

### **Introduction**

This briefing contains the latest data for Cumbria relating to the Claimant Count, Joblessness (UK only), NEETs, job postings, business start-ups and Companies House incorporations and is produced monthly on the day that the Office for National Statistics (ONS) releases claimant data.

It should be noted that the “jobless” figures used extensively by the press are derived from a public survey. As this includes non-claimants looking for work and utilises a different population denominator, it can produce different trends to the claimant-only counts and should not be directly compared to the claimant count data. Sample sizes from the survey are too small to be reliable for local areas. However, ONS now produces quarterly modelled unemployment data for local areas which incorporates both claimant count and survey data and these data are included on page 10. It should also be noted that historical data are revised regularly and therefore data in this briefing should not be compared directly with that published in previous briefings.

**Universal Credit – Important Note:** There have been marked increases in the claimant count in areas where Full Service Universal Credit is in operation (currently Workington and Whitehaven JobCentres in Cumbria). In part this is because UC requires a broader span of people to look for work than was the case for legacy benefits and also because new claimants awaiting or appealing Work Capability Assessments are being required to look for work pending their assessment and are therefore included in the claimant count. To put this in context, the claimant count rose by 36.1% between Nov 2016 and April 2017 in areas that had Full Service UC implemented throughout that time, compared to a rise of 6.9% in areas that did not have Full Service implemented. *Therefore users are encouraged to interpret monthly movements in the claimant count with caution as changes may be due to administration of Universal Credit rather than reflecting local labour market conditions.*

**NB: The claimant count was taken on 8<sup>th</sup> Feb 2018.**

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## 1. KEY FINDINGS FOR CUMBRIA

### Local Claimant Data

- In Mar 2018 there were 5,795 people in Cumbria claiming either JSA or Universal Credit (those not in employment but required to seek work), a rise of 5 from last month;
- Nationally the non-seasonally adjusted claimant count rose by 16,090 from last month;
- The claimant count in Cumbria is 675 higher than a year ago and 73,205 higher nationally;
- The claimant count rose in Allerdale (+10) and Carlisle (+40), fell in Barrow (-10), Copeland (-10) and South Lakeland (-25) and was unchanged in Eden;
- The claimant rate in Mar 2018 in Cumbria was 1.9% which is unchanged from last month and is 0.2 lower than the national rate of 2.1%;
- Claimant rates are above the national average in Allerdale (2.9%), Barrow (2.6%) and Copeland (3.1%);
- Claimant rates for all age groups 18 to 39 in Cumbria are above the national average;
- The modelled unemployment count in Cumbria (which includes estimates of non-claimants) was 8,000 in the year to Dec 2017 giving a rate of 3.2% compared to 4.4% nationally. The modelled unemployment rates in Allerdale (4.0%), Barrow (4.4%) and Copeland (4.3%) are higher than nationally. *Note: the modelled unemployment rate is % of the economically active population aged 16+ and is only released quarterly in arrears.*

### Universal Credit (see rollout notes on page 10)

- In Mar 2018 there were 9,026 Universal Credit claimants in Cumbria, a rise of 100 from the previous month;
- 42.1% of UC claimants in Cumbria were in the “searching for work” conditionality group;
- 61.6% of UC claimants in Cumbria were not in employment with 38.4% in employment;
- In Dec 2017 there were 7,492 households on UC (these data are 3 months in arrears of data for persons). The highest proportion of these, 58.4% were single households with no child dependants;
- In Dec 2017, the lowest household award amount was under £100 (291 households, 5.5% of those in receipt of a payment) and the highest was over £1,500 (180 households, 2.9% of those receiving a payment).

### NEETS

- In Feb 2018 there were 386 16-17 year olds in Cumbria reported as NEET, a rise of 17 from the previous month (+4.6%) but 89 lower than the same month last year (-18.7%);
- In Feb 2018 the NEET rate for 16-17 year olds in Cumbria was 3.8% up by 0.2 from last month and down by 0.7 from a year ago;
- Cumbria’s NEET rate of 3.8% compares to a national rate of 5.5%;
- Carlisle had the highest NEET rate in the county (5.0%);
- In Feb 2018, 93.1% 16-17 year olds in Cumbria were classed as participating, mostly in full time education or training (78.4%) or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.5%). This compares to 92.3% nationally. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average – 92.4% v 88.1%.

### Live Apprenticeship Vacancies

- There were 651 live Apprenticeship vacancies in March 2018 with the volume rising in each of the last two weeks;
- 143 individual employers had live vacancies, offered via 40 different providers;
- Carlisle and South Lakeland together accounted for 87% of live vacancies;

- Business administration and law had the highest volume of live vacancies with 98 (15.1%) followed by energy and utilities with 67 (10.3%) and business with 63 (9.7%).

#### ***Business Start-Ups & Companies House Incorporations***

- There were 391 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter to end Feb 2018, 45 fewer than in the previous quarter and 115 fewer than the same quarter last year;
- The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland where there were 112 (28.6%);
- The sector with the highest number of start-ups was real estate, professional services & support services with 106 (27.1% of all start-ups);
- Barrow had the highest start up rate per 100 active enterprises with 13.5 starts per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 6.1 (England 16.0);
- South Lakeland had the highest start up rates as a proportion of working age residents with 85.2 per 10,000 working age resident. Copeland had the lowest with 44.7 starts per 10,000 working age residents (England 106.6);
- There were 196 new Companies House incorporations in Cumbria in Feb 2018 a fall of 9 from the previous month and a fall of 11 from the same month last year;
- Carlisle (57), South Lakeland (41) and Allerdale (39) had the highest number of new incorporations.

## **2. NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET OVERVIEW**

- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey show that, between Sep to Nov 2017 and Dec 2017 to Feb 2018, the number of people in work increased, the number of unemployed people decreased and the number of people aged from 16 to 64 years not working and not seeking or available to work (economically inactive) was little changed.
- There were 32.26 million people in work, 55,000 more than for Sep to Nov 2017 and 427,000 more than for a year earlier.
- The employment rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were in work) was 75.4%, higher than for a year earlier (74.6%) and the highest since comparable records began in 1971.
- There were 1.42 million unemployed people (people not in work but seeking and available to work), 16,000 fewer than for Sep to Nov 2017 and 136,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The unemployment rate (proportion of the economically active, ie those in work + those unemployed and seeking work) was 4.2%, down from 4.7% a year ago and the lowest since 1975.
- There were 8.73 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive (not working and not seeking or available to work), little changed compared with Sep to Nov 2017 but 154,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The inactivity rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive) was 21.2%, lower than for a year earlier (21.6%) and the joint lowest since comparable records began in 1971.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation) increased by 2.8%, both excluding and including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in real terms (that is, adjusted for price inflation) increased by 0.2% excluding bonuses, and by 0.1% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.

### 3. LOCAL UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

#### Claimant Count (JSA & Out of Work UC Claimants)

*ONS data note – “Under Universal Credit a broader span of claimants are required to look for work than under Jobseeker's Allowance. As Universal Credit Full Service is rolled out in particular areas, the number of people recorded as being on the Claimant Count is therefore likely to rise.” This is particularly affecting figures for Allerdale and Copeland where full service UC has been implemented at Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres.*

The claimant count in Cumbria in Mar 2018 was 5,795 persons, a rise of 5 from Feb. The claimant rate was up 0.1 at 1.9% which is 0.2 below the UK rate of 2.1%. However, rates in Allerdale, Barrow and Copeland are above the national average (2.9%, 2.6% and 3.1% respectively). The non-seasonally adjusted count rose in Allerdale and Carlisle, fell in Barrow, Copeland and South Lakeland and was unchanged in Eden. It rose both regionally and nationally.

Compared to a year ago, Cumbria's claimant count has risen by 675, an increase of 13.2% compared to a rise of 9.0% nationally although the introduction of Universal Credit is a factor as 2 of Cumbria's 6 Jobcentres (Workington and Whitehaven) are on Full Service UC.

**Figure 1: Claimant Count, Mar 2018**

	Male		Female		All Persons		Monthly Change (all persons)			Annual Change (all persons)		
	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	% chg	Rate chg	No	% chg	Rate chg
United Kingdom	551,915	2.7	338,605	1.6	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	75,860	3.4	47,690	2.1	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	3,690	2.5	2,105	1.4	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Allerdale **	1,040	3.6	625	2.1	1,665	2.9	10	0.6	0.0	380	29.8	0.7
Barrow in Furness	730	3.6	340	1.6	1,070	2.6	-10	-0.8	0.0	-100	-8.4	-0.2
Carlisle	690	2.1	415	1.2	1,105	1.7	40	3.6	0.1	140	14.3	0.2
Copeland **	810	3.8	490	2.3	1,300	3.1	-10	-0.9	0.0	235	21.9	0.6
Eden	170	1.1	100	0.6	270	0.9	0	0.8	0.0	15	6.8	0.1
South Lakeland	250	0.9	135	0.5	390	0.7	-25	-5.6	0.0	0	0.3	0.0
Barrow JCP	890	n/a	405	n/a	1,300	n/a	-15	-1.1	n/a	-115	-8.1	n/a
Carlisle JCP	760	n/a	450	n/a	1,215	n/a	40	3.2	n/a	110	10.0	n/a
Kendal JCP	150	n/a	105	n/a	255	n/a	-25	-8.3	n/a	-10	-3.8	n/a
Penrith JCP	145	n/a	90	n/a	240	n/a	0	-0.8	n/a	20	8.6	n/a
Whitehaven JCP **	715	n/a	435	n/a	1,150	n/a	-15	-1.1	n/a	260	29.5	n/a
Workington JCP **	1,025	n/a	625	n/a	1,650	n/a	20	1.3	n/a	420	34.3	n/a

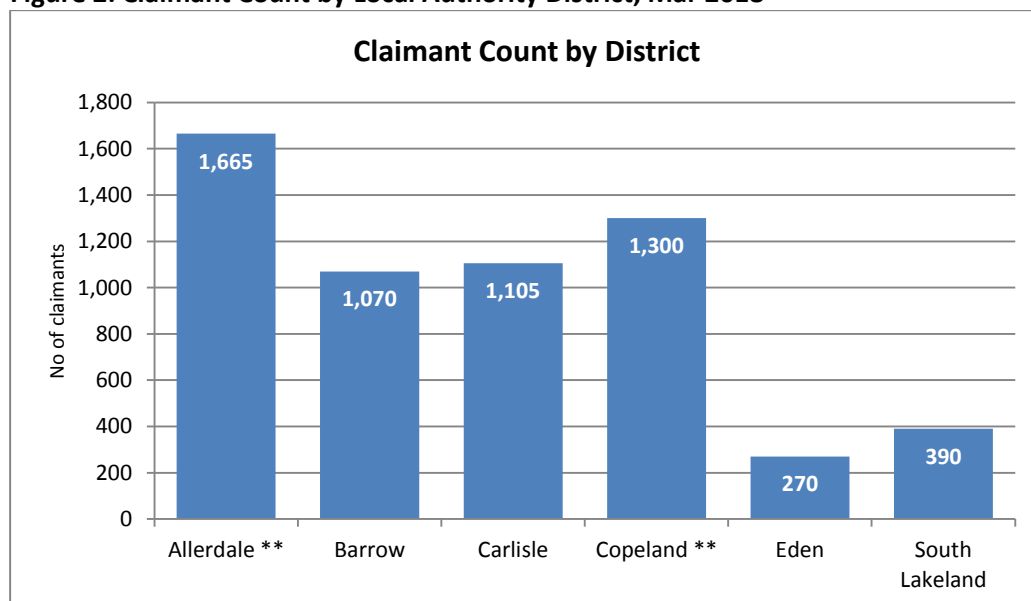
Source: ONS/DWP, shading indicates local rates above the UK average

Note 1: Due to rounding, totals may not sum

Note 2: JCP = JobCentre Plus office areas. Rates are not available for these areas.

Note3: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

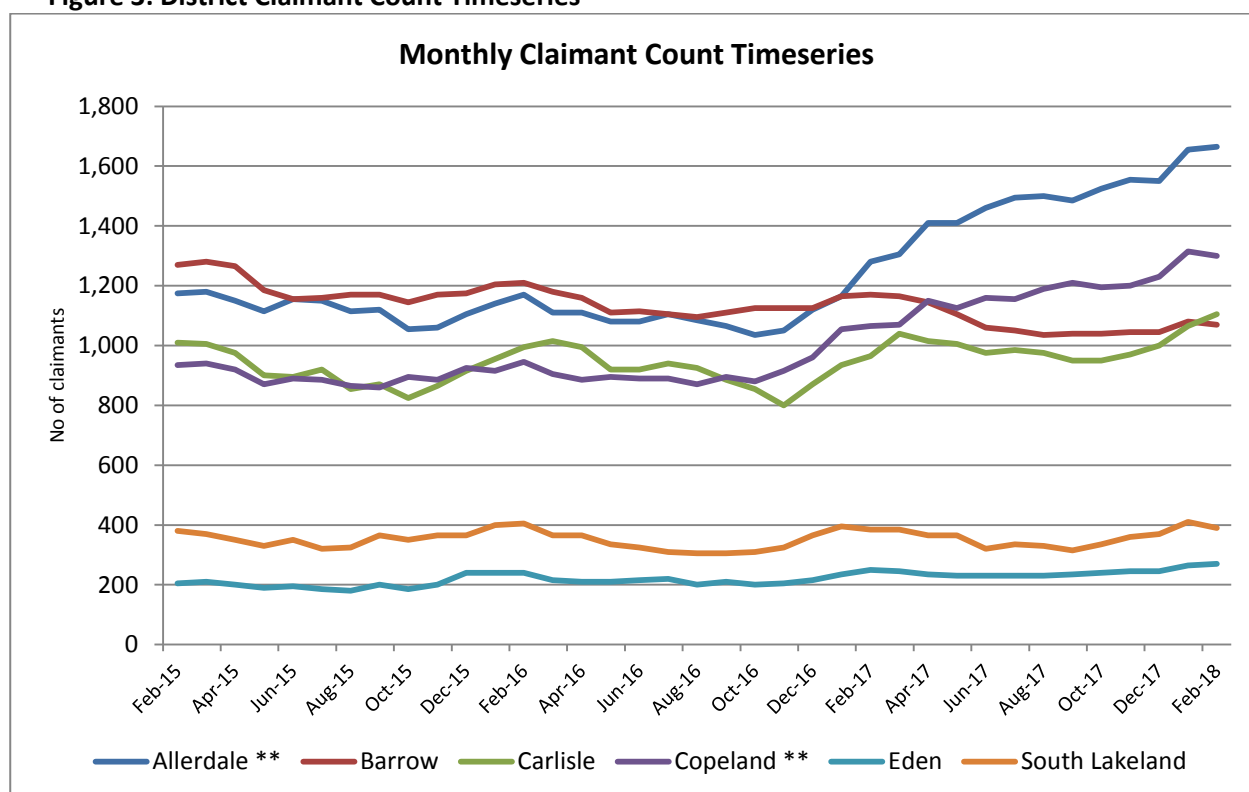
**Figure 2: Claimant Count by Local Authority District, Mar 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

