements ■ Working – no requirements

Figure 12: Universal Credit claimants by conditionality group

Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Conditionality is based on an individual's circumstances on the count date (2nd Thursday)

UC claimants are further categorised by employment status. This status is determined by whether the claimant received any employment earnings in the month prior to the count data. It is therefore possible in a small number of cases for someone to be classed as in work but have a conditionality of no work requirements on the day of the count (or the opposite).

59.9% (5,307) of UC Claimants in Cumbria are classified as not in employment and 40.1% (3,559) as not in employment which is similar to the national proportion. Eden is the only district in Cumbria where the number of in work UC claimants exceeds the number of not in work claimants.

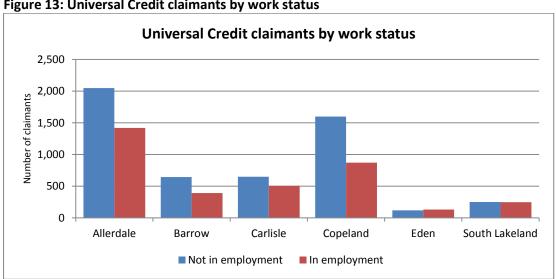


Figure 13: Universal Credit claimants by work status

Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Employment status is determined by whether the claimant had employment earnings recorded within their completed UC assessment period closest to the count date (2nd Thursday). They may not be in employment on the count date itself.



5. NEETs & Participation

Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)

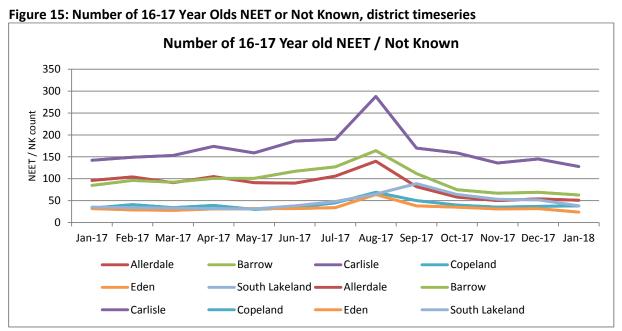
Young people are described as NEET if they are not in any form of education, employment or training. Those whose status is not known at the time of follow up are now also classed as NEET.

In Jan 2018, 369 16-17 year olds were NEET in Cumbria (232 NEET and 137 not known), a fall of 48 from the previous month and 77 fewer than a year ago. The highest number of NEET/NKs was in Carlisle (128) followed by Barrow (63). There is a great deal of monthly variation in NEET numbers/rates, especially in the quarter after the end of the academic year when numbers are understandably highest and in particular the number of young people whose status is unknown is often relatively high.

Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET / Not Known 140 128 120 39 100 80 63 51 60 38 38 22 13 89 40 24 7 8888 17 20 38 41 13 31 21 11 0 Carlisle Allerdale **Barrow** Copeland Eden South Lakeland ■ NEET 🗷 NK Total

Figure 14: Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Jan 2018

Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory Note: district totals may not sum to county total.



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory



The county NEET/NK rate (% of cohort) was 3.6% in Jan 2018 compared to an England rate of 5.8% and an average rate of 5.8% for Cumbria's 10 statistical neighbours. The highest local rate was in Carlisle (5.0%). The NEET rate in Cumbria was down 0.5 from last month and down 0.6 from the same month last year. The average rate for the last 12 months in Cumbria was 4.8% compared to 10.4% nationally and 10.0% for statistical neighbours. Carlisle's average annual rate was highest at 6.5%.

NEET rate - month and year to date 12.0 10.0 10.0 Av last 12 months Latest month 8.0 % cohort 5.8 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 ■ NEET month ■ NK month ■ NFFT

Observatory (National & **

Ids NFF** ■ NEET year ■ NK year

Figure 16: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Jan 2018 and 12 month average to Jan 2018

Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)

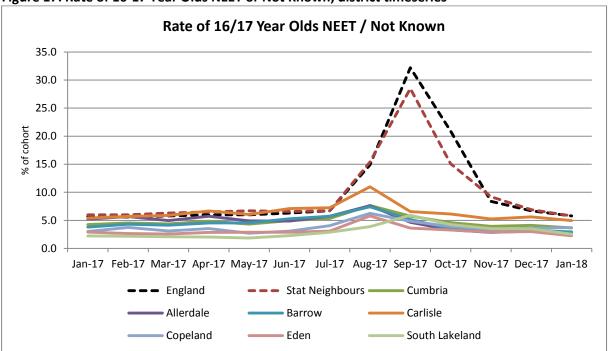


Figure 17: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known, district timeseries

Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)



Participation

The Education & Skills Act 2008 introduced a requirement for young people to remain in education or training until at least their 18th birthday and a duty on local authorities to encourage, enable and assist young people to participate. As part of the tracking process that produces the NEET data, participation data is also produced at county level on a monthly basis.

