

### **Introduction**

This briefing contains the latest data for Cumbria relating to the Claimant Count, Joblessness (UK only), NEETs, job postings, business start-ups and Companies House incorporations and is produced monthly on the day that the Office for National Statistics (ONS) releases claimant data.

It should be noted that the “jobless” figures used extensively by the press are derived from a public survey. As this includes non-claimants looking for work and utilises a different population denominator, it can produce different trends to the claimant-only counts and should not be directly compared to the claimant count data. Sample sizes from the survey are too small to be reliable for local areas. However, ONS now produces quarterly modelled unemployment data for local areas which incorporates both claimant count and survey data and these data are included on page 10. It should also be noted that historical data are revised regularly and therefore data in this briefing should not be compared directly with that published in previous briefings.

**Universal Credit – Important Note:** There have been marked increases in the claimant count in areas where Full Service Universal Credit is in operation (currently Workington and Whitehaven JobCentres in Cumbria). In part this is because UC requires a broader span of people to look for work than was the case for legacy benefits and also because new claimants awaiting or appealing Work Capability Assessments are included when they wouldn’t have been under the JSA based claimant count.

*Users are therefore encouraged to interpret monthly movements in the claimant count with caution as changes may be due to administration of Universal Credit rather than reflecting local labour market conditions.*

**NB: The claimant count was taken on 10<sup>th</sup> May 2018.**

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## 1. KEY FINDINGS FOR CUMBRIA

### **Local Claimant Data**

- In May 2018 there were 5,725 people in Cumbria claiming either JSA or Universal Credit (those not in employment but required to seek work), a fall of 250 from last month and the 1<sup>st</sup> fall in Cumbria since October 2017;
- Nationally the non-seasonally adjusted claimant count fell by 22,375 from last month;
- The claimant count in Cumbria is 400 higher than a year ago and 92,865 higher nationally;
- The claimant count fell in Allerdale (-105), Barrow (-50), Carlisle (-20), Copeland (-60) and Eden (-10) and was unchanged in South Lakeland;
- The claimant rate in May 2018 in Cumbria was 1.9% which is 0.1 lower than last month and is 0.3 lower than the national rate of 2.2%;
- Claimant rates are above the national average in Allerdale (2.9%), Barrow (2.4%) and Copeland (3.1%);
- Claimant rates for all age groups 18 to 34 in Cumbria are above the national average;
- The modelled unemployment count in Cumbria (which includes estimates of non-claimants) was 8,000 in the year to Dec 2017 giving a rate of 3.2% compared to 4.4% nationally. The modelled unemployment rates in Allerdale (4.0%), Barrow (4.4%) and Copeland (4.3%) are higher than nationally. *Note: the modelled unemployment rate is % of the economically active population aged 16+ and is only released quarterly in arrears.*

### **Universal Credit & other DWP Out of Work Benefits (see UC rollout notes on page 11)**

- In May 2018 there were 9,282 Universal Credit claimants in Cumbria, a rise of 82 from the previous month;
- 39.7% of UC claimants in Cumbria were in the “searching for work” conditionality group;
- 60.4% of UC claimants in Cumbria were not in employment with 39.6% in employment;
- In Dec 2017 there were 7,492 households on UC; 58.4% were single households with no child dependants (household UC data are only released 6 monthly);
- In Dec 2017, the lowest household award amount was under £100 (291 households, 5.5% of those in receipt of a payment) and the highest was over £1,500 (180 households, 2.9%).
- In Nov 2017, 8.6% of 16-64 year olds in Cumbria were claiming a DWP out of work benefit (GB 8.7%). Rates were higher than average in Barrow (12.4%), Copeland (10.3%), Carlisle (9.3%) and Allerdale (9.2%).

### **NEETs**

- In Apr 2018 there were 441 16-17 year olds in Cumbria reported as NEET, a rise of 40 from the previous month (+9.1%) but 66 lower than the same month last year (-13.0%);
- In Apr 2018 the NEET rate for 16-17 year olds in Cumbria was 4.4% up by 0.4 from last month and down by 0.5 from a year ago;
- Cumbria’s NEET rate of 4.4% compares to a national rate of 6.6%;
- Carlisle had the highest NEET rate in the county (5.1%);
- In Apr 2018, 92.5% 16-17 year olds in Cumbria were classed as participating, mostly in full time education or training (77.6%) or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.5%). This compares to 91.9% nationally. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average – 92.4% v 88.1%.

#### ***Live Apprenticeship Vacancies***

- There were 169 live Apprenticeship vacancies in May 2018;
- 130 individual employers had live vacancies, offered via 35 different providers;
- Carlisle and South Lakeland together accounted for half of live vacancies;
- Health, public services & care had the highest volume of live vacancies with 23 (13.6%) followed by business, Admin & Law with 22 (13.0%).

#### ***Job Postings***

- There were 1,932 job postings in Cumbria in May 2018;
- The Carlisle area accounted for 42.3% of all job postings (633 postings);
- Human health had the highest number of postings with 363 (29.3%);
- Health professionals were the most in demand occupation (184, 9.5%) followed by Science, research, engineering & technical professionals (146, 7.6%);
- Communication (32.4%) and organisational skills (15.7%) were the most commonly mentioned baseline skills with customer service (19.8%) and teamwork (16.2%) the most common specialised skills;
- The National Health Service placed the highest number of postings (184, 20.8%) followed by Cumbria County Council (47, 5.3%);
- The highest proportion of jobs fell into the £15,000-£19,999 salary range (32.5%) with the mean advertised salary being £30,000 and the median salary £25,400;
- The most frequently required qualifications were Bachelor's degrees (35.4%) and GCSE/NVQ (31.4%).

#### ***Business Start-Ups & Companies House Incorporations***

- There were 438 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter to end Apr 2018, 14 more than in the previous quarter but 149 fewer than the same quarter last year;
- The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland where there were 114 (26.0%);
- The sector with the highest number of start-ups was real estate, professional services & support services with 116 (26.5% of all start-ups);
- Barrow had the highest start up rate per 100 active enterprises with 12.9 starts per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 5.8 (England 15.6);
- South Lakeland had the highest start up rates as a proportion of working age residents with 76.2 per 10,000 working age resident. Copeland had the lowest with 40.9 starts per 10,000 working age residents (England 104.1);
- There were 172 new Companies House incorporations in Cumbria in Apr 2018 a fall of 47 from the previous month but a rise of 8 from the same month last year;
- South Lakeland (35), Allerdale (38) and Barrow (33) had the highest number of new incorporations.

## 2. **NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET OVERVIEW**

- Estimates from the Labour Force Survey show that, between November 2017 to January 2018 and February to April 2018, the number of people in work increased, the number of unemployed people decreased and the number of people aged from 16 to 64 years not working and not seeking or available to work (economically inactive) also decreased.
- There were 32.39 million people in work, 146,000 more than for November 2017 to January 2018 and 440,000 more than for a year earlier.
- The employment rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were in work) was 75.6%, higher than for a year earlier (74.8%) and the joint highest since comparable records began in 1971.
- There were 1.42 million unemployed people (people not in work but seeking and available to work), 38,000 fewer than for November 2017 to January 2018 and 115,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The unemployment rate (the proportion of people in work plus unemployed people, who were unemployed) was 4.2%, down from 4.6% for a year earlier and the joint lowest since 1975.
- There were 8.65 million people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive (not working and not seeking or available to work), 72,000 fewer than for November 2017 to January 2018 and 200,000 fewer than for a year earlier.
- The inactivity rate (the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who were economically inactive) was 21.0%, lower than for a year earlier (21.5%) and the joint lowest since comparable records began in 1971.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in nominal terms (that is, not adjusted for price inflation) increased by 2.8% excluding bonuses, and by 2.5% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.
- Latest estimates show that average weekly earnings for employees in Great Britain in real terms (that is, adjusted for price inflation) increased by 0.4% excluding bonuses, and by 0.1% including bonuses, compared with a year earlier.

### 3. LOCAL UNEMPLOYMENT DATA

#### Claimant Count (JSA & Out of Work UC Claimants)

*ONS data note – “Under Universal Credit a broader span of claimants are required to look for work than under Jobseeker's Allowance. As Universal Credit Full Service is rolled out in particular areas, the number of people recorded as being on the Claimant Count is therefore likely to rise.” This is particularly affecting figures for Allerdale and Copeland where full service UC has been implemented at Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres.*

The claimant count in Cumbria in May 2018 was 5,725 persons, a fall of 250 from April, the first fall since October 2017. The claimant rate was down 0.1 at 1.9% which is 0.3 below the UK rate of 2.2%. However, rates in Allerdale, Barrow and Copeland are above the national average (2.9%, 2.4% and 3.1% respectively). The non-seasonally adjusted count fell in all districts except South Lakeland where it was unchanged. The biggest fall was in Allerdale where the count fell by 105.