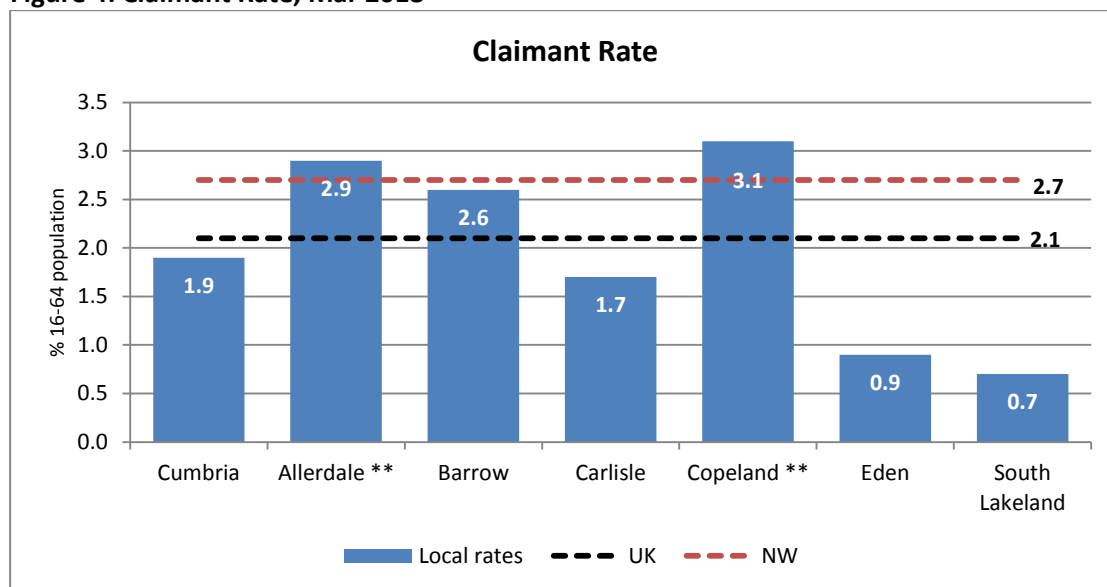
**Figure 3: District Claimant Count Timeseries**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

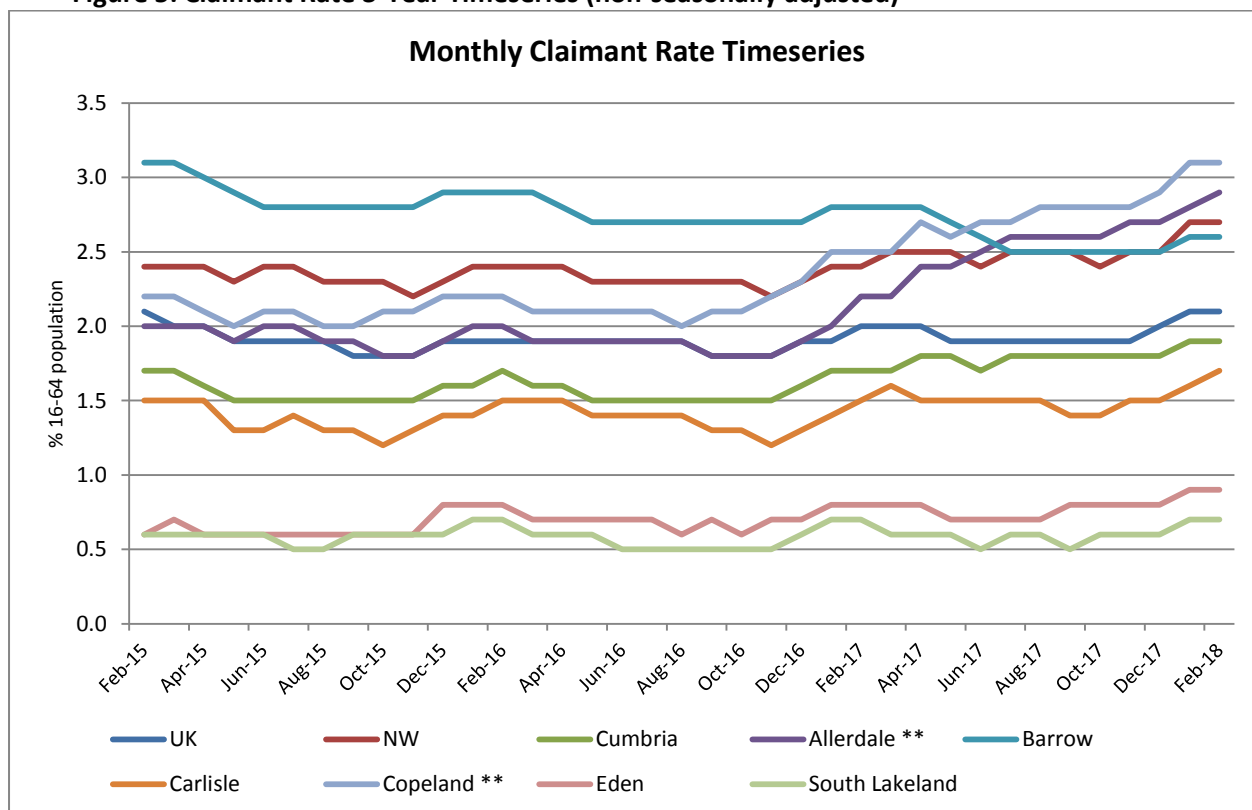
**Figure 4: Claimant Rate, Mar 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

**Figure 5: Claimant Rate 3-Year Timeseries (non-seasonally adjusted)**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

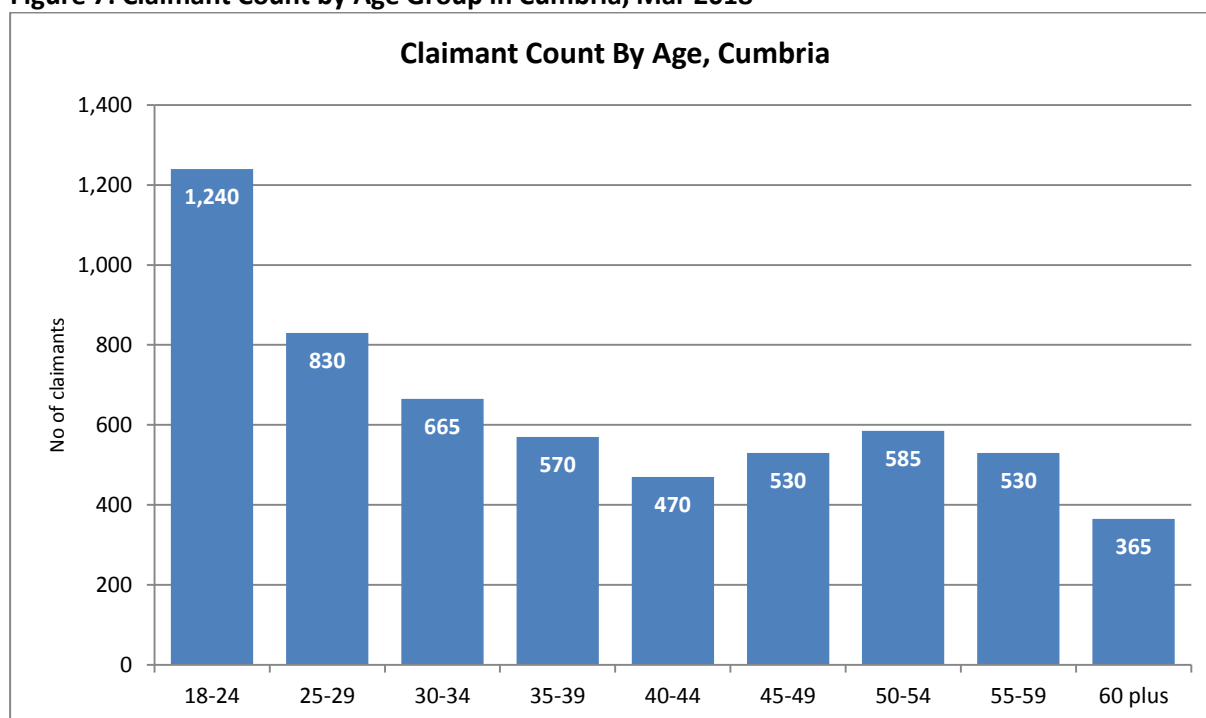
**Figure 6: Claimant Count / Rate by Age Group in Cumbria, Mar 2018**

	Claimant Count by Age										
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	1,440	175,605	117,745	102,280	89,655	80,460	89,940	90,915	80,910	60,770	890,525
NW	165	24,620	17,990	15,655	13,025	11,145	12,190	11,535	9,975	7,200	123,550
Cumbria	10	1,240	830	665	570	470	530	585	530	365	5,795
Allerdale **	0	360	245	210	160	135	145	170	140	95	1,665
Barrow	0	275	155	120	95	80	95	85	90	70	1,070
Carlisle	5	230	155	135	115	85	90	125	105	60	1,105
Copeland **	5	260	195	145	145	105	115	120	125	90	1,300
Eden	0	45	30	25	25	20	35	35	30	30	270
South Lakeland	0	70	45	30	35	45	50	50	35	25	390
	Claimant Rate by Age										
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	0.1	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.1
NW	0.1	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	1.8	2.7
Cumbria	0.1	3.4	3.2	2.6	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.9
Allerdale	0.0	5.3	5.0	4.3	3.2	2.5	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.5	2.9
Barrow	0.0	5.2	3.8	3.2	2.8	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.7	2.6
Carlisle	0.2	2.6	2.5	2.1	1.9	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.4	0.9	1.7
Copeland	0.4	5.1	4.9	3.8	4.0	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.0	3.1
Eden	0.0	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9
South Lakeland	0.0	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.7

Source: ONS/DWP Note: due to rounding, totals may not sum. Shading indicates local rates above the UK rate.

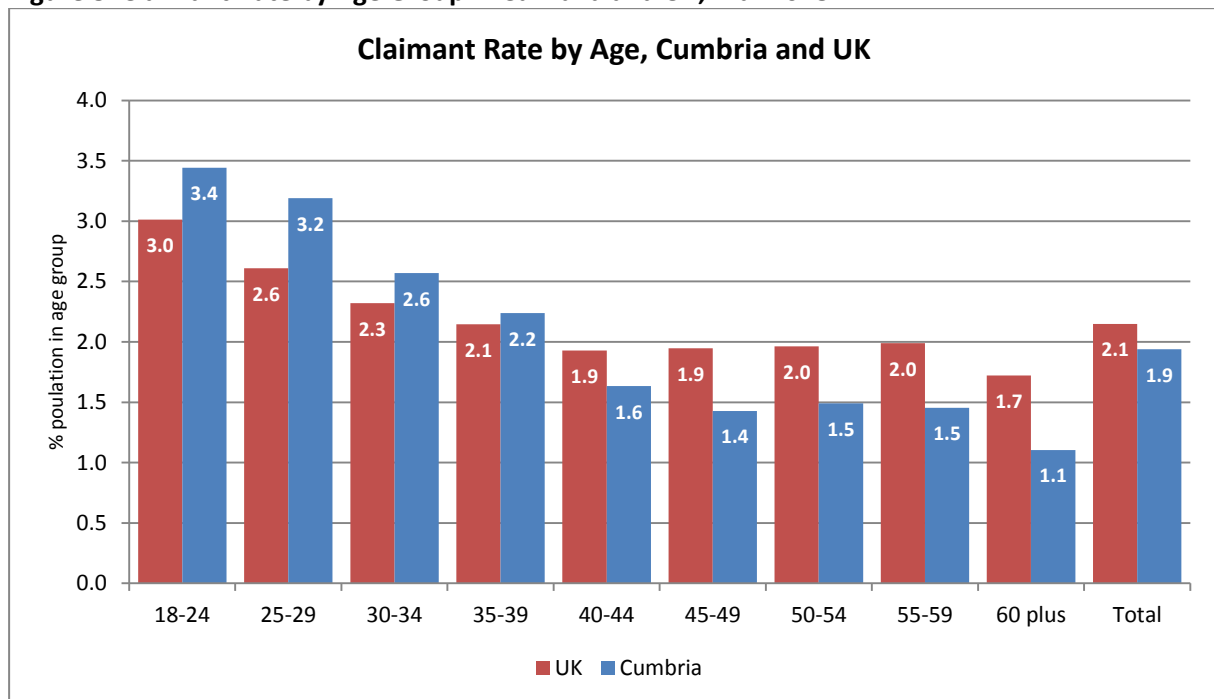
Note: \*\* counts & rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

**Figure 7: Claimant Count by Age Group in Cumbria, Mar 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP

Figure 8: Claimant Rate by Age Group in Cumbria and UK, Mar 2018



Source: ONS/DWP

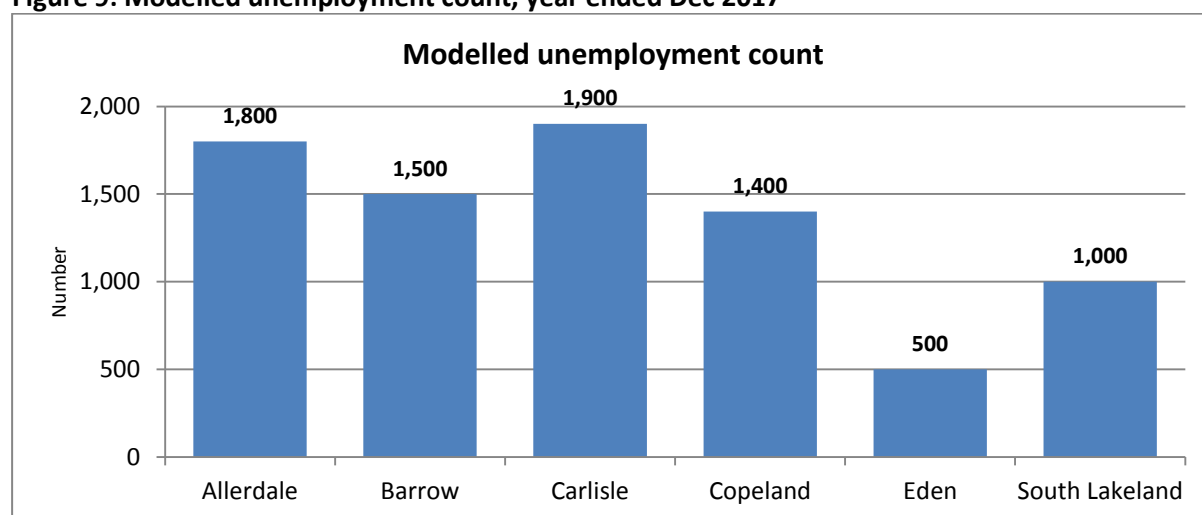
### Modelled Unemployment

The Office for National Statistics produces modelled unemployment data for local authorities which uses a combination of survey data and claimant count data to estimate the number of unemployed in an area including non-claimants. NB: These data are only updated quarterly.