In Jan 2018, 93.2% of young people were classed as meeting the participation requirement, the majority (78.6%) through full time education or training or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.4%). This compares to 92.1% nationally who were deemed to be participating. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average – 92.4% v 88.1%.

Participation of 16/17 Year Olds Full time education or training Apprenticeship 11.4 Employment with regulated quals Working towards participation P/t educ / emp without quals / temp break 0.0 70.0 10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0 60.0 80.0 90.0 ■ England (month) ■ England (av 12 months) Cumbria (month) Cumbria (av 12 months)

Figure 18: Participation of 16/17 Year Olds, Jan 2018

Source: NCCIS



LIVE APPRENTICESHIP VACANCIES 6.

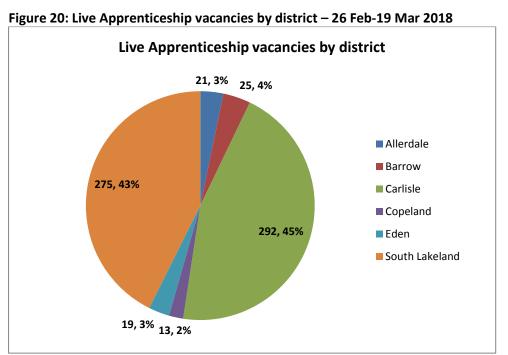
The following data are from the ESFA weekly reports for Cumbria which measure the number of live Apprenticeship vacancies at the end of the week. (Data for 4 week periods have been de-duplicated to remove vacancies which remain live for more than a single week.)

In the 4 weeks from 26th Feb to 19th March 2018 there were 645 unique live vacancies in Cumbria being offered by 137 employers via 39 training providers. Almost 90% of live vacancies were for opportunities in Carlisle or South Lakeland (NOTE: this is affected by Gen2 having a large number of Apprenticeships where they are both the provider and the employer and the location is their training centres). Business administration and law had the highest number of live vacancies with 93 followed by energy and utilities with 67 and business with 62. Gen2 was the provider for over 70% of vacancies.

Weekly live Apprenticeship vacancies 600 590 580 570 560 550 540 530 520 510 500 20 Feb 18 26 Feb 18 5 Mar 18 12 Mar 18 19 Mar 18

Figure 19: Weekly live Apprenticeship vacancies

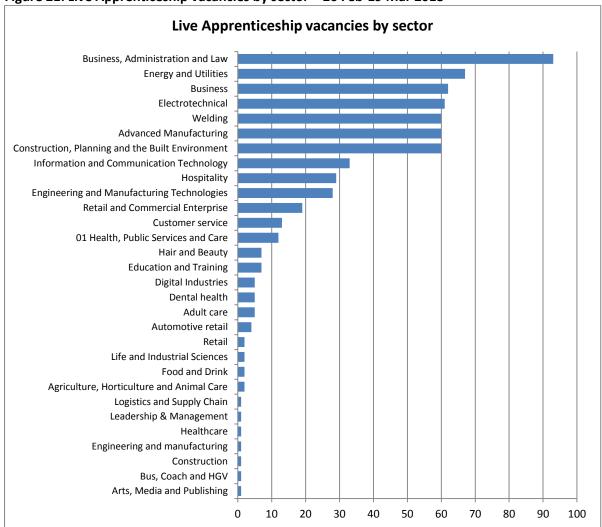
Source: ESFA



Source: ESFA



Figure 21: Live Apprenticeship vacancies by sector – 26 Feb-19 Mar 2018



Source: ESFA



7. BUSINESS START UPS

The following data are from BankSearch, a survey which collects data from Barclays, Co-operative Bank, HSBC, Lloyds Banking Group, Royal Bank of Scotland Group, Santander and TSB Bank. A 'Start-up' reflects the opening of a first current account from a small business banking product range by a business new to banking or previously operated through a personal account. The data exclude businesses operating through personal accounts, those without banking relationships or those banking with other institutions.

There were 424 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter Nov 2017-Jan 2018. This is 10 more than in the previous quarter (Aug-Oct 2017), a rise of 2.4% compared to a fall of 9.3% for England. However, it was a mixed picture as start-ups decreased by 33.8% in Barrow but rose by 43.2% in Copeland. The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland (100), 23.6% of all start-ups) followed by Allerdale (92, 21.7%) and Carlisle (88, 20.8%).