Compared to a year ago, Cumbria's claimant count has risen by 400, an increase of 7.5% compared to a rise of 11.4% nationally although the introduction of Universal Credit is a factor as 2 of Cumbria's 6 Jobcentres (Workington and Whitehaven) are on Full Service UC. The count in all districts except Barrow is higher than a year ago.

**Figure 1: Claimant Count, May 2018**

	Male		Female		All Persons		Monthly Change (all persons)			Annual Change (all persons)		
	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	Rate	No	% chg	Rate chg	No	% chg	Rate chg
United Kingdom	556,105	2.7	348,205	1.7	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	77,180	3.4	48,685	2.1	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	3,620	2.4	2,105	1.4	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Allerdale **	1,035	3.6	660	2.3	1,690	2.9	-105	-5.7	-0.2	280	19.9	0.5
Barrow in Furness	680	3.3	320	1.5	1,000	2.4	-50	-4.7	-0.1	-145	-12.7	-0.4
Carlisle	675	2.1	405	1.2	1,080	1.6	-20	-1.9	0.0	65	6.6	0.1
Copeland **	830	3.9	490	2.3	1,320	3.1	-60	-4.4	-0.1	170	14.8	0.4
Eden	155	1.0	95	0.6	255	0.8	-10	-4.5	0.0	20	7.6	0.1
South Lakeland	240	0.8	135	0.5	375	0.6	0	-0.5	0.0	10	3.0	0.0
Barrow JCP	825	n/a	370	n/a	1,195	n/a	-70	-5.4	n/a	-175	-12.7	n/a
Carlisle JCP	735	n/a	430	n/a	1,165	n/a	-45	-3.7	n/a	20	1.6	n/a
Kendal JCP	145	n/a	100	n/a	245	n/a	5	2.5	n/a	-10	-4.7	n/a
Penrith JCP	135	n/a	95	n/a	230	n/a	-5	-1.7	n/a	20	9.0	n/a
Whitehaven JCP **	740	n/a	445	n/a	1,180	n/a	-50	-4.1	n/a	200	20.2	n/a
Workington JCP **	1,025	n/a	660	n/a	1,685	n/a	-90	-5.2	n/a	330	24.2	n/a

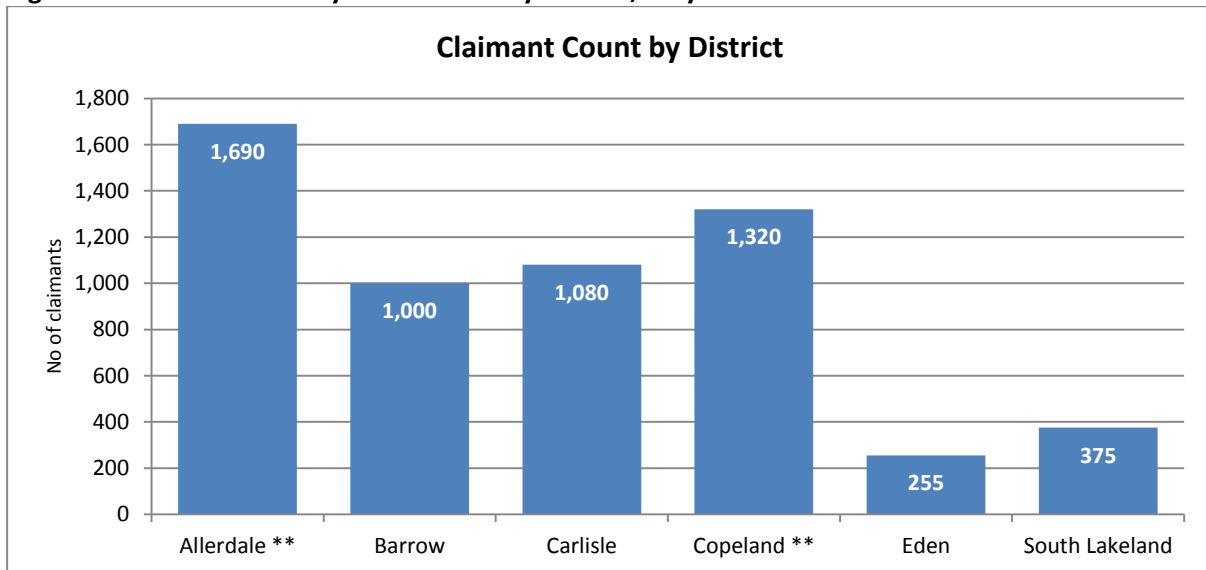
Source: ONS/DWP, shading indicates local rates above the UK average

Note 1: Due to rounding, totals may not sum

Note 2: JCP = JobCentre Plus office areas. Rates are not available for these areas.

Note3: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

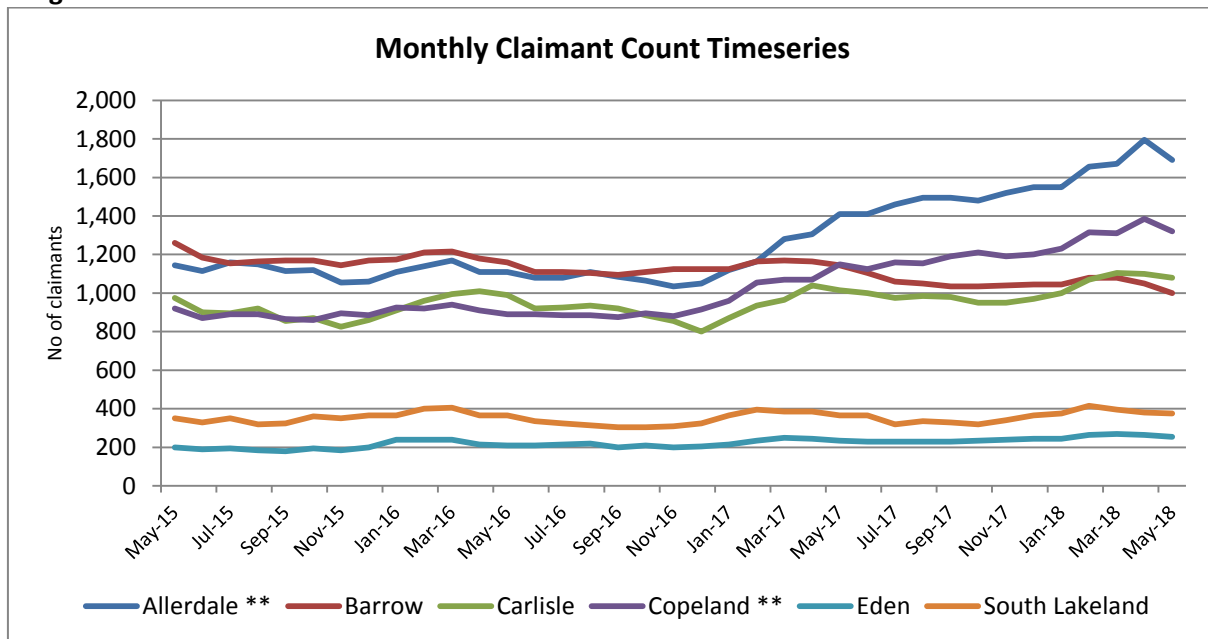
**Figure 2: Claimant Count by Local Authority District, May 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

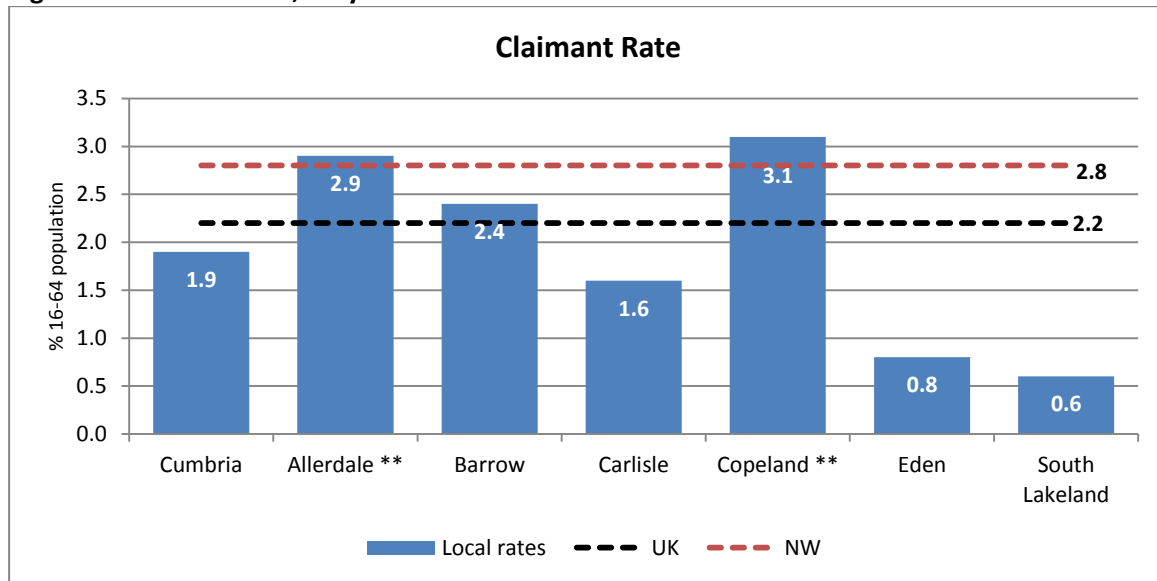
**Figure 3: District Claimant Count Timeseries**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* counts in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