*Note: An important difference between these estimates and the official claimant count is the denominator used to calculate rates. For the claimant count the denominator is all those aged 16-64 but for the model-based rates it is the economically active population aged 16+ (ie those who are in work or out of work but actively seeking work). It is important therefore that rates are not directly compared. Please also note that these are estimates not administrative counts.*

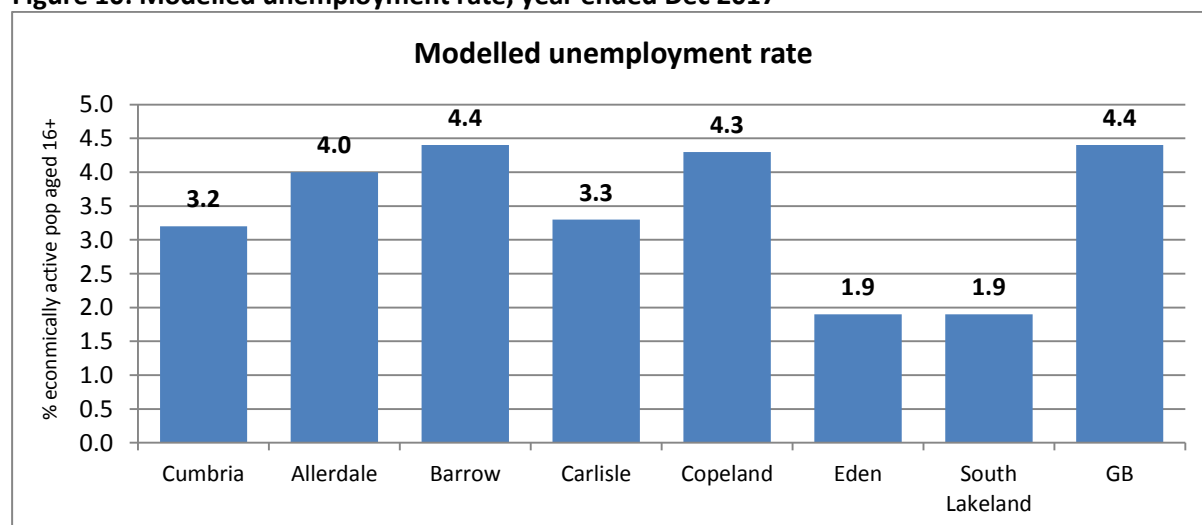
In the year ended Dec 2017, it is estimated that there were 8,000 unemployed people in Cumbria, giving a rate of 3.2%. This compares to a national rate of 4.4%. The estimated rate in Barrow is the same as nationally but it is lower in all other districts. . The modelled count rose by 1,500 from the previous quarter and the rate was up 0.6, but the count is down 1,800 from a year ago and the rate is down by 0.8.

**Figure 9: Modelled unemployment count, year ended Dec 2017**



Source: ONS

**Figure 10: Modelled unemployment rate, year ended Dec 2017**



Source: ONS

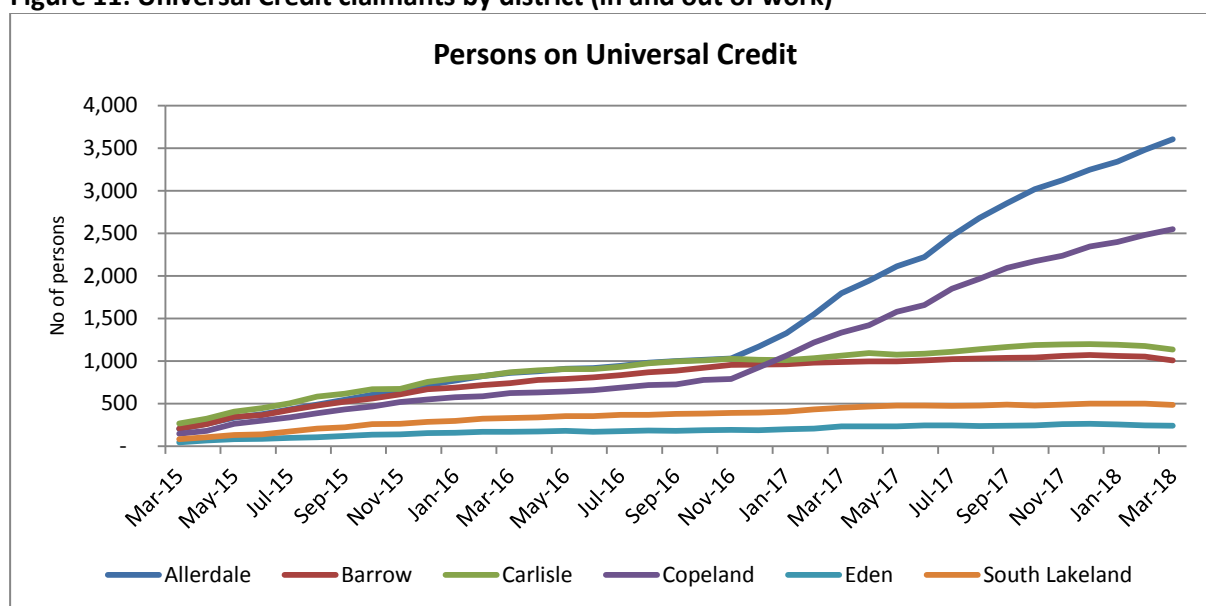
### 4. UNIVERSAL CREDIT

Universal Credit (UC) is a single monthly payment for people in or out of work which replaces existing benefits including Housing Benefit, Child Tax Credit, Income Support, Working Tax Credit, Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance, Income-related Employment and Support Allowance. UC is gradually being rolled out across the country - in "full service" areas most new claims will be for UC but in other areas there will be a mix of claimants on UC and on legacy benefits (since Jan 2018 no new claims for UC have been accepted in non-full service areas). Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres went onto full service Nov 2016. Barrow, Carlisle and Penrith Jobcentres will do so in July 2018 and Kendal in Sep 2018. Nationally the roll out to full service is expected to be complete by Dec 2018.

**Note: due to the phased rollout, care should be taken when comparing areas or assessing change over time as eligibility for UC varies from area to area.**

In Mar 2018 there were 9,026 people on Universal Credit in Cumbria (both in work and out of work). This is a rise of 100 from the previous month. The highest number of UC claimants were in Allerdale (3,606) and Copeland (2,550) as is to be expected due to the time UC has been fully rolled out in the Jobcentres which service these areas.

**Figure 11: Universal Credit claimants by district (in and out of work)**



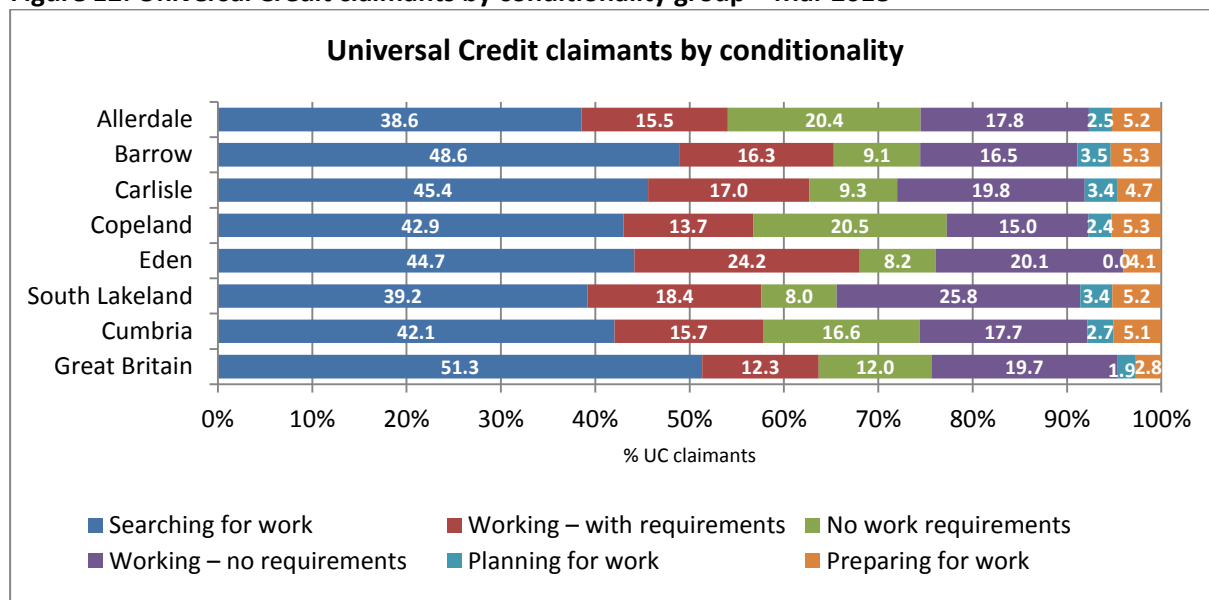
Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability and this determines what is expected of them during their claim. An outline of the conditions for each group is shown below.

Searching for work	Not working or with very low earnings. Claimant required to take action to seek work or more/better paid work.
Working – with requirements	In work but could earn more or not working but has partner with low earnings
No work requirements	Not expected to work at present. Health or caring responsibilities prevents claimant from working or preparing for work.
Working – no requirements	Individual or household earnings over the level at which conditionality applies.
Planning for work	Expected to work in the future. Lone parent / lead carer of child aged 1.
Preparing for work	Expected to start preparing for future even with limited work capability at present or child aged 2.

Overall in Cumbria, 42.1% of UC claimants are in the searching for work category but this varies from 48.6% in Barrow down to 38.6% in Allerdale. Allerdale and Copeland have higher proportions of UC claimants in the “no work requirements” category as you would expect in areas where UC has been fully rolled out (in other areas most claimants would be on legacy benefits in these circumstances).

**Figure 12: Universal Credit claimants by conditionality group – Mar 2018**

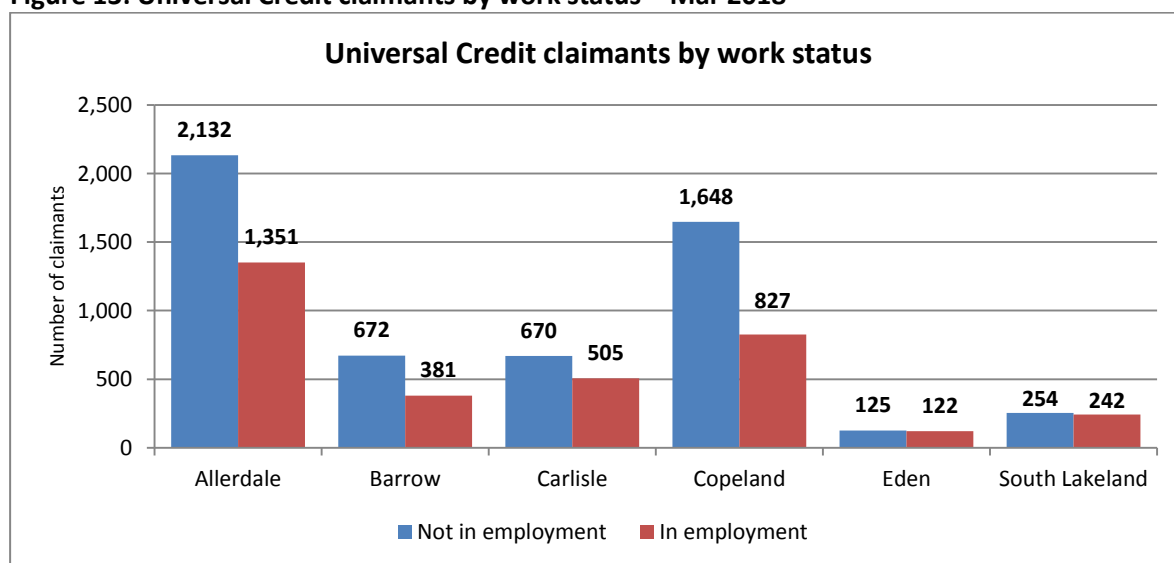


Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Conditionality is based on an individual's circumstances on the count date (2<sup>nd</sup> Thursday)

UC claimants are further categorised by employment status. This status is determined by whether the claimant received any employment earnings in the month prior to the count data. It is therefore possible in a small number of cases for someone to be classed as in work but have a conditionality of no work requirements on the day of the count (or the opposite).

61.6% (5,497) of UC Claimants in Cumbria are classified as not in employment and 38.4% (3,432) as in employment which is broadly similar to the national proportions.