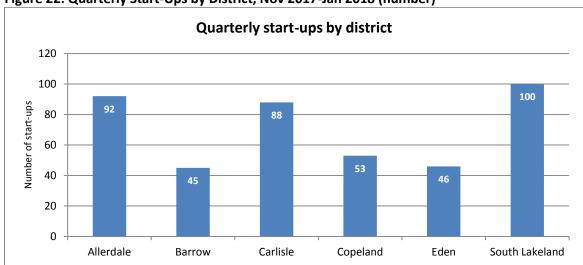
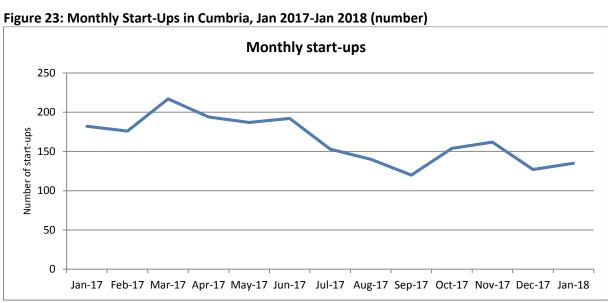


Figure 22: Quarterly Start-Ups by District, Nov 2017-Jan 2018 (number)

Source: BankSearch

The number of starts dropped in the summer last year, recovered in the autumn before falling again at Christmas. Despite a small rise in January this year, the quarterly level of 424 is well below the same quarter last year (424 comared to 488).



Source: BankSearch



The annual rate of business start-ups can be expressed in 2 ways. Firstly, as a proportion of the active business stock. This measure is influenced by the business structure and areas with a relatively small stock of active businesses will generally show higher start up rates than those with large volumes, often of small, businesses. The second method is start-ups per 10,000 working age people and is sometimes regarded as a better indicator of entrepreneurship amongst local residents.

Using the first methodology of starts per 100 enterprises (which is the Office for National Statistics' preferred measure) Barrow had the highest annual start up rate at 13.6 per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 6.5 per 100 active enterprises. This compares to 16.2 for England.

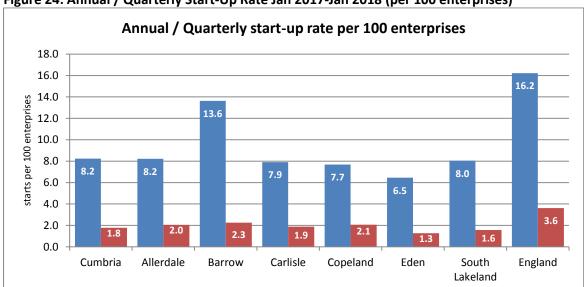


Figure 24: Annual / Quarterly Start-Up Rate Jan 2017-Jan 2018 (per 100 enterprises)

Source: BankSearch / UK Business: Activity, Size and Location 2014

Using the second methodology (starts per 10,000 working age residents), the position is different with South Lakeland having the highest annual start up rate at 86.7 per 10,000 working age residents and Copeland the lowest at 46.4. This compares to 108.0 for England.

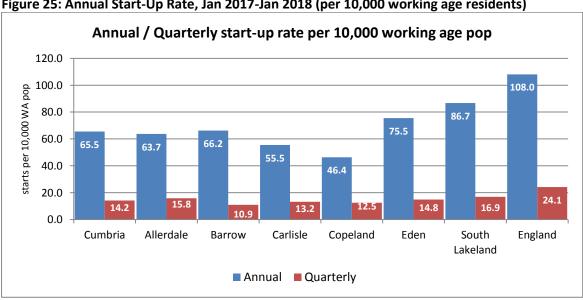


Figure 25: Annual Start-Up Rate, Jan 2017-Jan 2018 (per 10,000 working age residents)

Source: BankSearch / ONS Mid Year Popuation Estimates 2013



As is generally the case, the highest number of start-ups was in the real estate & professional services sector with 120 (28.3%). This was followed by construction (66, 15.6%). Wholesale & retail and construction both saw a rise of 12 in the number of start-ups whilst agriculture saw a fall of 8.