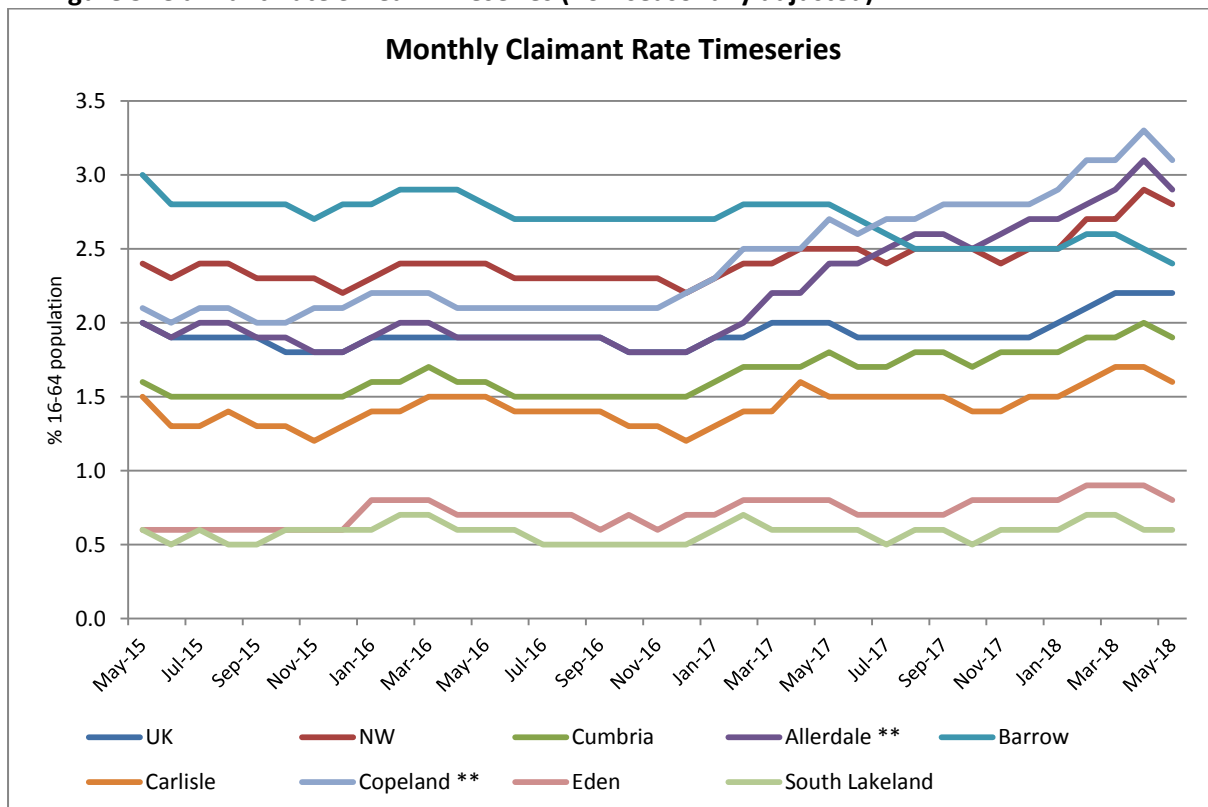
**Figure 4: Claimant Rate, May 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

**Figure 5: Claimant Rate 3-Year Timeseries (non-seasonally adjusted)**



Source: ONS/DWP

Note: \*\* rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

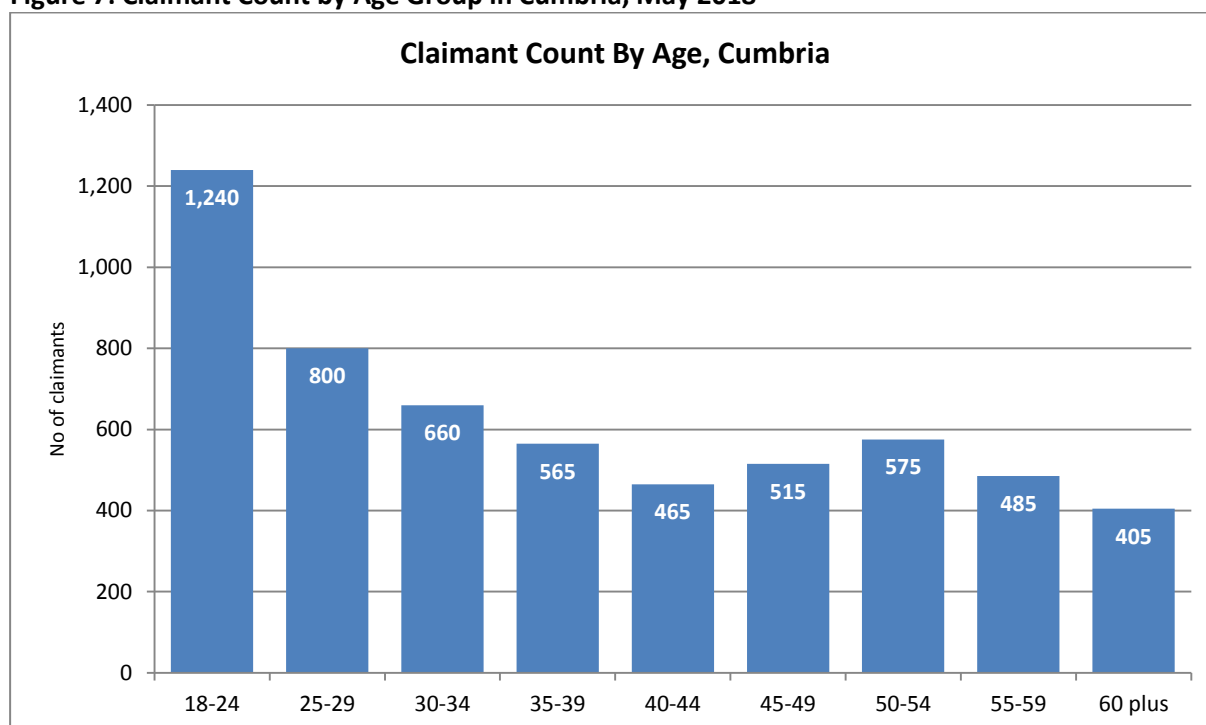
**Figure 6: Claimant Count / Rate by Age Group in Cumbria, May 2018**

	Claimant Count by Age										
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	1,655	173,960	119,070	104,755	91,565	82,410	91,265	92,075	82,620	64,080	904,310
NW	170	24,630	18,260	15,945	13,295	11,395	12,450	11,775	10,205	7,695	125,865
Cumbria	15	1,240	800	660	565	465	515	575	485	405	5,725
Allerdale **	0	365	230	215	170	140	150	175	135	110	1,690
Barrow	0	255	155	115	90	75	95	85	70	70	1,000
Carlisle	5	235	145	130	105	90	85	115	100	70	1,080
Copeland **	5	270	205	145	145	105	115	120	115	100	1,320
Eden	0	40	25	25	25	15	25	40	30	30	255
South Lakeland	0	75	45	35	30	40	40	45	40	25	375
	Claimant Rate by Age										
	16-17	18-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60+	Total
UK	0.1	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.2
NW	0.1	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.8
Cumbria	0.1	3.4	3.1	2.6	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.9
Allerdale	0.0	5.3	4.7	4.4	3.4	2.6	2.0	2.3	1.9	1.7	2.9
Barrow	0.0	4.8	3.8	3.0	2.6	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.4
Carlisle	0.2	2.6	2.4	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.6
Copeland	0.4	5.3	5.2	3.8	4.0	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	3.1
Eden	0.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.8
South Lakeland	0.0	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6

Source: ONS/DWP Note: due to rounding, totals may not sum. Shading indicates local rates above the UK rate.