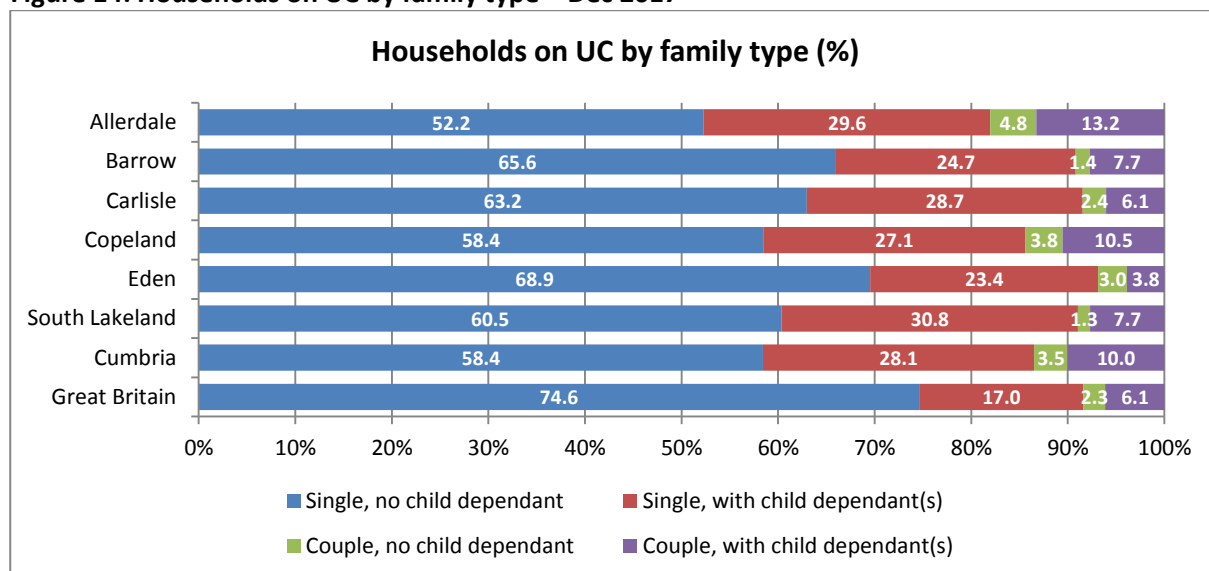
**Figure 13: Universal Credit claimants by work status – Mar 2018**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Employment status is determined by whether the claimant had employment earnings recorded within their completed UC assessment period closest to the count date (2<sup>nd</sup> Thursday). They may not be in employment on the count date itself.

Data for households on Universal Credit run 3 months in arrears of data for persons but provide further detail on award amounts and family types. In December 2017 there were 7,492 households on Universal Credit in Cumbria (8,628 persons). The highest proportion of households (58.4%) were single households with no child dependants followed by 28.1% single households with dependants. This is influenced by the rollout as different “gateway” conditions apply at different stages of the rollout.

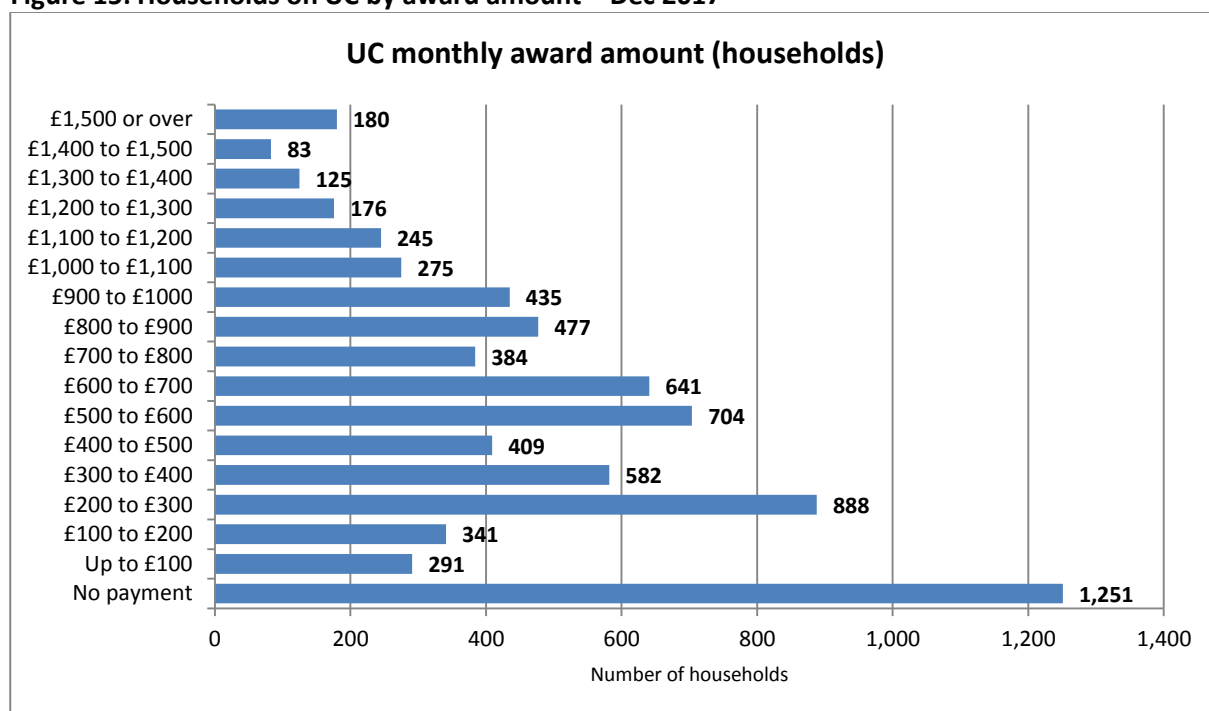
**Figure 14: Households on UC by family type – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Of the 7,492 households in Cumbria on UC in Dec 2017, 1,251 had not received a payment (16.7%). This may be because the award amount has not yet been calculated or because the household did not qualify to receive a payment in the month.

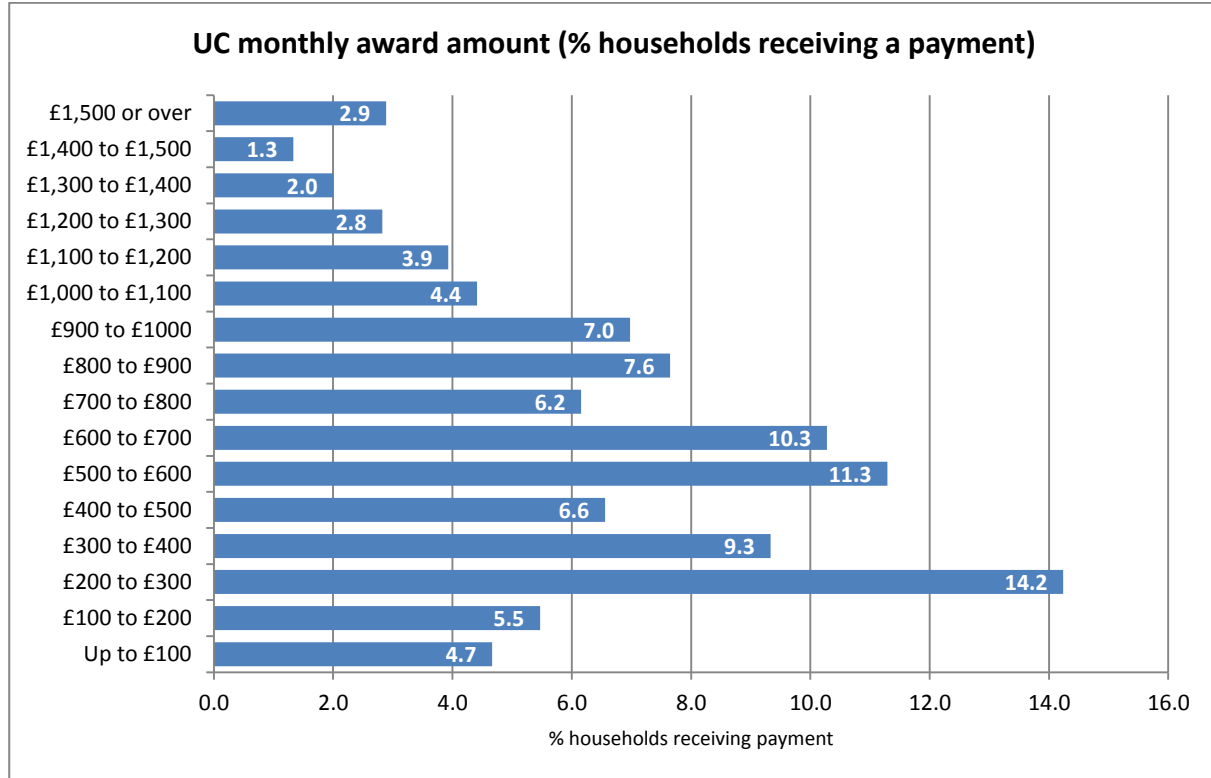
**Figure 15: Households on UC by award amount – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Of those household that did receive a payment, these ranged from under £100 (4.7% of households receiving a payment) up to £1,500 or more (2.9% of households receiving a payment).

**Figure 16: Households on UC by award amount – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

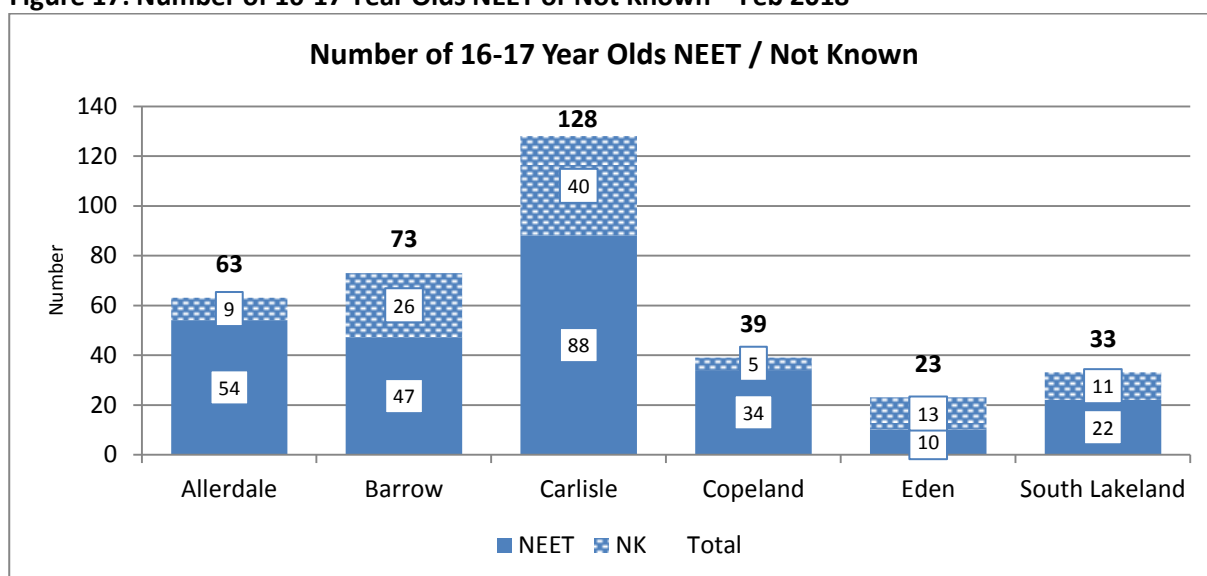
## 5. NEETs & Participation

### Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)

Young people are described as NEET if they are not in any form of education, employment or training. Those whose status is not known at the time of follow up are now also classed as NEET.

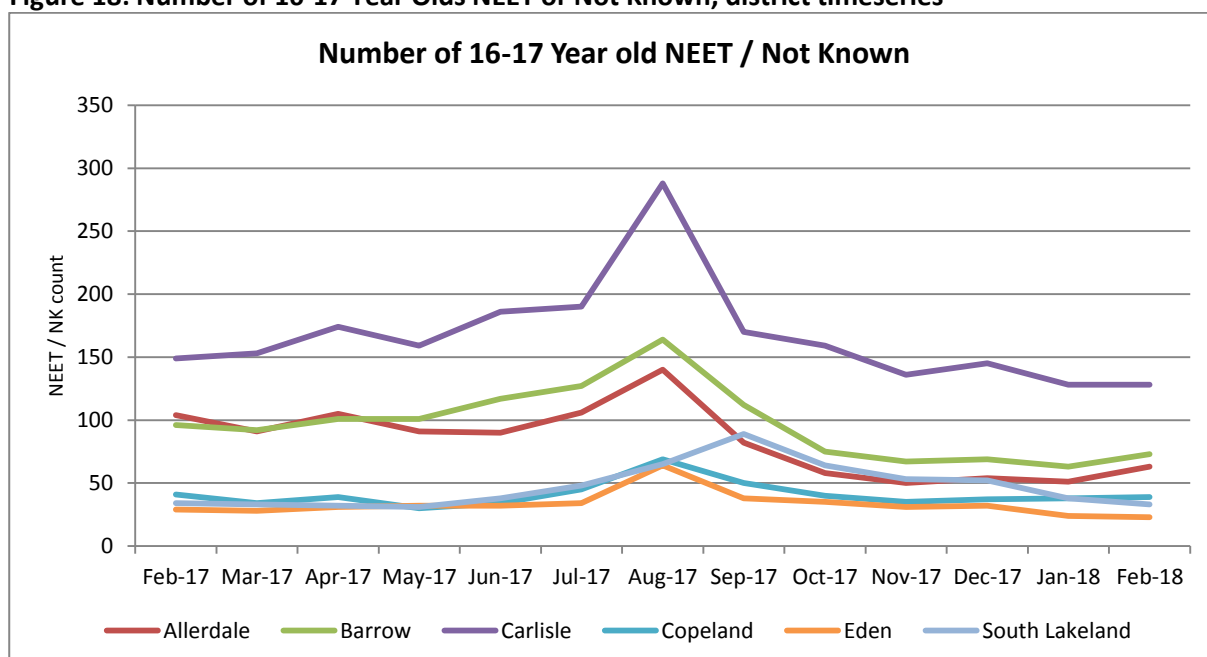
In Feb 2018, 386 16-17 year olds were NEET in Cumbria (256 NEET and 130 not known), a rise of 17 from the previous month but 89 fewer than a year ago. The highest number of NEET/NKs was in Carlisle (128) followed by Barrow (73). There is a great deal of monthly variation in NEET numbers/rates, especially in the quarter after the end of the academic year when numbers are understandably highest and in particular the number of young people whose status is unknown is often relatively high.

**Figure 17: Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Feb 2018**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory Note: district totals may not sum to county total.