Quarterly start ups by sector (Cumbria) Real estate, prof services & support activities 120 Construction Recreational, personal & community service Wholesale & retail trade 49 Accommodation & food service 46 Manufacturing Human health & social work 17 Transport, storage & communication 17 Agriculture, hunting & forestry 15 Education Financial intermediation Insurance & pensions Public administration & defence Individuals & individual trusts Activities auxiliary to finance Electricity, gas & water supply Mining & quarrying 0 20 40 100 120 140 Number of start-ups

Figure 26: Quarterly Start-Ups by Sector in Cumbria, Nov 2017-Jan 2018 (number)

Source: BankSearch

Limited companies provided the highest number of start-ups (238) accounting for over half of the total (56.1%) followed by sole traders with 112 start-ups (26.4%).

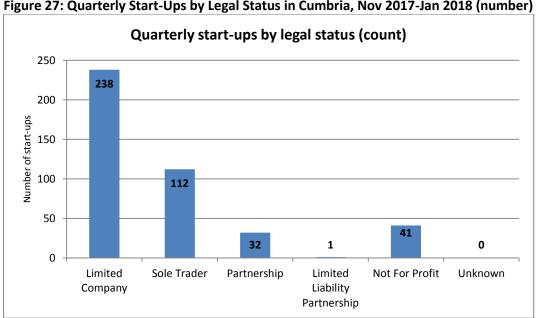


Figure 27: Quarterly Start-Ups by Legal Status in Cumbria, Nov 2017-Jan 2018 (number)

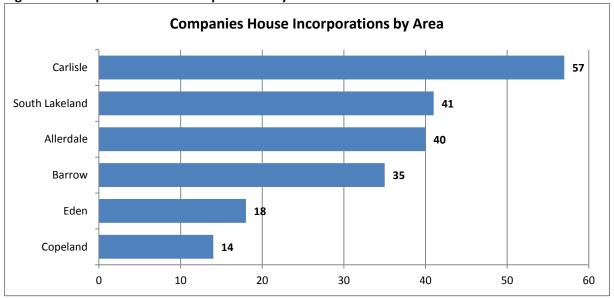
Source: BankSearch



8. COMPANIES HOUSE INCORPORATIONS

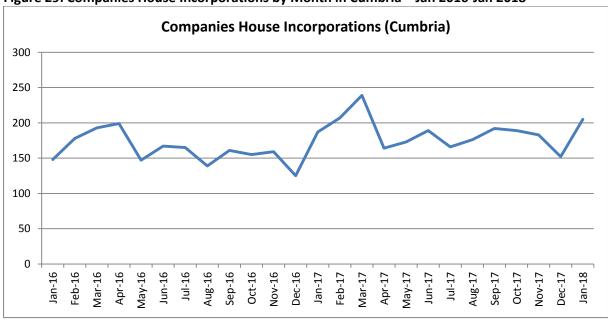
There were 205 new Companies House incorporations in Jan 2018, a rise of 53 from the previous month and 18 more than the same month the previous year. The highest numbers were in Carlisle (57), South Lakeland (41) and Allerdale (40).

Figure 28: Companies House Incorporations by Area – Jan 2018



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House Note: Data relate to registered addresses

Figure 29: Companies House Incorporations by Month in Cumbria – Jan 2016-Jan 2018



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House

For further information, please contact

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ANNEX A: Claimant Count by Ward