Note: \*\* counts & rates in these areas are disproportionately affected by the introduction of Full Service Universal Credit

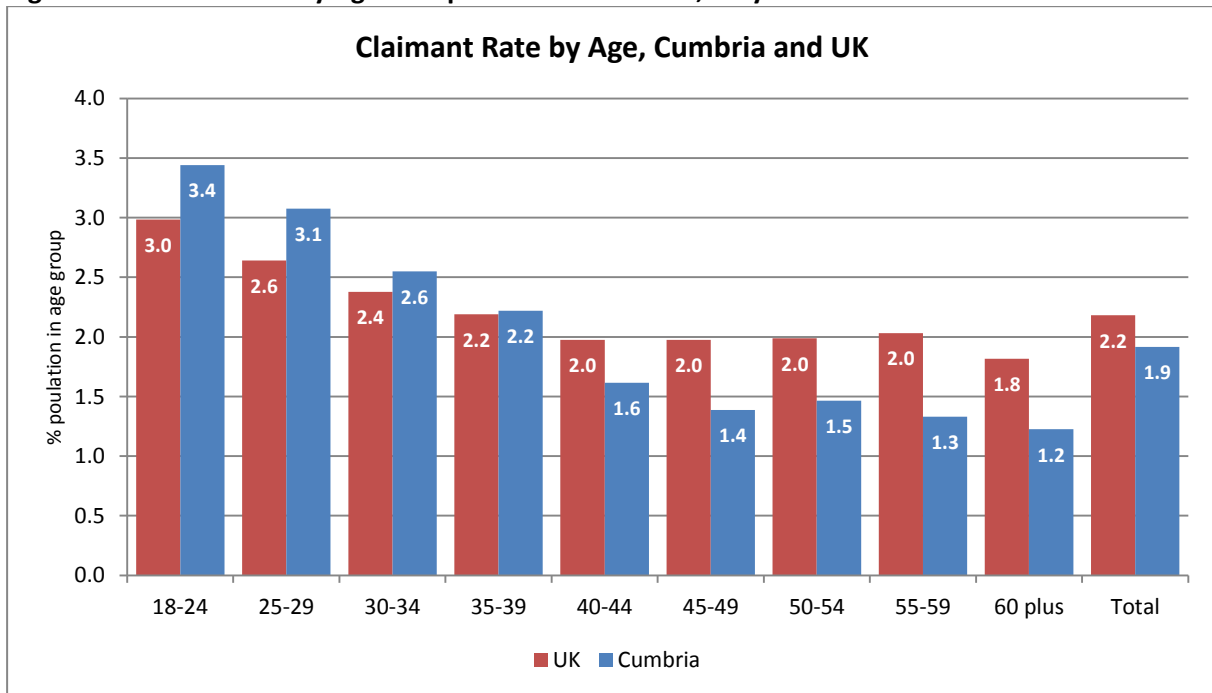
**Figure 7: Claimant Count by Age Group in Cumbria, May 2018**



Source: ONS/DWP



Figure 8: Claimant Rate by Age Group in Cumbria and UK, May 2018



Source: ONS/DWP

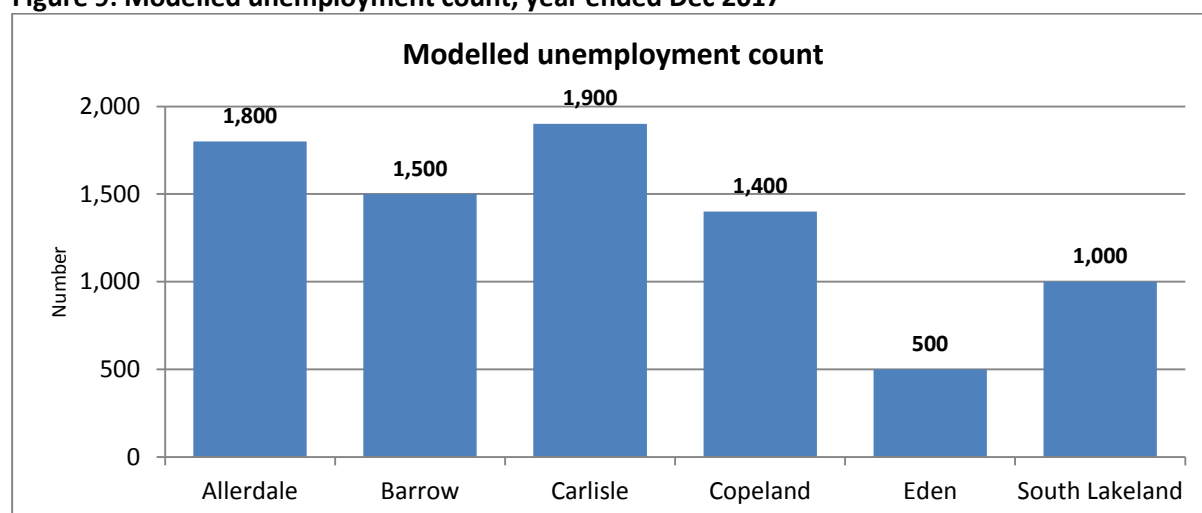
### Modelled Unemployment

The Office for National Statistics produces modelled unemployment data for local authorities which uses a combination of survey data and claimant count data to estimate the number of unemployed in an area including non-claimants. NB: These data are only updated quarterly.

*Note: An important difference between these estimates and the official claimant count is the denominator used to calculate rates. For the claimant count the denominator is all those aged 16-64 but for the model-based rates it is the economically active population aged 16+ (ie those who are in work or out of work but actively seeking work). It is important therefore that rates are not directly compared. Please also note that these are estimates not administrative counts.*

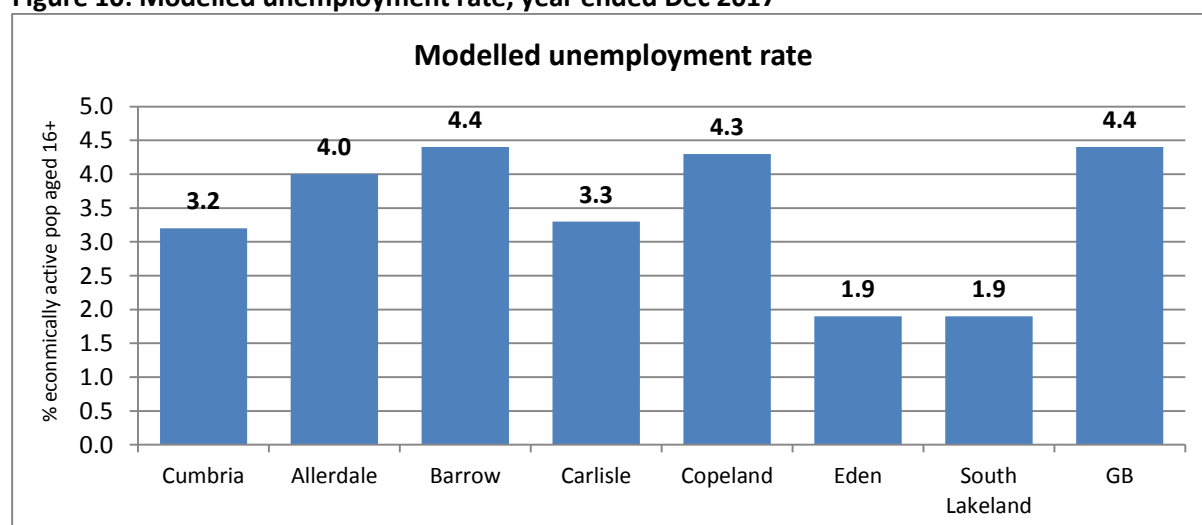
In the year ended Dec 2017, it is estimated that there were 8,000 unemployed people in Cumbria, giving a rate of 3.2%. This compares to a national rate of 4.4%. The estimated rate in Barrow is the same as nationally but it is lower in all other districts. . The modelled count rose by 1,500 from the previous quarter and the rate was up 0.6, but the count is down 1,800 from a year ago and the rate is down by 0.8.