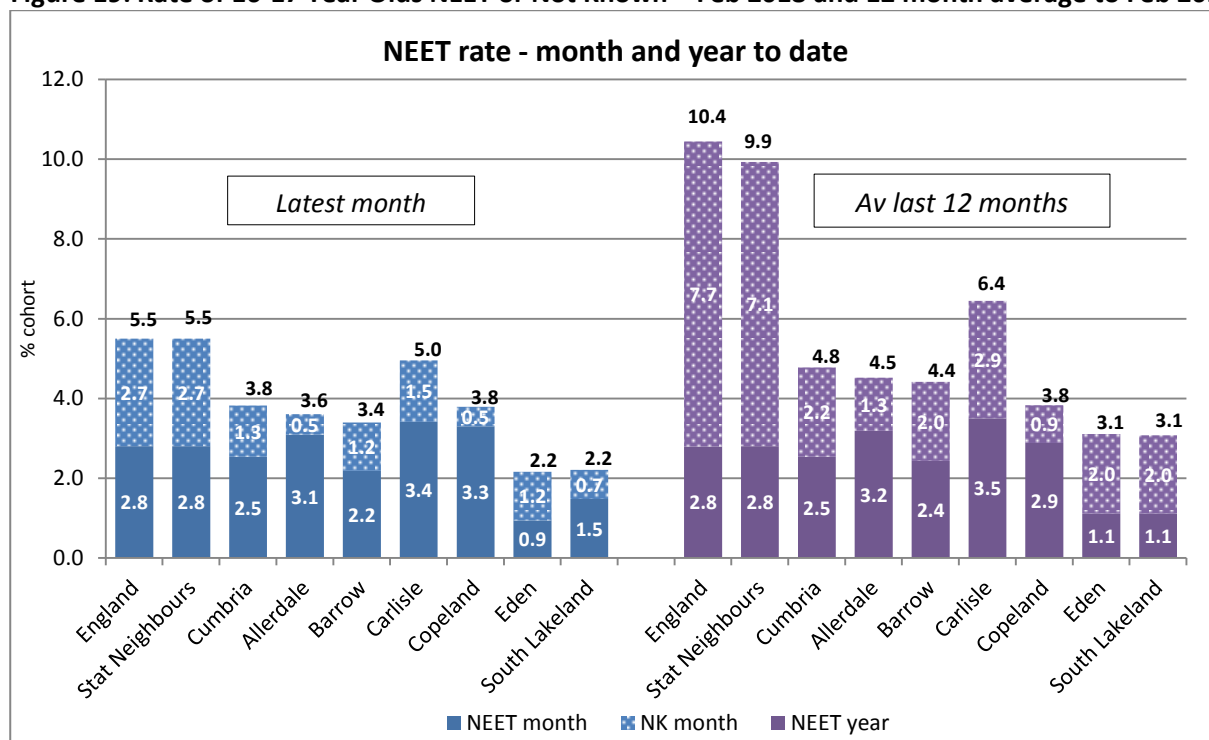
**Figure 18: Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known, district timeseries**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory

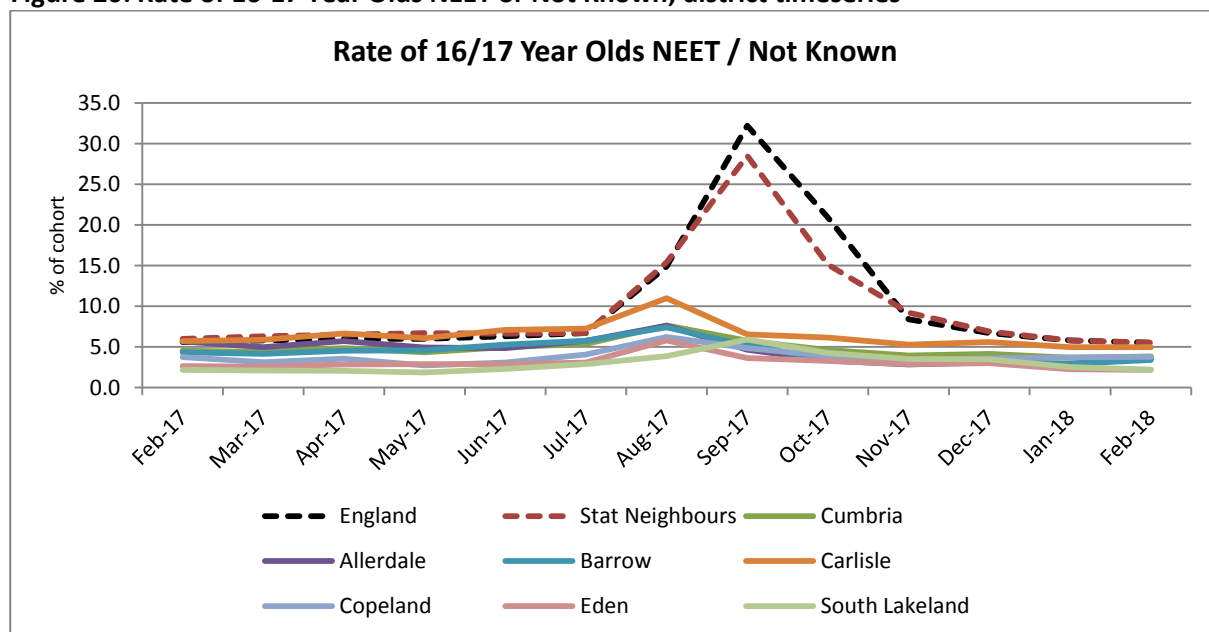
The county NEET/NK rate (% of cohort) was 3.8% in Feb 2018 compared to an England rate of 5.5% and an average rate of 5.5% for Cumbria's 10 statistical neighbours. The highest local rate was in Carlisle (5.0%). The NEET rate in Cumbria was up 0.2 from last month but down 0.7 from the same month last year. The average rate for the last 12 months in Cumbria was 4.8% compared to 10.4% nationally and 9.9% for statistical neighbours. Carlisle's average annual rate was highest at 6.4%.

**Figure 19: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Feb 2018 and 12 month average to Feb 2018**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)

**Figure 20: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known, district timeseries**



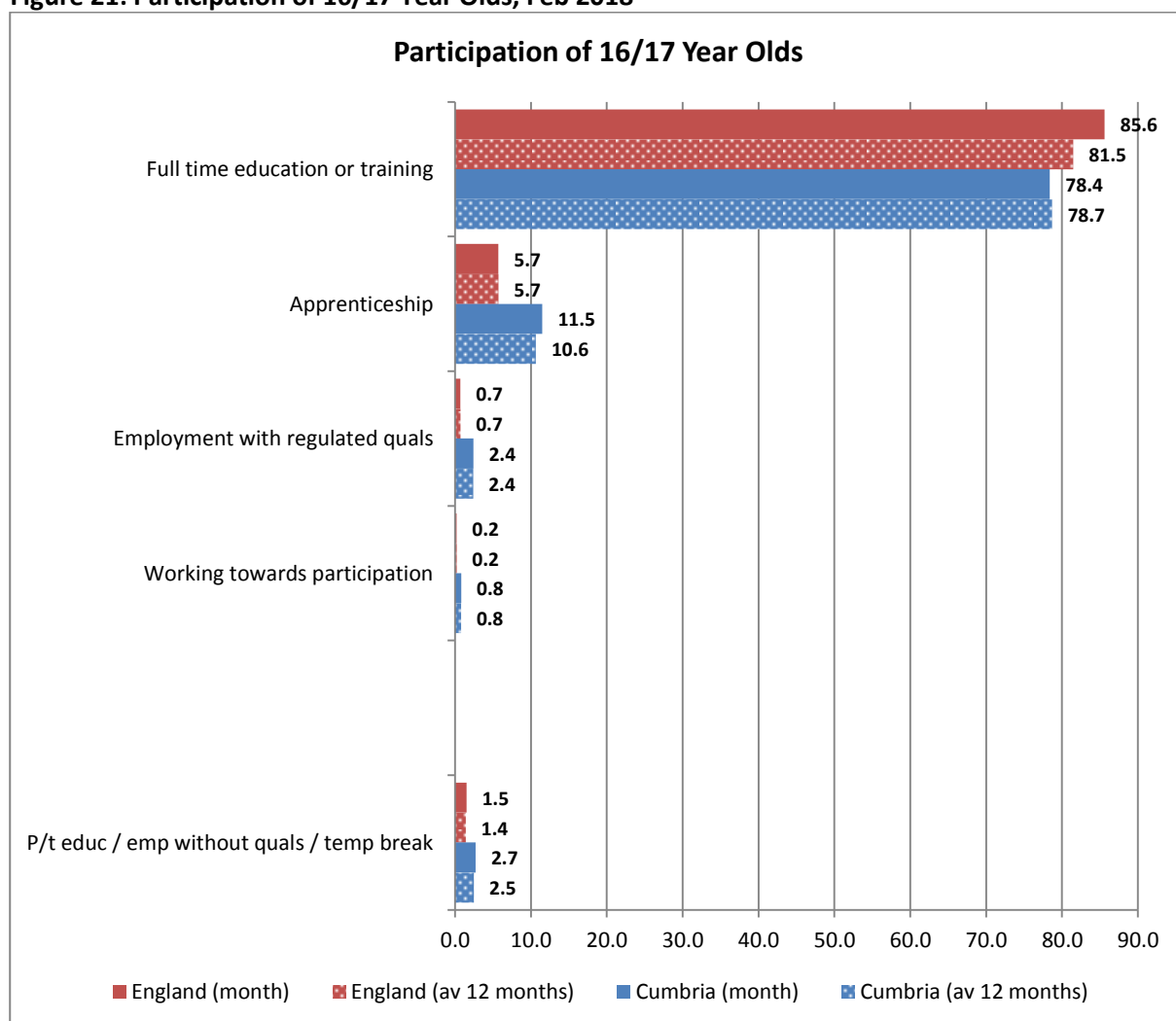
Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)

### Participation

The Education & Skills Act 2008 introduced a requirement for young people to remain in education or training until at least their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday and a duty on local authorities to encourage, enable and assist young people to participate. As part of the tracking process that produces the NEET data, participation data is also produced at county level on a monthly basis.

In Feb 2018, 93.1% of young people in Cumbria were classed as meeting the participation requirement, the majority (78.4%) through full time education or training or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.5%). This compares to 92.2% nationally who were deemed to be participating. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average – 92.4% v 88.1%.

**Figure 21: Participation of 16/17 Year Olds, Feb 2018**



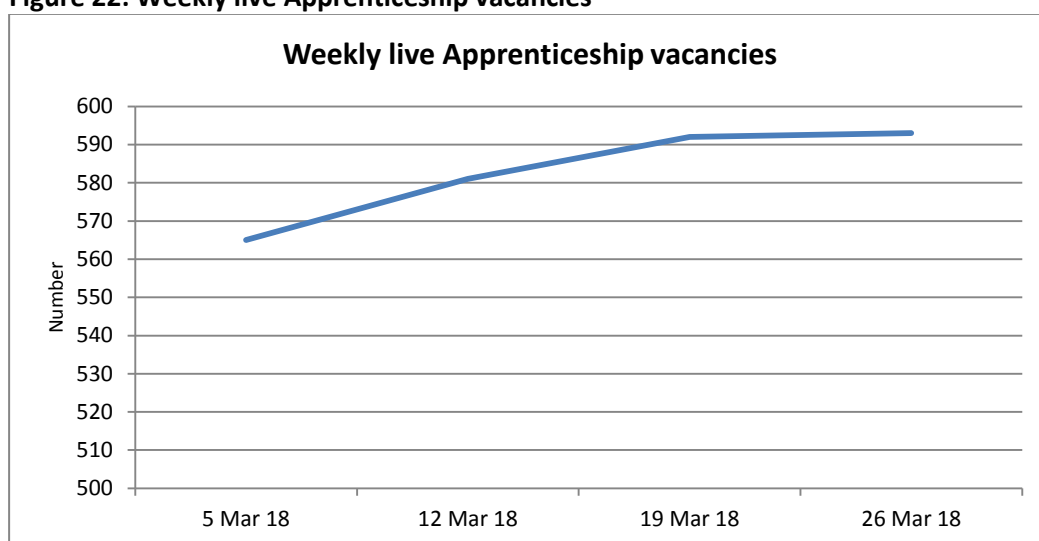
Source: NCCIS

## 6. LIVE APPRENTICESHIP VACANCIES

The following data are from the ESFA weekly reports for Cumbria which measure the number of live Apprenticeship vacancies at the end of the week. (Data for 4 week periods have been de-duplicated to remove vacancies which remain live for more than a single week.)

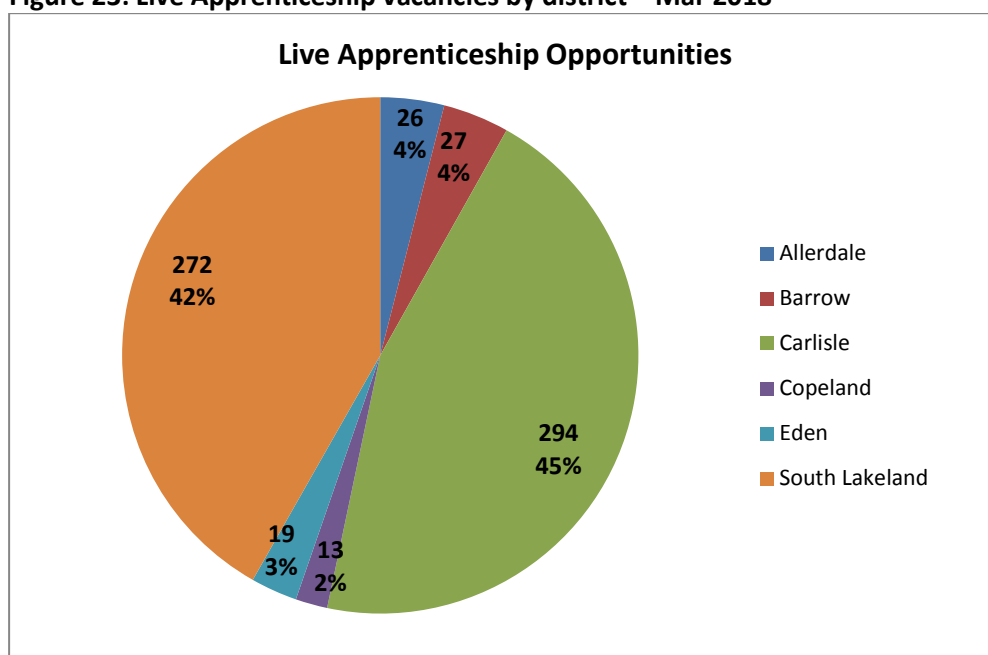
In March 2018 there were 651 unique live vacancies in Cumbria being offered by 143 employers via 40 training providers. Almost 90% of live vacancies were for opportunities in Carlisle or South Lakeland (NOTE: this was affected by Gen2 having a large number of Apprenticeships where they are listed as both the provider and the employer but the opportunities are actually Sellafield-related. This is no longer the case since the end of March.). Business administration and law had the highest number of live vacancies with 98 (15.1%) followed by energy and utilities with 67 (10.3%) and business with 63 (9.1%). Gen2 was the provider for over 70% of vacancies (see previous note).