Allerdale – Claimant Count

	- 1	4-			- 1	40	Α	ll Persons		A	II Persons	
	Feb 20	1/	Jan 20	18	Feb 20	18	Mon	thly Chan	ge	Anı	nual Chang	е
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3
Allerdale	1,165	2.0	1,550	2.7	1,635	2.8	80	5.3	0.1	470	40.3	0.8
All C : .	25	4.2	4.5	4.6		4.0		44.4	0.0	4.5	40.5	
All Saints	35	1.2	45	1.6	50	1.8	5	11.4	0.2	15	48.5	0.6
Aspatria	45	2.2	55	2.8	60	2.9	5	5.3	0.1	15	30.4	0.7
Boltons	5	0.3	5	0.7	5	0.6	0	-14.3	-0.1	5	100.0	0.3
Broughton St Bridget's	25	1.0	35	1.4	40	1.6	5	13.9	0.2	15	64.0	0.6
Christchurch	25	1.1	40	1.9	40	1.9	0	2.6	0.0	15	69.6	0.8
Clifton	25	2.5	35	3.4	30	3.0	-5	-11.8	-0.4	5	20.0	0.5
Crummock	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.7	5	100.0	0.3	5	100.0	0.3
Dalton	10	1.0	5	0.6	5	0.6	0	16.7	0.1	-5	-36.4	-0.4
Derwent Valley	0	0.0	5	0.5	5	0.7	0	20.0	0.1	5	-	0.7
Ellen	30	1.3	40	1.9	40	2.0	0	2.4	0.0	15	50.0	0.7
Ellenborough	65	2.9	80	3.7	85	3.8	0	2.5	0.1	20	29.7	0.9
Ewanrigg	90	4.3	95	4.6	110	5.3	15	14.7	0.7	20	22.5	1.0
Flimby	20	2.0	40	3.8	40	3.7	0	-4.8	-0.2	20	81.8	1.6
Harrington	20	1.0	30	1.7	30	1.5	-5	-9.4	-0.2	10	45.0	0.5
Holme	15	1.5	20	2.0	20	1.8	0	-9.5	-0.2	5	18.8	0.3
Keswick	20	0.6	35	1.2	40	1.3	5	11.4	0.1	20	116.7	0.7
Marsh	5	0.4	10	0.9	5	0.7	0	-22.2	-0.2	5	75.0	0.3
Moorclose	120	4.1	180	6.1	190	6.4	5	3.9	0.2	65	54.1	2.2
Moss Bay	180	5.5	205	6.3	230	7.1	25	12.8	0.8	50	28.7	1.6
Netherhall	70	3.8	95	5.2	105	5.6	10	8.2	0.4	35	47.9	1.8
Seaton	45	1.5	60	2.0	60	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	15	32.6	0.5
Silloth	25	1.4	40	2.2	45	2.4	5	9.8	0.2	20	80.0	1.1
Solway	10	0.8	20	2.1	20	1.9	0	-10.0	-0.2	10	125.0	1.1
St John's	65	2.0	80	2.3	90	2.6	10	15.4	0.4	25	34.3	0.7
St Michael's	140	4.5	195	6.1	190	5.9	-5	-3.1	-0.2	45	33.1	1.5
Stainburn	10	0.8	15	1.4	20	1.6	0	12.5	0.2	10	100.0	0.8
Wampool	5	0.4	10	0.9	10	1.0	0	11.1	0.1	5	150.0	0.6
Warnell	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.1	-5	-75.0	-0.3
Waver	10	1.0	10	0.7	10	1.0	5	37.5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Wharrels	5	0.5	0	#	5	0.3	0	200.0	0.2	0	-40.0	-0.2
Wigton	45	1.2	55	1.5	55	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	10	25.6	0.3



Barrow – Claimant Count

	Fab 20	Feb 2017		10	Feb 20	10	All	Persons		All Persons			
	reb 20	17	Jan 20:	10	rep 20	10	Mont	hly Chan	ge	Annu	al Chang	ge	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2	
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3	
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3	
Barrow	1,165	2.8	1,045	2.5	1,070	2.6	25	2.4	0.1	-95	-8.1	-0.2	
Barrow Island	135	8.3	125	7.5	120	7.3	-5	-2.4	-0.2	5	-11.7	-1.0	
Central	160	5.8	160	5.8	170	6.1	5	4.3	0.3	-5	4.3	0.3	
Dalton North	50	1.4	50	1.3	45	1.2	-5	-8.3	-0.1	-10	-13.7	-0.2	
Dalton South	65	1.8	50	1.4	55	1.5	0	3.8	0.1	5	-16.9	-0.3	
Hawcoat	15	0.6	15	0.7	20	0.8	5	17.6	0.1	-10	42.9	0.2	
Hindpool	205	5.7	190	5.3	195	5.4	5	2.7	0.1	-5	-4.9	-0.3	
Newbarns	50	1.6	45	1.3	45	1.4	0	2.3	0.0	-20	-13.5	-0.2	
Ormsgill	150	4.0	130	3.4	135	3.5	5	4.7	0.2	-15	-11.8	-0.5	
Parkside	70	2.0	55	1.5	55	1.6	0	3.8	0.1	-10	-20.3	-0.4	
Risedale	145	3.8	135	3.5	135	3.5	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-6.3	-0.2	
Roosecote	25	0.8	20	0.7	20	0.7	0	11.1	0.1	-5	-13.0	-0.1	
Walney North	55	1.8	45	1.5	50	1.6	5	8.9	0.1	-5	-10.9	-0.2	
Walney South	40	1.3	35	1.1	35	1.1	0	0.0	0.0	5	-14.6	-0.2	