**Figure 9: Modelled unemployment count, year ended Dec 2017**



Source: ONS

**Figure 10: Modelled unemployment rate, year ended Dec 2017**



Source: ONS

### 4. UNIVERSAL CREDIT & OTHER DWP OUT OF WORK BENEFITS

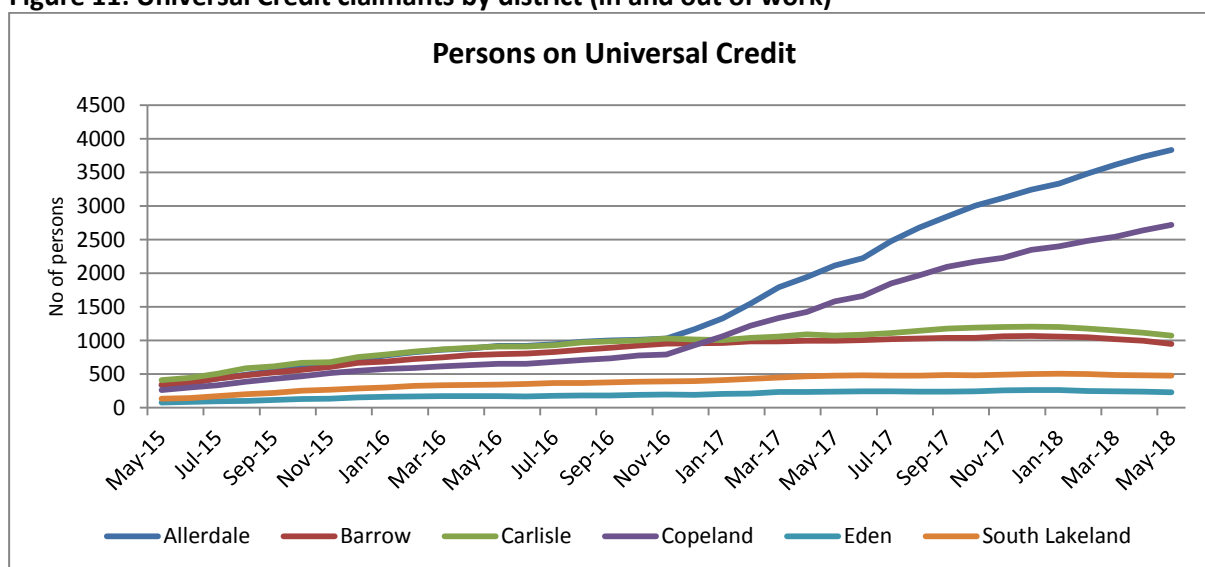
#### Universal Credit

Universal Credit (UC) is a single monthly payment for people in or out of work which replaces existing benefits including Housing Benefit, Child Tax Credit, Income Support, Working Tax Credit, Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance, Income-related Employment and Support Allowance. UC is gradually being rolled out across the country - in "full service" areas most new claims will be for UC but in other areas there will be a mix of claimants on UC and on legacy benefits (since Jan 2018 no new claims for UC have been accepted in non-full service areas). Workington and Whitehaven Jobcentres went onto full service Nov 2016. Barrow, Carlisle and Penrith Jobcentres will do so in July 2018 and Kendal in Sep 2018. Nationally the roll out to full service is expected to be complete by Dec 2018.

**Note: due to the phased rollout, care should be taken when comparing areas or assessing change over time as eligibility for UC varies from area to area.**

In May 2018 there were 9,282 people on Universal Credit in Cumbria (both in work and out of work). This is a rise of 82 from the previous month. The highest numbers of UC claimants were in Allerdale (3,833) and Copeland (2,717) as is to be expected due to the time UC has been fully rolled out in the Jobcentres which service these areas.

**Figure 11: Universal Credit claimants by district (in and out of work)**



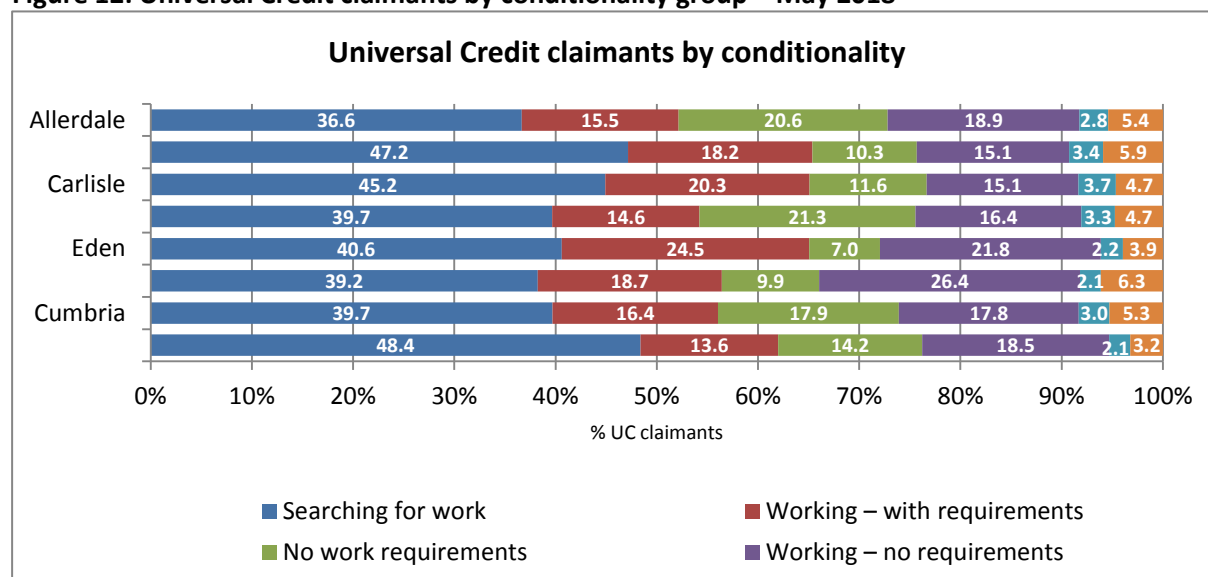
Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability and this determines what is expected of them during their claim. An outline of the conditions for each group is shown below.

Searching for work	Not working or with very low earnings. Claimant required to take action to seek work or more/better paid work.
Working – with requirements	In work but could earn more or not working but has partner with low earnings
No work requirements	Not expected to work at present. Health or caring responsibilities prevents claimant from working or preparing for work.
Working – no requirements	Individual or household earnings over the level at which conditionality applies.
Planning for work	Expected to work in the future. Lone parent / lead carer of child aged 1.
Preparing for work	Expected to start preparing for future even with limited work capability at present or child aged 2.

Overall in Cumbria, 39.7% of UC claimants are in the searching for work group but this varies from 47.2% in Barrow down to 36.6% in South Lakeland. Allerdale and Copeland have higher proportions of claimants in the “no work requirements” group as you would expect in areas where UC has been fully rolled out (in other areas most claimants will be on legacy benefits in these circumstances).

**Figure 12: Universal Credit claimants by conditionality group – May 2018**

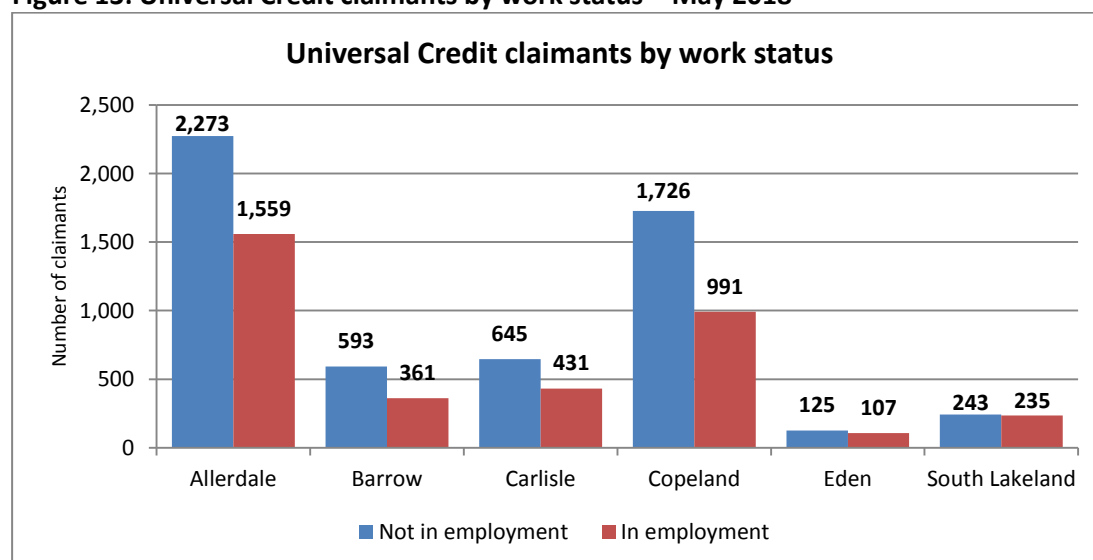


Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Conditionality is based on an individual's circumstances on the count date (2<sup>nd</sup> Thursday)

UC claimants are further categorised by employment status. This status is determined by whether the claimant received any employment earnings in the month prior to the count data. It is therefore possible in a small number of cases for someone to be classed as in work but have a conditionality of no work requirements on the day of the count (or the opposite).

60.4% (5,608) of UC Claimants in Cumbria are classified as not in employment and 39.6% (3,677) as in employment which is broadly similar to the national proportions.

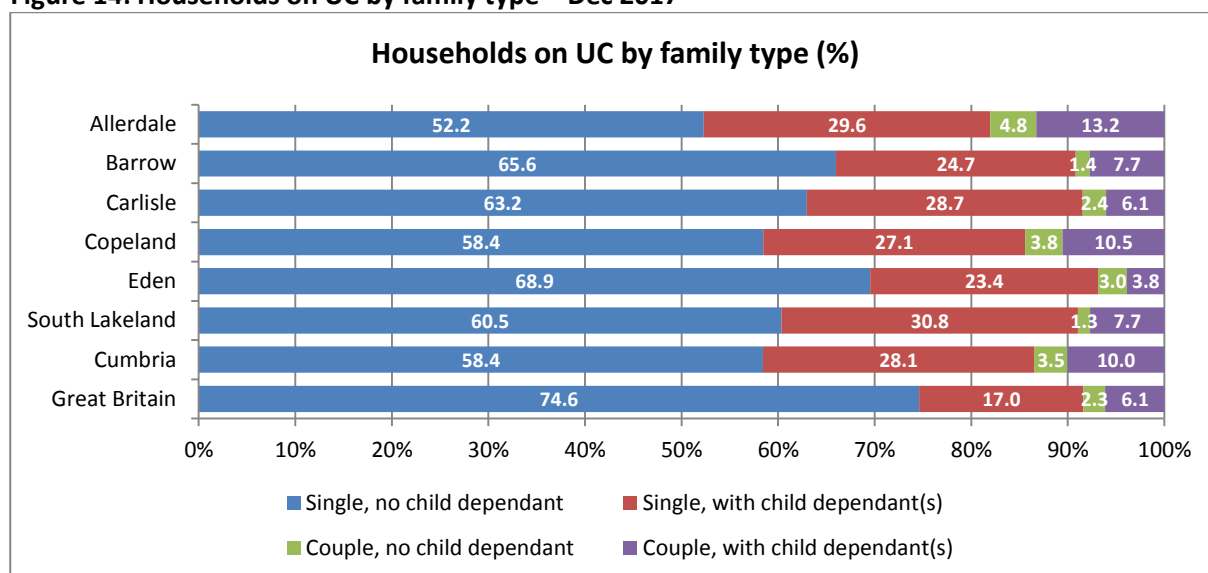
**Figure 13: Universal Credit claimants by work status – May 2018**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore Note: Employment status is determined by whether the claimant had employment earnings recorded within their completed UC assessment period closest to the count date (2<sup>nd</sup> Thursday). They may not be in employment on the count date itself.