**Figure 22: Weekly live Apprenticeship vacancies**



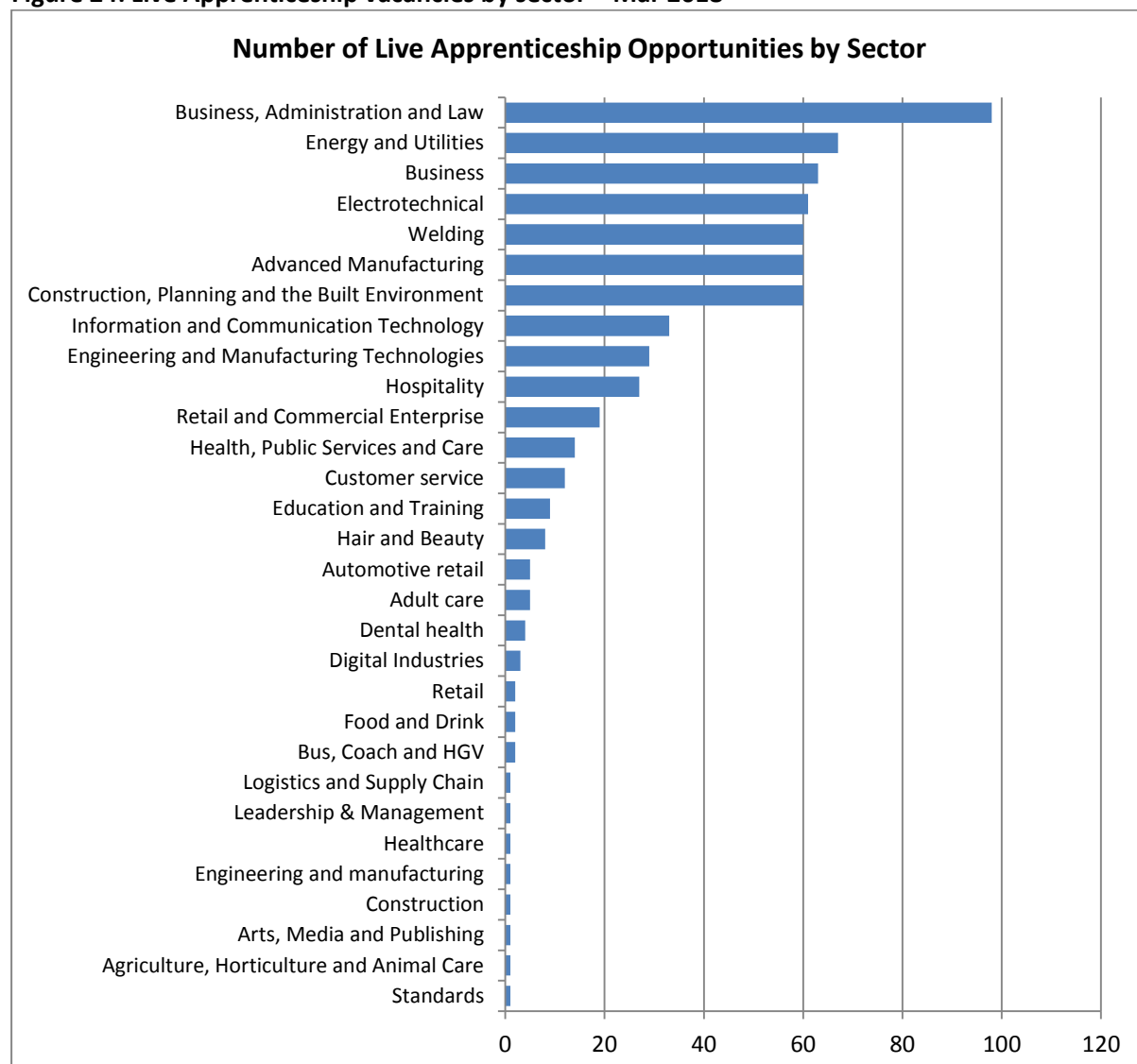
Source: ESFA

**Figure 23: Live Apprenticeship vacancies by district – Mar 2018**



Source: ESFA

**Figure 24: Live Apprenticeship vacancies by sector – Mar 2018**



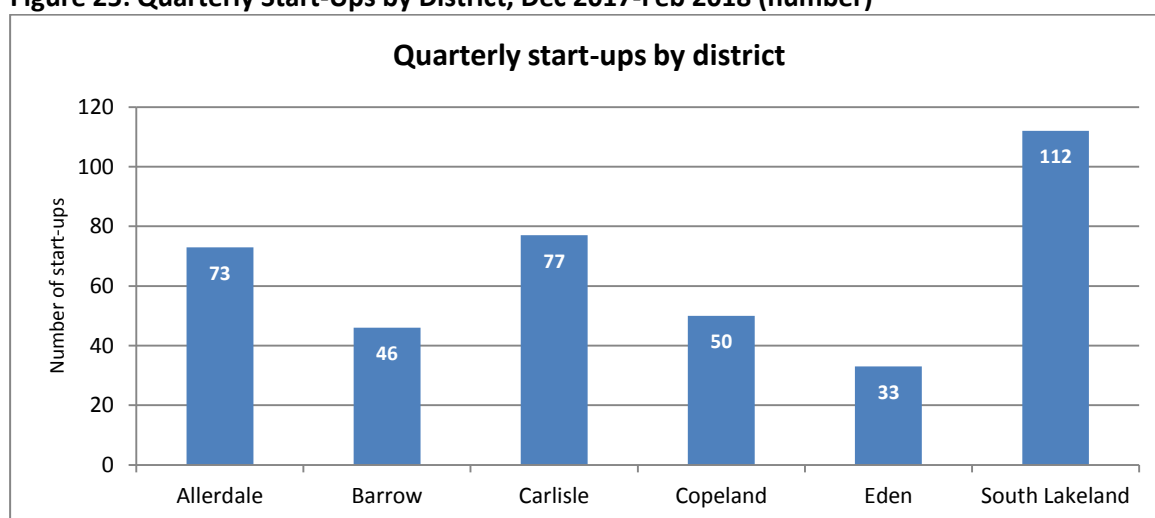
Source: ESFA (data de-duplicated where same vacancy is live for multiple weeks)

### 7. BUSINESS START UPS

The following data are from BankSearch, a survey which collects data from Barclays, Co-operative Bank, HSBC, Lloyds Banking Group, Royal Bank of Scotland Group, Santander and TSB Bank. A 'Start-up' reflects the opening of a first current account from a small business banking product range by a business new to banking or previously operated through a personal account. The data exclude businesses operating through personal accounts, those without banking relationships or those banking with other institutions.

There were 391 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter Dec 2017-Feb 2018. This is 45 fewer than in the previous quarter (Sep-Nov 2017), a fall of 10.3% compared to a fall of 13.3% for England. However, it was a mixed picture as start-ups decreased by 40% in Eden and by 24.7% in Allerdale but rose by 31.6% in Copeland. The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland (112), 28.6% of all start-ups) followed by Carlisle (77, 19.7%) and Allerdale (73, 18.7%).

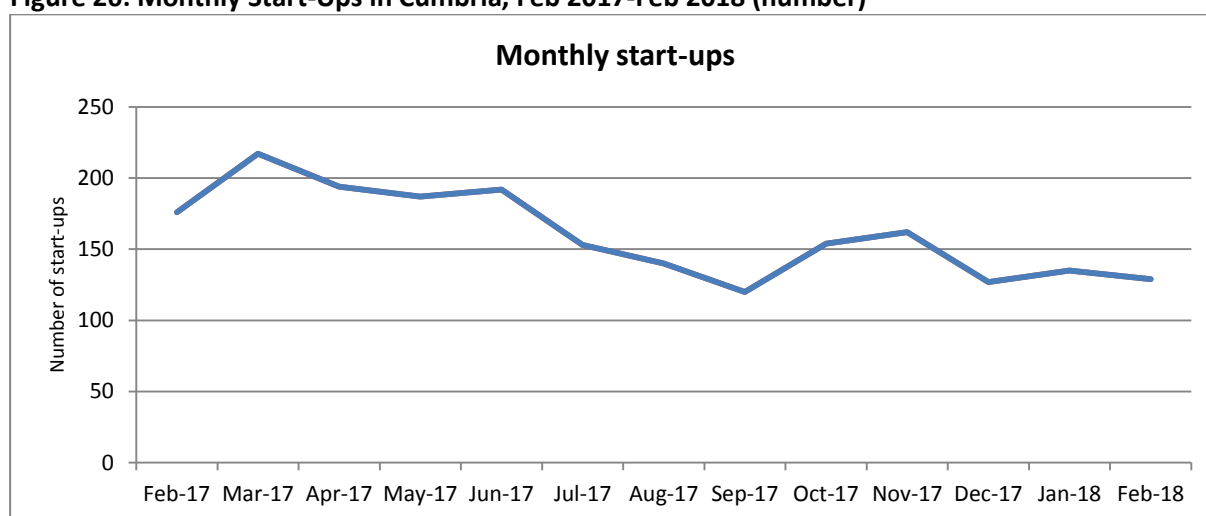
**Figure 25: Quarterly Start-Ups by District, Dec 2017-Feb 2018 (number)**



Source: BankSearch

The number of starts dropped in the summer last year, recovered in the autumn before falling again at Christmas. Despite a small rise in January this year, the quarterly level of 391 is well below the same quarter last year (391 compared to 506).

**Figure 26: Monthly Start-Ups in Cumbria, Feb 2017-Feb 2018 (number)**

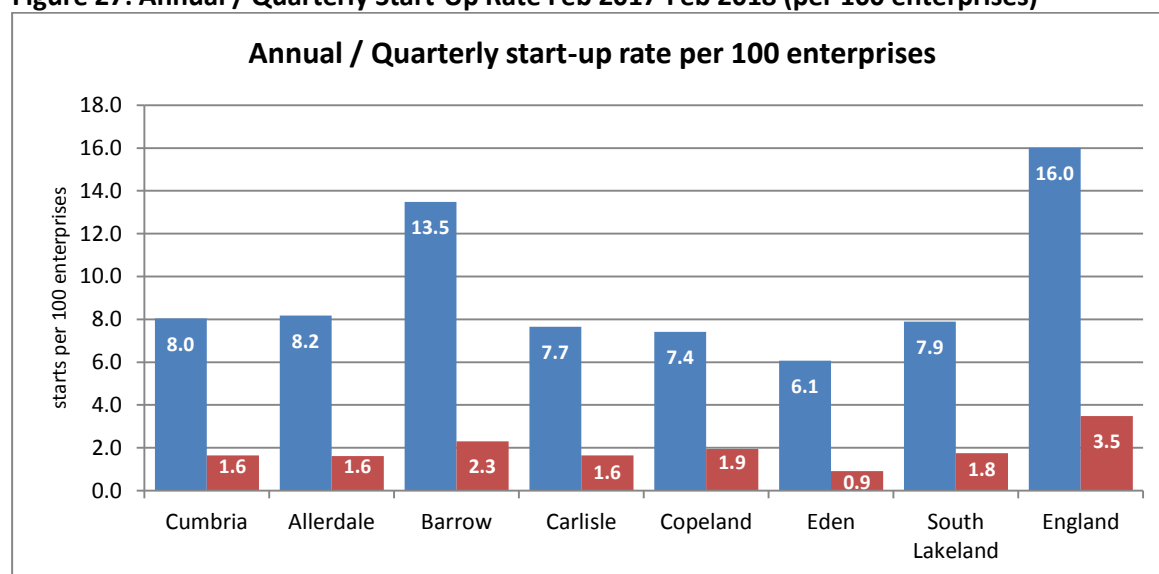


Source: BankSearch

The annual rate of business start-ups can be expressed in 2 ways. Firstly, as a proportion of the active business stock. This measure is influenced by the business structure and areas with a relatively small stock of active businesses will generally show higher start up rates than those with large volumes, often of small, businesses. The second method is start-ups per 10,000 working age people and is sometimes regarded as a better indicator of entrepreneurship amongst local residents.

Using the first methodology of starts per 100 enterprises (which is the Office for National Statistics' preferred measure) Barrow had the highest annual start up rate at 13.5 per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 6.1 per 100 active enterprises. This compares to 16.0 for England.

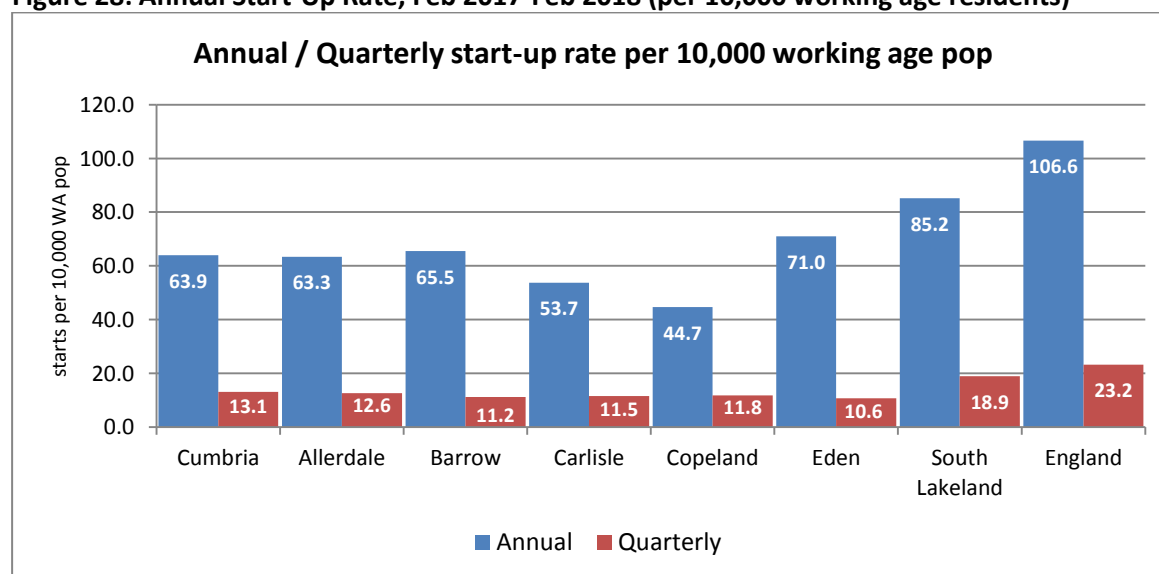
**Figure 27: Annual / Quarterly Start-Up Rate Feb 2017-Feb 2018 (per 100 enterprises)**



Source: BankSearch / UK Business: Activity, Size and Location 2014

Using the second methodology (starts per 10,000 working age residents), the position is different with South Lakeland having the highest annual start up rate at 85.2 per 10,000 working age residents and Copeland the lowest at 44.7. This compares to 106.60 for England.