Carlisle – Claimant Count

Carriste Cia	illiant CC							_			_	
	Feb 20	17	Jan 20:	18	Feb 20	18		Persons			Persons	
						1	Mont	hly Chan		Annu	al Chang	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3
Carlisle	935	1.4	1,000	1.5	1,060	1.6	60	6.1	0.1	125	13.6	0.2
Belah	30	0.8	30	0.9	35	0.9	0	3.1	0.0	5	10.0	0.1
Belle Vue	60	1.5	65	1.6	65	1.6	0	1.6	0.0	5	6.6	0.1
Botcherby	90	2.3	100	2.6	100	2.6	0	0.0	0.0	10	12.5	0.3
Brampton	35	1.3	40	1.4	40	1.4	0	2.6	0.0	5	8.3	0.1
Burgh	10	0.8	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-16.7	-0.1	-5	-50.0	-0.4
Castle	100	2.4	95	2.4	115	2.9	20	22.1	0.5	20	18.4	0.4
Currock	75	1.9	90	2.2	90	2.2	0	-2.2	0.0	10	15.8	0.3
Dalston	25	0.6	25	0.6	30	0.8	5	26.1	0.2	5	16.0	0.1
Denton Holme	75	1.7	90	2.0	95	2.1	5	5.6	0.1	20	27.0	0.5
Great Corby and Geltsdale	10	0.6	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	25.0	0.1	-5	-37.5	-0.2
Harraby	45	1.1	45	1.0	50	1.2	5	15.6	0.2	5	10.6	0.1
Hayton	5	0.3	10	0.8	10	0.7	0	-11.1	-0.1	5	100.0	0.3
Irthing	10	0.8	10	0.7	10	0.9	5	37.5	0.3	0	10.0	0.1
Longtown & Rockcliffe	25	1.0	30	1.3	35	1.4	0	6.2	0.1	10	41.7	0.4
Lyne	10	0.7	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	20.0	0.1	0	-25.0	-0.2
Morton	95	2.7	85	2.4	80	2.3	-5	-4.8	-0.1	-15	-14.9	-0.4
St Aidans	80	2.0	95	2.4	100	2.4	0	2.1	0.0	15	19.5	0.4
Stanwix Rural	10	0.3	15	0.5	15	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	50.0	0.2
Stanwix Urban	25	0.7	20	0.6	25	0.8	5	30.0	0.2	0	8.3	0.1
Upperby	95	2.9	105	3.2	120	3.6	10	10.3	0.3	25	24.2	0.7
Wetheral	10	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.2	0	20.0	0.0	0	-25.0	-0.1
Yewdale	20	0.7	35	1.0	35	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	10	54.5	0.4



Copeland – Claimant Count

	Feb 20	17	Jan 20:	10	Feb 20	10	Д	ll Persons	5	Al	l Persons	
	reb 20	17	Jan 20.	10	reb 20	10	Moi	nthly Chai	nge	Ann	ual Chang	е
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3
Copeland	1,055	2.5	1,230	2.9	1,305	3.1	75	6.1	0.2	245	23.4	0.6
Arlecdon	10	1.0	15	1.5	15	1.7	0	13.3	0.2	5	70.0	0.0
Beckermet	25	1.4	25	1.4	25	1.6	5	12.5	0.2	5	12.5	0.0
Bootle	5	0.5	5	0.7	5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	25.0	0.0
Bransty	35	1.0	40	1.1	40	1.2	0	5.3	0.1	5	21.2	0.0
Cleator Moor North	65	2.4	85	3.3	90	3.5	5	4.6	0.2	25	42.2	0.0
Cleator Moor South	60	3.5	80	4.6	80	4.6	0	0.0	0.0	20	33.9	0.0
Distington	70	2.9	90	3.7	90	3.8	5	3.4	0.1	20	31.9	0.0
Egremont North	85	3.2	105	3.8	110	4.1	5	5.8	0.2	25	28.2	0.0
Egremont South	40	1.9	60	2.8	70	3.2	5	11.5	0.3	30	70.0	0.0
Ennerdale	5	0.7	5	1.0	5	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	50.0	0.0
Frizington	55	3.3	65	4.2	65	4.2	0	0.0	0.0	15	26.4	0.0
Gosforth	0	#	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.0
Harbour	125	5.2	165	6.8	170	7.0	5	3.7	0.2	45	35.2	0.0
Haverigg	10	0.8	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	-11.1	-0.1	0	-20.0	0.0
Hensingham	65	2.7	60	2.6	70	2.8	5	9.7	0.2	5	4.6	0.0
Hillcrest	10	0.6	10	0.8	10	0.7	0	-8.3	-0.1	0	22.2	0.0
Holborn Hill	55	3.3	40	2.4	40	2.6	5	7.9	0.2	-10	-22.6	0.0
Kells	40	2.5	35	2.2	40	2.5	5	14.7	0.3	0	2.6	0.0
Millom Without	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	0.7	0	25.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Mirehouse	90	3.4	110	4.2	130	4.9	15	15.3	0.6	40	42.2	0.0
Moresby	10	1.5	15	1.7	15	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	18.2	0.0
Newtown	70	3.4	60	3.1	55	2.9	-5	-8.1	-0.3	-10	-16.2	0.0
Sandwith	105	5.8	110	6.3	125	7.0	15	11.6	0.7	20	21.4	0.0
Seascale	15	1.1	15	0.8	15	1.1	5	30.8	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
St Bees	15	1.4	20	1.7	20	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	5	20.0	0.0