Data for households on Universal Credit are only released 6 monthly but provide further detail on award amounts and family types. In December 2017 there were 7,492 households on Universal Credit in Cumbria (8,628 persons). The highest proportion of households (58.4%) were single households with no child dependants followed by 28.1% single households with dependants. This is influenced by the rollout as different “gateway” conditions apply at different stages of the rollout.

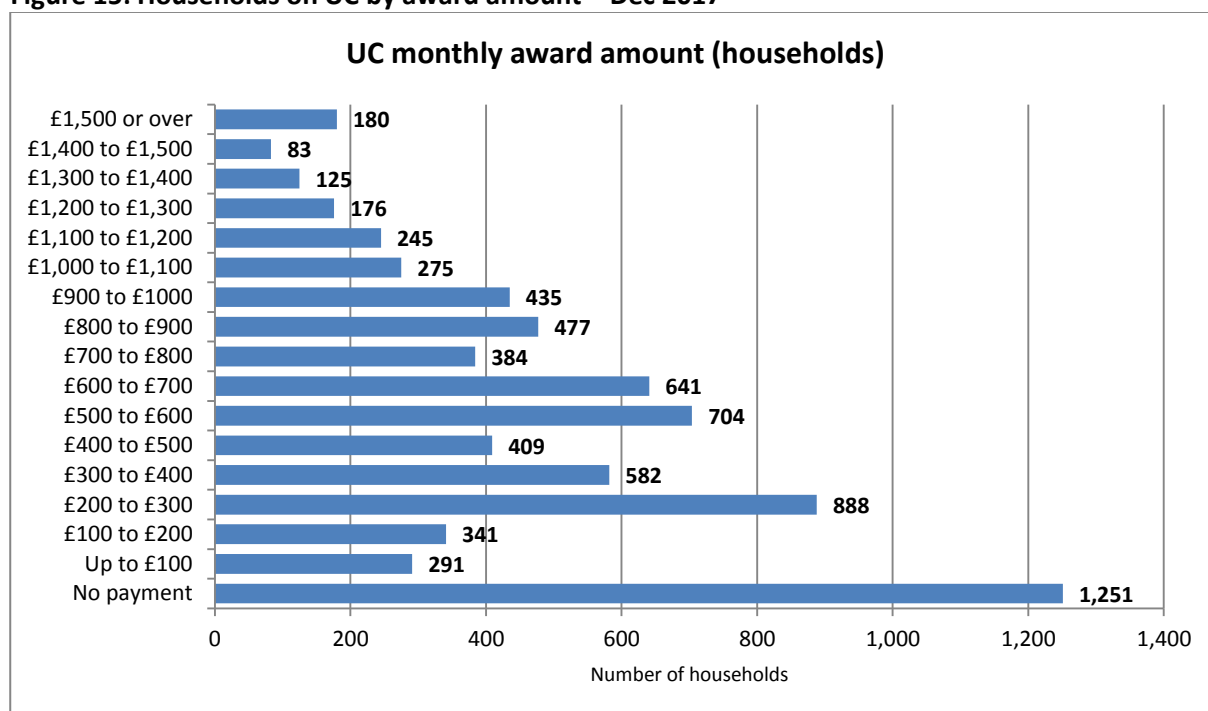
**Figure 14: Households on UC by family type – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Of the 7,492 households in Cumbria on UC in Dec 2017, 1,251 had not received a payment (16.7%). This may be because the award amount has not yet been calculated or because the household did not qualify to receive a payment in the month.

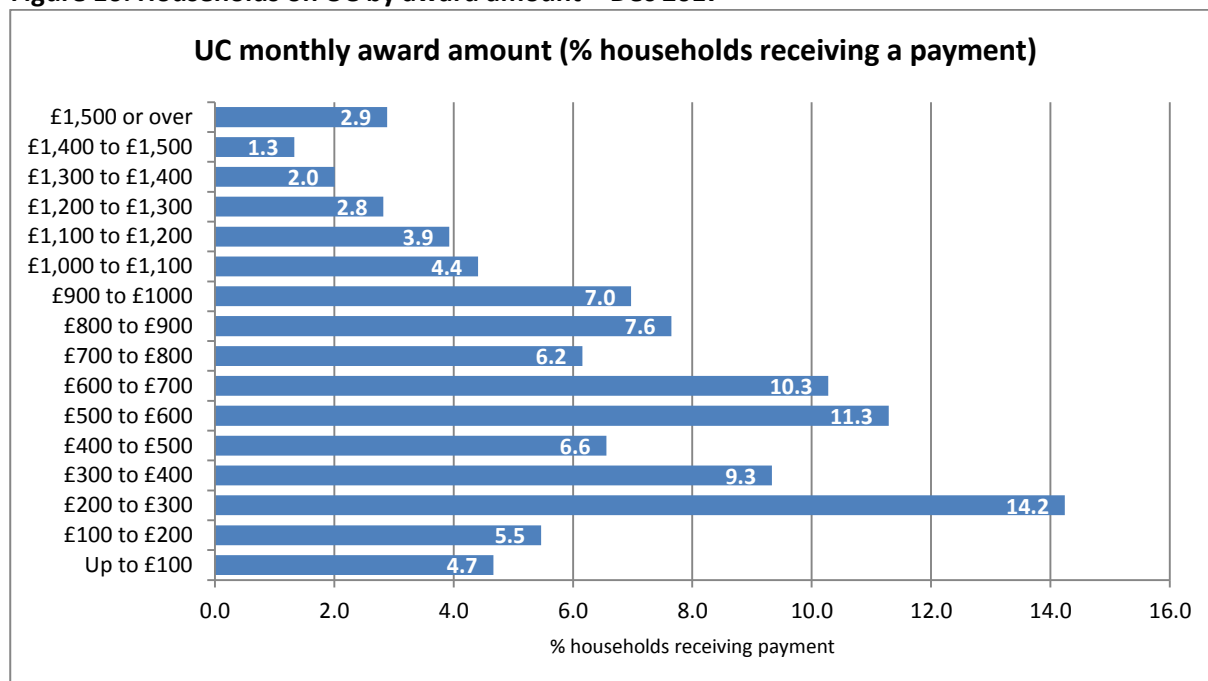
**Figure 15: Households on UC by award amount – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

Of those household that did receive a payment, these ranged from under £100 (4.7% of households receiving a payment) up to £1,500 or more (2.9% of households receiving a payment).