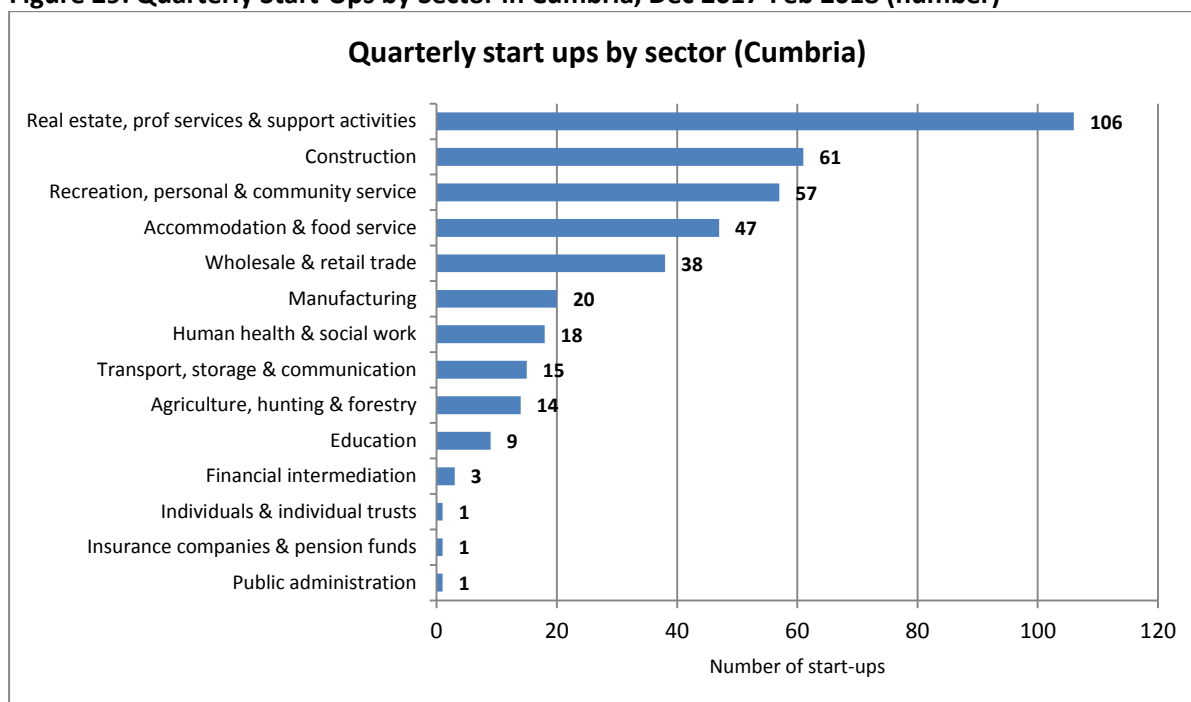
**Figure 28: Annual Start-Up Rate, Feb 2017-Feb 2018 (per 10,000 working age residents)**



Source: BankSearch / ONS Mid Year Population Estimates 2013

As is generally the case, the highest number of start-ups was in the real estate & professional services sector with 106 (27.1%). This was followed by construction (61, 15.6%). Recreation, personal & community services saw a rise of 12 in the number of start-ups whilst real estate & professional services saw a fall of 21 and agriculture a fall of 9.

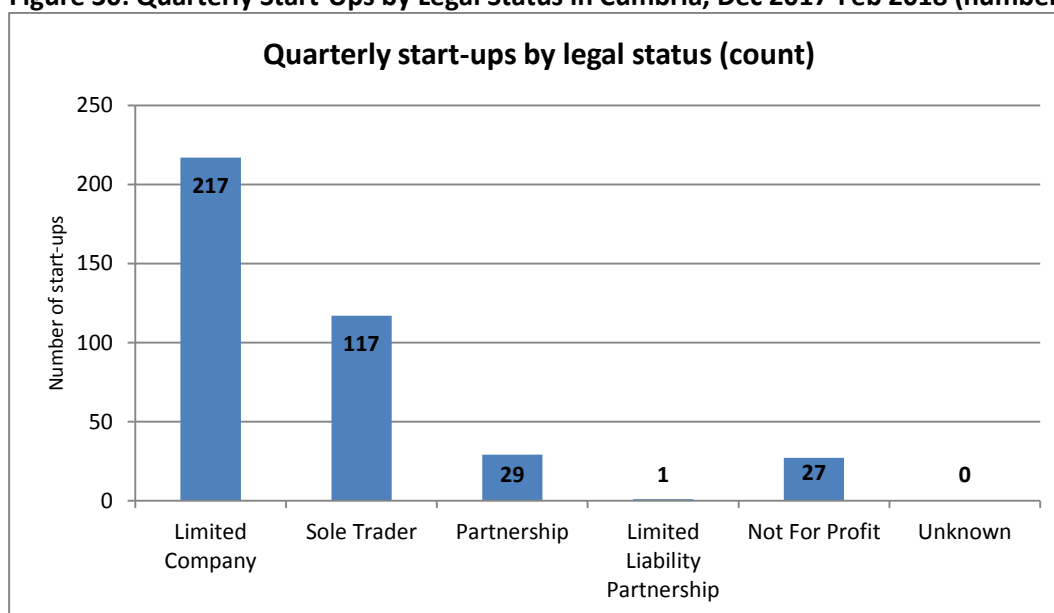
**Figure 29: Quarterly Start-Ups by Sector in Cumbria, Dec 2017-Feb 2018 (number)**



Source: BankSearch

Limited companies provided the highest number of start-ups (217) accounting for over half of the total (55.5%) followed by sole traders with 117 start-ups (29.9%).

**Figure 30: Quarterly Start-Ups by Legal Status in Cumbria, Dec 2017-Feb 2018 (number)**

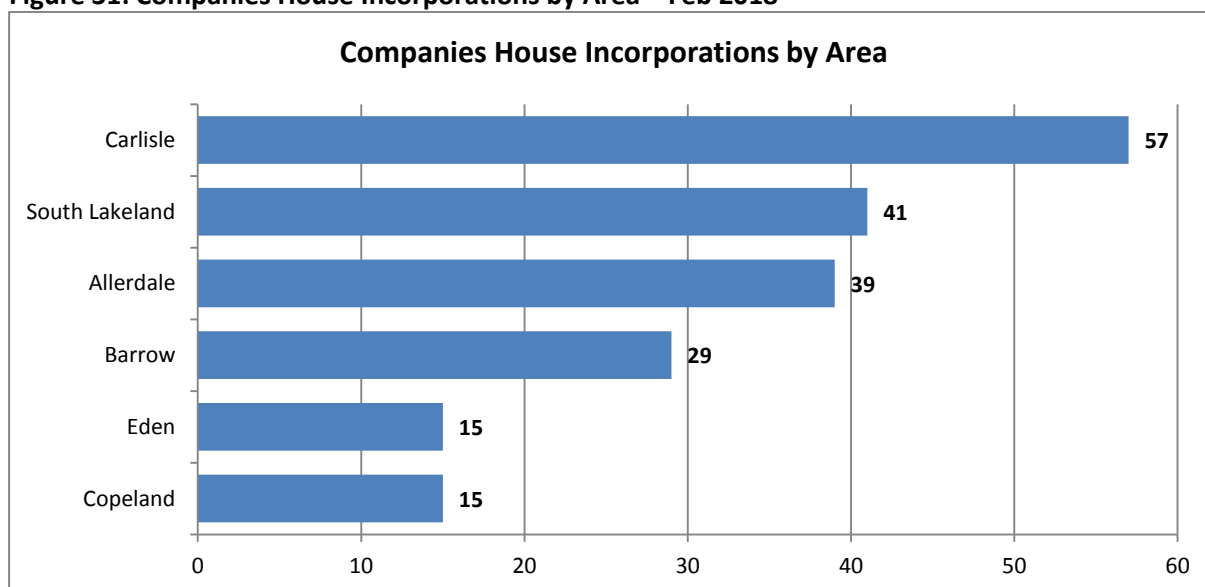


Source: BankSearch

## 8. COMPANIES HOUSE INCORPORATIONS

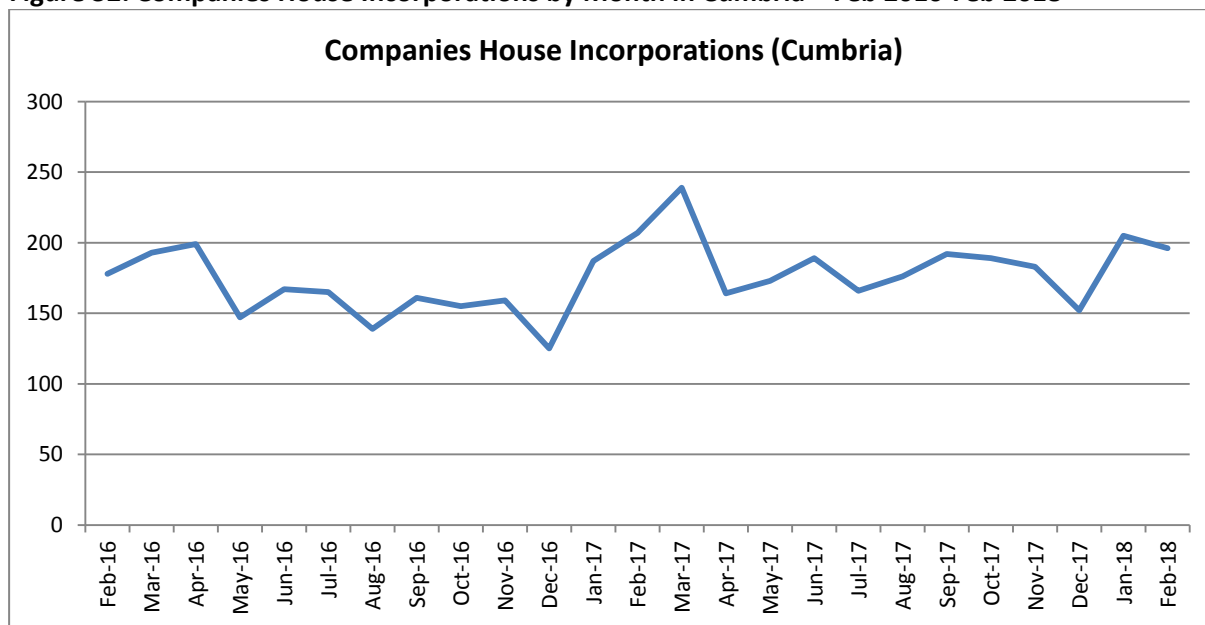
There were 196 new Companies House incorporations in Feb 2018, a fall of 9 from the previous month and 11 fewer than the same month the previous year. The highest numbers were in Carlisle (57), South Lakeland (41) and Allerdale (39).

**Figure 31: Companies House Incorporations by Area – Feb 2018**



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House Note: Data relate to registered addresses

**Figure 32: Companies House Incorporations by Month in Cumbria – Feb 2016-Feb 2018**



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House

For further information, please contact

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### ANNEX A: Claimant Count by Ward

#### Allerdale – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Allerdale	1,280	2.2	1,655	2.8	1,665	2.9	10	0.6	0.0	380	29.8	0.7
All Saints	40	1.4	50	1.8	50	1.8	0	-2.0	0.0	10	25.0	0.4
Aspatria	40	2.0	65	3.1	65	3.1	0	-1.6	0.0	20	50.0	1.0
Boltons	5	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	25.0	0.1	0	25.0	0.1
Broughton St Bridget's	25	1.0	40	1.6	40	1.5	-5	-9.5	-0.2	10	46.2	0.5
Christchurch	30	1.4	40	1.9	45	2.1	5	13.2	0.2	15	53.6	0.7
Clifton	35	3.3	25	2.7	30	3.0	5	11.1	0.3	-5	-9.1	-0.3
Crummock	5	0.3	5	0.6	5	0.7	0	20.0	0.1	5	100.0	0.3
Dalton	10	1.0	5	0.6	10	0.8	0	28.6	0.2	0	-18.2	-0.2
Derwent Valley	0	#	5	0.7	5	0.5	0	-16.7	-0.1	5	150.0	0.3
Ellen	30	1.5	45	2.1	40	2.0	-5	-6.7	-0.1	10	35.5	0.5
Ellenborough	70	3.1	85	3.8	85	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	15	21.7	0.7
Ewanrigg	100	4.8	105	5.2	105	5.2	0	0.0	0.0	10	9.2	0.4
Flimby	35	3.1	40	3.7	35	3.4	-5	-7.5	-0.3	5	8.8	0.3
Harrington	25	1.2	30	1.6	35	1.7	0	6.5	0.1	10	43.5	0.5
Holme	15	1.6	20	1.8	20	2.1	5	15.8	0.3	5	29.4	0.5
Keswick	20	0.7	40	1.3	35	1.1	-5	-15.4	-0.2	10	57.1	0.4
Marsh	5	0.5	5	0.7	10	0.9	0	28.6	0.2	5	80.0	0.4
Moorclose	125	4.2	190	6.4	190	6.5	0	0.5	0.0	65	52.8	2.2
Moss Bay	175	5.5	235	7.3	230	7.2	-5	-1.3	-0.1	55	31.1	1.7
Netherhall	80	4.2	100	5.5	100	5.4	0	-1.0	-0.1	25	29.5	1.2
Seaton	45	1.4	65	2.1	70	2.2	5	4.6	0.1	25	54.5	0.8
Silloth	35	1.8	45	2.4	45	2.4	0	-2.2	-0.1	10	29.4	0.5
Solway	10	0.8	20	2.0	20	2.3	5	15.8	0.3	15	175.0	1.5
St John's	80	2.3	90	2.6	90	2.6	0	-1.1	0.0	10	11.2	0.3
St Michael's	160	5.0	200	6.2	200	6.3	5	2.0	0.1	40	26.2	1.3
Stainburn	10	1.0	20	1.6	20	1.8	0	11.1	0.2	10	81.8	0.8
Wampool	5	0.4	10	1.0	10	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	5	150.0	0.6
Warnell	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	-50.0	-0.2
Waver	15	1.2	10	1.0	10	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	-15.4	-0.2
Wharrels	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	33.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Wigton	55	1.5	50	1.4	50	1.5	0	2.0	0.0	0	-1.9	0.0