Eden – Claimant Count

	Feb 20	17	Jan 20:	10	Feb 20	10	Al	l Persons		All Persons			
	reb zu	1/	Jan 20.	10	reb 20	10	Mon	thly Chan	ge	Ann	ual Chang	e	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2	
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3	
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3	
Eden	235	0.8	245	0.8	265	0.8	15	6.9	0.1	25	11.4	0.1	
Alatan Basan	20	4.7	4.5	4.2	20	4.4	0	F 0	0.1		40.2	0.2	
Alston Moor	20	1.7	15	1.3	20	1.4	0	5.9	0.1	-5	-18.2	-0.3	
Appleby (Appleby)	10	1.5	15	2.3	15	2.1	0	-7.1	-0.2	5	44.4	0.7	
Appleby (Bongate)	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.1	
Askham	10	1.2	5	0.5	5	0.7	0	50.0	0.2	-5	-40.0	-0.5	
Brough	5	0.4	5	0.9	5	0.8	0	-14.3	-0.1	5	100.0	0.4	
Crosby Ravensworth	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.1	
Dacre	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.1	
Eamont	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.4	5	-	0.4	5	-	0.4	
Greystoke	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-33.3	-0.1	
Hartside	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	200.0	0.3	
Hesket	5	0.3	10	0.5	10	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	100.0	0.3	
Kirkby Stephen	10	0.8	20	1.3	25	1.6	5	21.1	0.3	10	109.1	0.8	
Kirkby Thore	10	1.1	5	0.7	5	0.6	0	-14.3	-0.1	-5	-40.0	-0.4	
Kirkoswald	5	0.7	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	25.0	0.1	0	-16.7	-0.1	
Langwathby	0	#	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	33.3	0.1	0	100.0	0.2	
Lazonby	5	0.4	10	1.1	10	1.0	0	-10.0	-0.1	5	125.0	0.6	
Long Marton	5	0.4	0	#	5	0.4	0	50.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Morland	0	#	5	0.4	0	#	0	-33.3	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0	
Orton with Tebay	0	#	0	0.0	0	#	0	-	0.1	0	-50.0	-0.1	
Penrith Carleton	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-33.3	-0.1	
Penrith East	25	1.4	25	1.4	30	1.7	5	16.7	0.2	5	16.7	0.2	
Penrith North	20	0.9	20	0.9	20	0.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	-4.5	0.0	
Penrith Pategill	0	#	10	1.6	15	1.7	0	8.3	0.1	10	550.0	1.5	
Penrith South	15	1.0	15	1.0	20	1.2	0	12.5	0.1	0	12.5	0.1	
Penrith West	35	1.7	35	1.6	35	1.7	5	8.8	0.1	0	2.8	0.0	
Ravenstonedale	0	#	5	0.7	5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	5	300.0	0.5	
Shap	15	1.8	10	1.4	15	1.6	0	8.3	0.1	0	-13.3	-0.2	
Skelton	5	0.5	0	#	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.1	-5	-80.0	-0.4	
Ullswater	5	0.9	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-57.1	-0.5	
Warcop	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-25.0	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0	