# Labour Market Briefing

## April 2018

### Barrow – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Barrow	1,170	2.8	1,080	2.6	1,070	2.6	-10	-0.8	0.0	-100	-8.4	-0.2
Barrow Island	140	8.4	120	7.2	120	7.3	0	0.8	0.1	15	-13.6	-1.1
Central	155	5.6	170	6.1	170	6.1	0	0.6	0.0	-10	9.7	0.5
Dalton North	50	1.4	45	1.1	40	1.1	0	-2.3	0.0	-10	-19.2	-0.3
Dalton South	65	1.8	55	1.5	55	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	-14.1	-0.2
Hawcoat	20	0.7	20	0.8	20	0.8	0	5.3	0.0	-5	11.1	0.1
Hindpool	200	5.6	195	5.5	195	5.5	0	0.5	0.0	-5	-2.5	-0.1
Newbarns	45	1.4	45	1.4	45	1.3	0	-2.2	0.0	-25	-6.4	-0.1
Ormsgill	165	4.4	135	3.6	140	3.7	5	2.9	0.1	-10	-15.1	-0.7
Parkside	70	2.1	60	1.7	65	1.8	5	8.6	0.1	-15	-12.5	-0.3
Risedale	140	3.7	135	3.5	130	3.4	-5	-3.7	-0.1	-10	-9.2	-0.3
Roosecote	20	0.8	20	0.7	10	0.4	-10	-42.1	-0.3	-5	-47.6	-0.4
Walney North	55	1.8	50	1.6	50	1.6	0	-2.0	0.0	-5	-11.1	-0.2
Walney South	40	1.2	40	1.2	30	1.0	-5	-15.8	-0.2	10	-15.8	-0.2

### Carlisle – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Carlisle	965	1.5	1,065	1.6	1,105	1.7	40	3.6	0.1	140	14.3	0.2
Belah	30	0.9	35	0.9	40	1.1	5	18.2	0.2	10	25.8	0.2
Belle Vue	70	1.7	60	1.5	60	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	-10	-11.4	-0.2
Botcherby	85	2.2	100	2.6	100	2.7	0	1.0	0.0	20	22.9	0.5
Brampton	35	1.3	40	1.5	40	1.5	0	-2.4	0.0	5	10.8	0.1
Burgh	10	0.7	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-44.4	-0.3
Castle	95	2.3	115	2.8	115	2.9	0	1.7	0.0	25	24.5	0.6
Currock	80	2.0	90	2.2	95	2.3	5	4.5	0.1	10	13.4	0.3
Dalston	25	0.6	30	0.8	30	0.8	0	3.4	0.0	5	30.4	0.2
Denton Holme	80	1.8	95	2.2	100	2.3	5	6.3	0.1	20	27.8	0.5
Great Corby and Geltsdale	10	0.7	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-44.4	-0.3
Harraby	45	1.0	50	1.2	55	1.3	5	5.9	0.1	10	20.0	0.2
Hayton	5	0.4	10	0.7	10	0.9	0	25.0	0.2	5	100.0	0.4
Irthing	10	0.9	10	0.9	5	0.6	-5	-36.4	-0.3	-5	-36.4	-0.3
Longtown & Rockcliffe	30	1.2	35	1.4	35	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	5	17.2	0.2
Lyne	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Morton	90	2.5	80	2.3	85	2.4	0	2.5	0.1	-5	-7.8	-0.2
St Aidans	90	2.2	100	2.4	105	2.6	5	5.1	0.1	15	16.9	0.4
Stanwix Rural	10	0.4	15	0.5	15	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	25.0	0.1
Stanwix Urban	25	0.8	25	0.8	25	0.8	0	-3.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Upperby	105	3.2	120	3.6	125	3.8	5	5.1	0.2	20	18.1	0.6
Wetheral	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Yewdale	25	0.8	35	1.0	40	1.2	5	17.1	0.2	15	57.7	0.4

# Labour Market Briefing

## April 2018

### Copeland – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons			All Persons		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Monthly Change			Annual Change		
							No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Copeland	1,065	2.5	1,315	3.1	1,300	3.1	-10	-0.9	0.0	235	21.9	0.6
Arlecdon	10	1.1	20	1.8	15	1.6	0	-11.1	-0.2	5	45.5	0.0
Beckermet	25	1.4	25	1.6	25	1.5	0	-3.7	-0.1	0	8.3	0.0
Bootle	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Bransty	35	1.1	45	1.4	45	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	10	25.0	0.0
Cleator Moor North	65	2.5	95	3.6	85	3.3	-10	-8.5	-0.3	20	32.3	0.0
Cleator Moor South	60	3.5	80	4.6	70	4.1	-10	-10.3	-0.5	10	18.6	0.0
Distington	70	2.9	95	4.0	100	4.2	5	4.2	0.2	30	43.5	0.0
Egremont North	80	3.0	110	4.1	105	3.9	-5	-5.4	-0.2	25	31.2	0.0
Egremont South	40	2.0	65	3.1	70	3.2	0	3.0	0.1	25	61.9	0.0
Ennerdale	5	1.0	5	1.0	5	0.8	0	-16.7	-0.2	0	-16.7	0.0
Frizington	50	3.2	65	4.1	70	4.3	5	6.1	0.2	20	34.6	0.0
Gosforth	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	33.3	0.0
Harbour	130	5.5	170	7.2	170	7.2	0	0.0	0.0	40	31.3	0.0
Haverigg	10	0.8	10	0.7	5	0.6	0	-12.5	-0.1	-5	-30.0	0.0
Hensingham	60	2.6	65	2.8	70	3.0	5	7.5	0.2	10	16.1	0.0
Hillcrest	10	0.6	15	0.8	10	0.7	0	-15.4	-0.1	0	10.0	0.0
Holborn Hill	50	3.0	40	2.4	40	2.4	0	-2.6	-0.1	-10	-20.8	0.0
Kells	40	2.5	40	2.7	40	2.5	0	-4.9	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Millom Without	5	0.7	5	0.7	5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Mirehouse	95	3.6	125	4.8	125	4.7	0	-0.8	0.0	30	31.6	0.0
Moresby	15	1.9	10	1.6	15	1.9	0	16.7	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Newtown	70	3.6	60	2.9	55	2.8	-5	-5.2	-0.2	-15	-22.5	0.0
Sandwith	100	5.5	125	6.9	125	7.0	0	1.6	0.1	25	27.6	0.0
Seascale	15	0.8	15	1.1	20	1.4	5	29.4	0.3	10	69.2	0.0
St Bees	20	1.9	20	1.7	20	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	-10.0	0.0

# Labour Market Briefing

## April 2018

### Eden – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons			All Persons		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Monthly Change			Annual Change		
							No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
Eden	250	0.8	265	0.9	270	0.9	0	0.8	0.0	15	6.8	0.1
Alston Moor	25	1.8	20	1.4	20	1.5	0	5.6	0.1	-5	-20.8	-0.4
Appleby (Appleby)	10	2.0	15	2.1	15	2.6	5	23.1	0.5	5	33.3	0.7
Appleby (Bongate)	5	0.7	5	0.3	0	#	0	-33.3	-0.1	-5	-71.4	-0.5
Askham	5	0.8	5	0.7	5	0.5	0	-33.3	-0.2	-5	-42.9	-0.4
Brough	5	0.5	5	0.8	5	0.6	0	-16.7	-0.1	0	25.0	0.1
Crosby Ravensworth	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.1
Dacre	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	-33.3	-0.1
Eamont	0	#	5	0.4	0	#	0	-66.7	-0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Greystoke	5	0.4	0	#	5	0.4	0	50.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Hartside	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	200.0	0.3
Hesket	5	0.4	10	0.5	10	0.5	0	-10.0	-0.1	0	28.6	0.1
Kirkby Stephen	10	0.8	25	1.6	20	1.4	0	-8.7	-0.1	10	90.9	0.7
Kirkby Thore	10	1.3	5	0.7	10	1.0	0	28.6	0.2	-5	-25.0	-0.3
Kirkoswald	5	0.6	5	0.6	5	0.5	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.1
Langwathby	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.3	0	-25.0	-0.1	0	50.0	0.1
Lazonby	0	#	10	1.1	10	1.1	0	0.0	0.0	10	400.0	0.9
Long Marton	5	0.7	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	-40.0	-0.3
Morland	0	#	0	#	5	0.4	0	50.0	0.1	0	50.0	0.1
Orton with Tebay	5	0.5	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-75.0	-0.4
Penrith Carleton	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.1	0	-50.0	-0.1
Penrith East	20	1.2	30	1.7	30	1.9	5	10.7	0.2	10	55.0	0.7
Penrith North	25	1.0	20	0.9	20	0.8	0	-9.1	-0.1	-5	-16.7	-0.2
Penrith Pategill	0	#	15	1.7	15	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	10	550.0	1.5
Penrith South	20	1.4	20	1.2	20	1.4	0	10.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Penrith West	40	1.8	35	1.7	35	1.7	0	-2.7	0.0	-5	-7.7	-0.1
Ravenstonedale	0	#	5	0.7	5	0.9	0	25.0	0.2	5	400.0	0.7
Shap	10	1.4	15	1.6	15	1.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	8.3	0.1
Skelton	5	0.5	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	-5	-60.0	-0.3
Ullswater	5	0.9	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-57.1	-0.5
Warcop	5	0.5	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	33.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0

# Labour Market Briefing

## April 2018

### South Lakeland – Claimant Count

	Mar 2017		Feb 2018		Mar 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	817,320	2.0	874,430	2.1	890,525	2.1	16,090	1.8	0.0	73,205	9.0	0.2
North West	110,680	2.4	121,600	2.7	123,550	2.7	1,950	1.6	0.0	12,870	11.6	0.3
Cumbria	5,125	1.7	5,790	1.9	5,795	1.9	5	0.1	0.0	675	13.2	0.2
South Lakeland	385	0.7	410	0.7	390	0.7	-25	-5.6	0.0	0	0.3	0.0
Ambleside and Grasmere	10	0.4	10	0.4	10	0.3	0	-11.1	0.0	0	-11.1	0.0
Arnside and Beetham	5	0.4	10	0.4	5	0.4	0	-12.5	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Broughton	10	0.8	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-16.7	-0.1	-5	-50.0	-0.4
Burneside	5	0.5	10	0.7	5	0.5	-5	-37.5	-0.3	0	-16.7	-0.1
Burton and Holme	5	0.3	5	0.2	5	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	-16.7	0.0
Cartmel and Grange West	5	0.5	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-60.0	-0.3
Coniston and Crake Valley	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.6	0	66.7	0.2	0	66.7	0.2
Crooklands	5	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.3	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.1
Grange North	10	1.0	5	0.8	10	1.1	0	28.6	0.2	0	12.5	0.1
Grange South	5	0.5	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	25.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Hawkshead	0	#	5	0.6	5	0.3	-5	-50.0	-0.3	0	200.0	0.2
Holker	5	0.4	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	5	100.0	0.4
Kendal Castle	5	0.6	10	0.8	5	0.6	0	-25.0	-0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Kendal Far Cross	10	0.8	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	-10.0	-0.1	0	-18.2	-0.1
Kendal Fell	15	1.0	15	1.0	10	0.7	-5	-31.2	-0.3	-5	-26.7	-0.3
Kendal Heron Hill	0	#	5	0.5	5	0.3	0	-40.0	-0.2	0	50.0	0.1
Kendal Highgate	20	1.3	15	1.1	10	0.7	-5	-33.3	-0.4	-10	-44.4	-0.6
Kendal Kirkland	25	1.8	25	1.8	25	1.9	0	8.7	0.2	0	4.2	0.1
Kendal Mintsfeet	15	0.9	15	1.2	15	1.0	0	-12.5	-0.1	0	7.7	0.1
Kendal Nether	10	0.7	10	0.7	15	1.1	5	44.4	0.3	5	44.4	0.3
Kendal Oxenholme and Natland	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	16.7	0.1	5	75.0	0.3
Kendal Parks	5	0.4	5	0.3	5	0.4	0	25.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Kendal Romney	15	1.0	15	1.1	15	1.2	0	6.7	0.1	5	23.1	0.2
Kendal Stonecross	5	0.4	15	1.0	10	0.8	-5	-23.1	-0.2	5	100.0	0.4
Kendal Strickland	5	0.5	10	0.8	10	0.7	0	-20.0	-0.2	0	33.3	0.2
Kendal Underley	10	0.8	15	0.9	10	0.6	-5	-30.8	-0.3	0	-18.2	-0.1
Levens	5	0.3	5	0.6	5	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	5	133.3	0.4
Low Furness	10	0.9	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-37.5	-0.3
Lyth Valley	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.2	0	-50.0	-0.2
Mid Furness	5	0.3	10	0.5	10	0.4	0	-9.1	0.0	5	66.7	0.2
Milnthorpe	10	0.7	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-9.1	-0.1	0	11.1	0.1
Sedbergh and Kirkby Lonsdale	10	0.3	10	0.3	10	0.3	0	10.0	0.0	0	10.0	0.0
Staveley-in-Cartmel	5	0.3	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	-50.0	-0.2
Staveley-in-Westmorland	5	0.3	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-33.3	-0.1
Ulverston Central	20	1.8	20	1.7	20	1.8	0	5.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Ulverston East	40	2.5	30	2.0	30	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-18.4	-0.5
Ulverston North	15	1.4	10	1.0	10	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-25.0	-0.3
Ulverston South	10	0.9	10	0.9	10	0.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Ulverston Town	15	1.4	20	1.9	20	1.9	0	0.0	0.0	5	37.5	0.5
Ulverston West	5	0.3	5	0.6	5	0.5	0	-16.7	-0.1	0	66.7	0.2
Whinfell	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-60.0	-0.2
Windermere Appletwhaite and Troutbeck	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Windermere Bowness North	5	0.4	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	5	100.0	0.4
Windermere Bowness South	10	0.6	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-14.3	-0.1	0	-25.0	-0.1
Windermere Town	10	0.6	10	0.6	10	0.7	0	25.0	0.1	0	25.0	0.1