South Lakeland – Claimant Count

South Lakelan		10	F-1-20	40	А	ll Persons	All Persons							
	Feb 20	1/	Jan 20:	18	Feb 20	18	Mon	thly Chan	ge	Ann	Annual Change			
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg		
UK	800,520	1.9	829,505	2.0	870,765	2.1	41,260	5.0	0.1	70,250	8.8	0.2		
North West	107,400	2.4	114,790	2.5	120,495	2.7	5,710	5.0	0.1	13,095	12.2	0.3		
Cumbria	4,950	1.7	5,445	1.8	5,740	1.9	300	5.5	0.1	790	16.0	0.3		
South Lakeland	395	0.7	370	0.6	410	0.7	40	10.2	0.1	15	3.5	0.0		
		0.0								_	10.0			
Ambleside and Grasmere	15	0.6	10	0.4	10	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-40.0	-0.2		
Arnside and Beetham	5	0.3	10	0.5	10	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	5	60.0	0.2		
Broughton	10	1.0	10	0.6	5	0.5	0	-25.0	-0.2	-5	-50.0	-0.5		
Burneside	10	0.7	5	0.5	10	0.8	5	80.0	0.4	0	12.5	0.1		
Burton and Holme	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.2	0	25.0	0.0	0	-28.6	-0.1		
Cartmel and Grange West	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.2		
Coniston and Crake Valley	0	#	5	0.6	5	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	100.0	0.2		
Crooklands	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.4	0	66.7	0.2	0	25.0	0.1		
Grange North	10	1.1	10	1.1	5	0.8	0	-22.2	-0.2	0	-22.2	-0.2		
Grange South	5	0.6	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	33.3	0.1	0	-33.3	-0.2		
Hawkshead	0	0.0	5	0.3	5	0.5	0	66.7	0.2	5	-	0.5		
Holker	5	0.5	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	33.3	0.2		
Kendal Castle	5	0.5	5	0.6	10	0.8	0	33.3	0.2	5	60.0	0.3		
Kendal Far Cross	10	0.9	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-8.3	-0.1	0	-8.3	-0.1		
Kendal Fell	15	1.0	20	1.2	15	0.9	-5	-22.2	-0.3	0	-12.5	-0.1		
Kendal Heron Hill	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	33.3	0.1	0	33.3	0.1		
Kendal Highgate	20	1.5	15	1.0	15	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-30.0	-0.4		
Kendal Kirkland	20	1.6	15	1.2	25	1.8	10	50.0	0.6	5	14.3	0.2		
Kendal Mintsfeet	10	0.8	10	0.8	15	1.2	5	54.5	0.4	5	54.5	0.4		
Kendal Nether	10	0.7	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	12.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0		
Kendal Oxenholme and Natland	5	0.3	5	0.6	5	0.5	0	-14.3	-0.1	5	100.0	0.3		
Kendal Parks	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.3	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	100.0	0.2		
Kendal Romney	15	1.1	15	1.1	15	1.0	0	-13.3	-0.2	0	-7.1	-0.1		
Kendal Stonecross	5	0.3	10	0.9	15	1.0	0	18.2	0.2	10	225.0	0.7		
Kendal Strickland	5	0.5	5	0.3	10	0.8	5	150.0	0.5	5	66.7	0.3		
Kendal Underley	10	0.7	15	0.9	15	0.9	0	0.0	0.0	5	30.0	0.2		
Levens	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.6	5	75.0	0.3	5	250.0	0.5		
Low Furness	10	0.9	5	0.3	5	0.5	0	66.7	0.2	-5	-37.5	-0.3		
Lyth Valley	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	33.3	0.1	0	33.3	0.1		
Mid Furness	5	0.2	10	0.4	10	0.5	0	10.0	0.0	5	120.0	0.3		
Milnthorpe	10	0.8	10	0.9	10	0.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	10.0	0.1		
Sedbergh and Kirkby Lonsdale	15	0.4	10	0.4	10	0.3	0	-16.7	-0.1	-5	-23.1	-0.1		
Staveley-in-Cartmel	5	0.5	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-83.3	-0.4		
Staveley-in-Westmorland	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	#	0	-33.3	-0.1	0	-33.3	-0.1		
Ulverston Central	20	1.8	20	1.8	20	1.7	0	-5.3	-0.1	0	-5.3	-0.1		
Ulverston East	40	2.5	30	1.8	30	2.0	5	10.7	0.2	-5	-18.4	-0.5		
Ulverston North	15	1.3	10	0.8	10	1.0	0	20.0	0.2	-5	-20.0	-0.3		
Ulverston South	10	1.0	10	0.8	10	1.0	0	25.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0		
Ulverston Town	15	1.3	20	1.7	20	1.9	0	10.5	0.2	5	40.0	0.5		
Ulverston West	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.6	0	50.0	0.2	5	100.0	0.3		
Whinfell	5	0.2	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	-33.3	-0.1		
Windermere Applethwaite and						_			_			_		
Troutbeck	5	0.6	0	#	5	0.3	0	50.0	0.1	-5	-57.1	-0.4		
Windermere Bowness North	5	0.4	5	0.5	10	0.7	0	33.3	0.2	5	100.0	0.4		
Windermere Bowness South	10	0.7	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	16.7	0.1	0	-22.2	-0.1		
Windermere Town	10	0.6	10	0.7	10	0.6	0	-11.1	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0		