**Figure 16: Households on UC by award amount – Dec 2017**

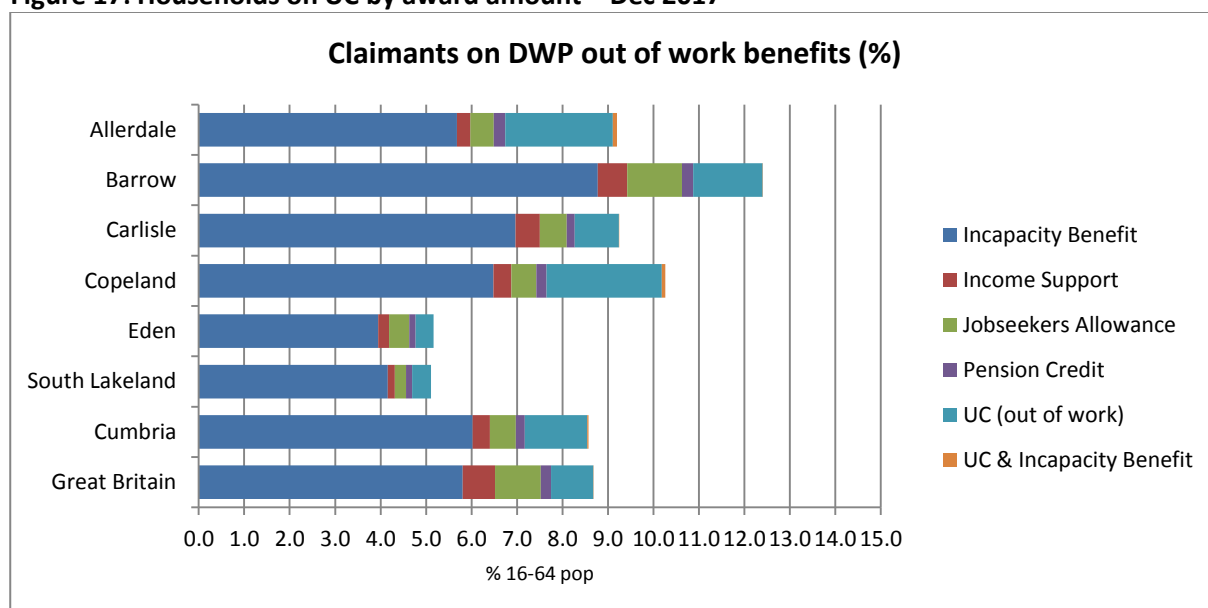


Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

### All DWP Out of Work Benefits

New data from DWP on out of work benefit claimants shows that the proportion of 16-64 year olds claiming such benefits is higher than the national average of 8.7% in Barrow (12.4%), Copeland (10.3%), Carlisle (9.3%) and Allerdale (9.2%). In particular, the proportions on Incapacity Benefit are high in Barrow (8.8%), Carlisle (7.0%) and Copeland (6.5%) meaning that Cumbria's rate of 6.0% is above the national rate of 5.8%.

**Figure 17: Households on UC by award amount – Dec 2017**



Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

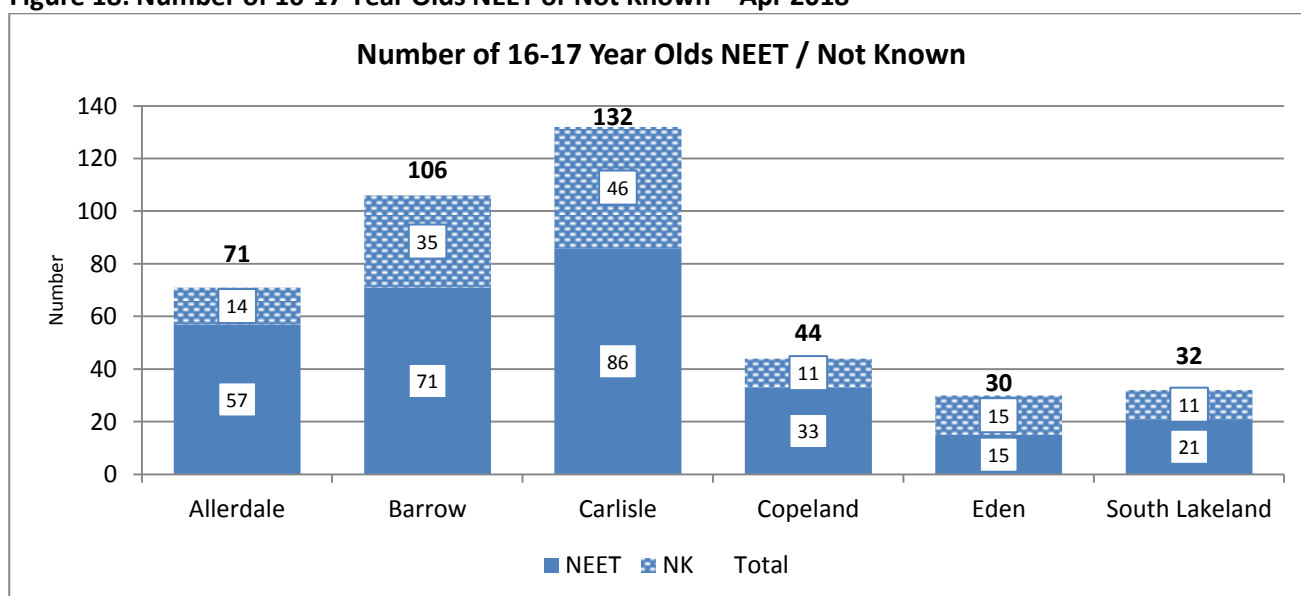
## 5. NEETs & Participation

### Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)

Young people are described as NEET if they are not in any form of education, employment or training. Those whose status is not known at the time of follow up are now also classed as NEET.

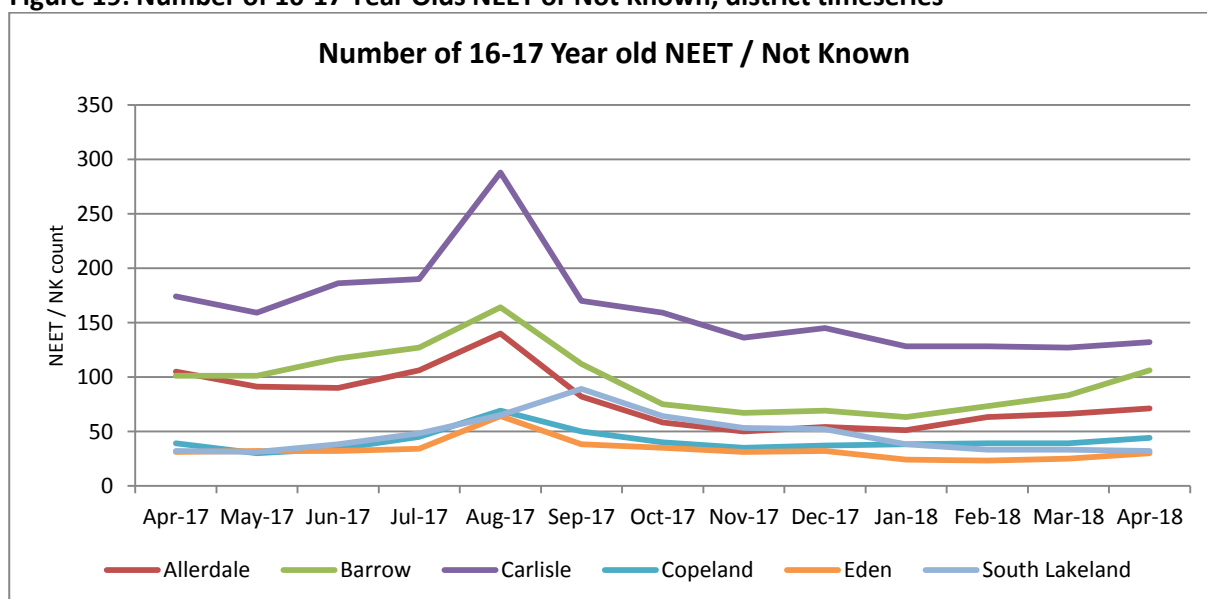
In Apr 2018, 441 16-17 year olds were NEET in Cumbria (284 NEET and 157 not known), a rise of 40 from the previous month but 66 fewer than a year ago. This is the third consecutive monthly increase in Cumbria. The highest number of NEET/NKs was in Carlisle (132) followed by Barrow (106). There is a great deal of monthly variation in NEET numbers/rates, especially in the quarter after the end of the academic year when numbers are understandably highest and in particular the number of young people whose status is unknown is often relatively high.

**Figure 18: Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Apr 2018**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory Note: district totals may not sum to county total.

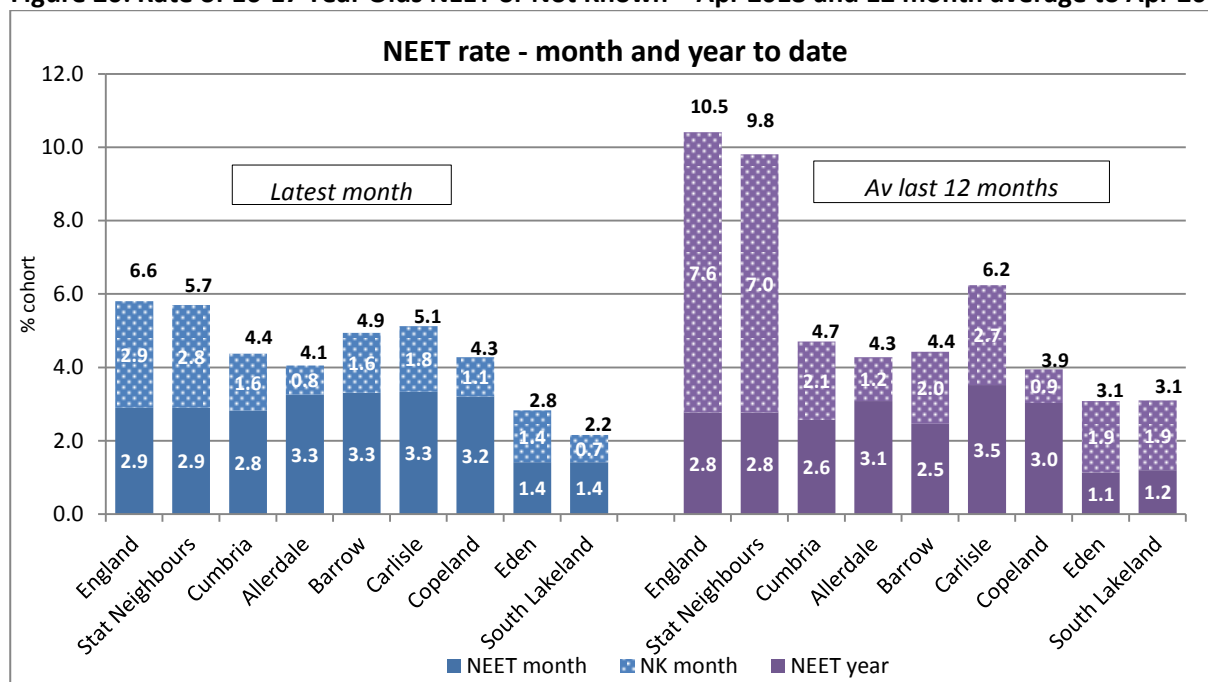
**Figure 19: Number of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known, district timeseries**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory

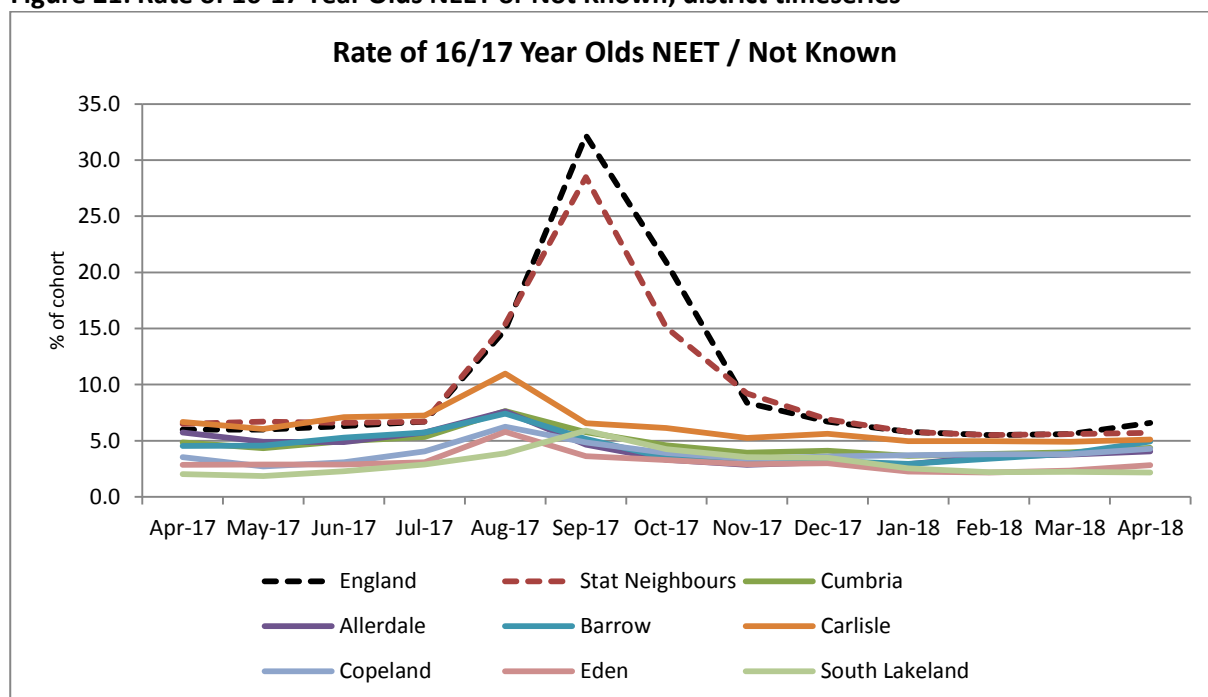
The county NEET/NK rate (% of cohort) was 4.4% in Apr 2018 compared to an England rate of 6.6% and an average rate of 5.7% for Cumbria's 10 statistical neighbours. The highest local rate was in Carlisle (5.1%). The NEET rate in Cumbria was up 0.4 from last month but down 0.5 from the same month last year. The average rate for the last 12 months in Cumbria was 4.7% compared to 10.5% nationally and 9.8% for statistical neighbours. Carlisle's average annual rate was highest at 6.2%.

**Figure 20: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known – Apr 2018 and 12 month average to Apr 2018**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)

**Figure 21: Rate of 16-17 Year Olds NEET or Not Known, district timeseries**



Source: Inspira / Cumbria Intelligence Observatory (National & Stat Neighbour rates are for 10 months due to data availability)

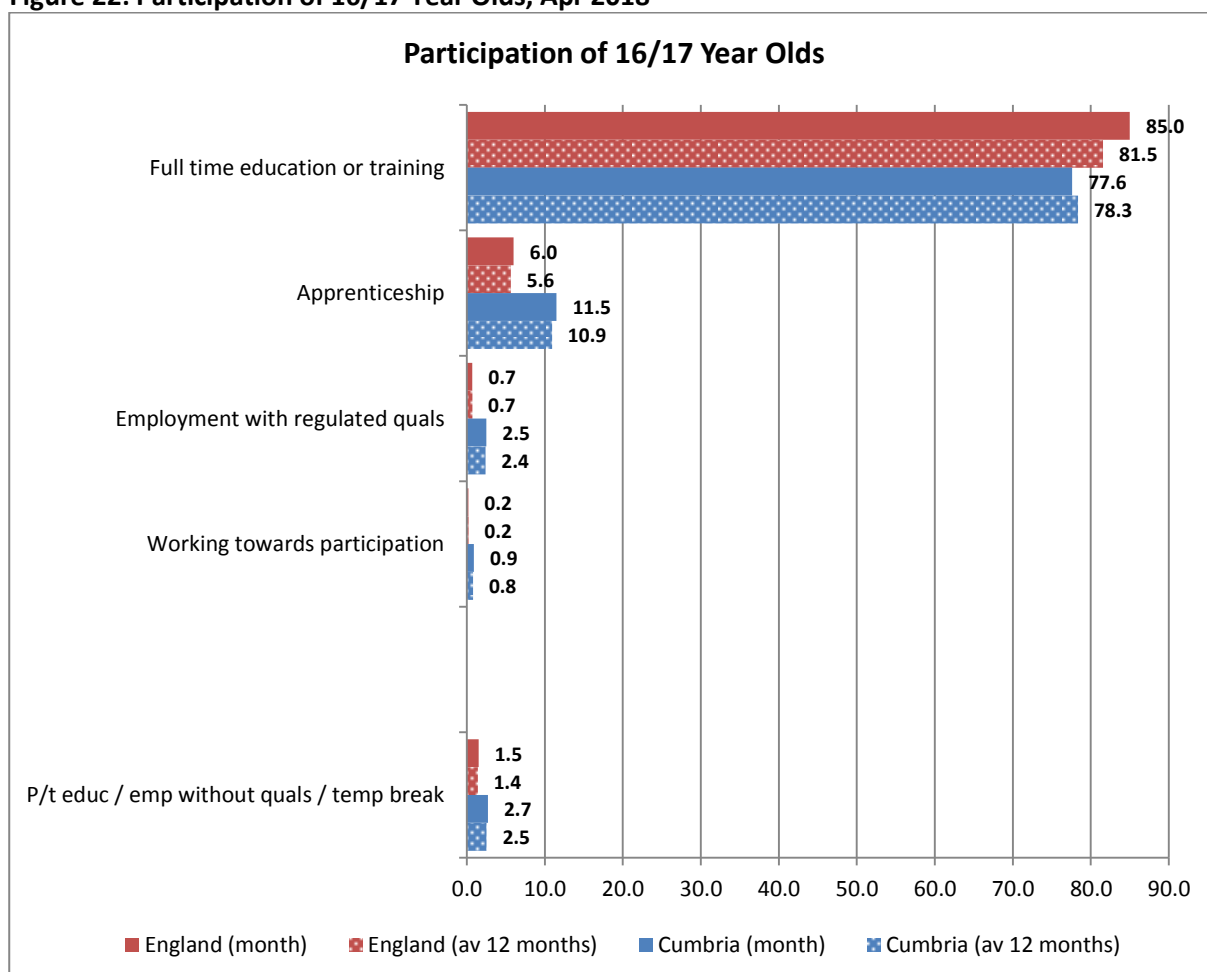


### Participation

The Education & Skills Act 2008 introduced a requirement for young people to remain in education or training until at least their 18<sup>th</sup> birthday and a duty on local authorities to encourage, enable and assist young people to participate. As part of the tracking process that produces the NEET data, participation data is also produced at county level on a monthly basis.

In Apr 2018, 92.5% of young people in Cumbria were classed as meeting the participation requirement, the majority (77.6%) through full time education or training or by undertaking an apprenticeship (11.5%). This compares to 91.9% nationally who were deemed to be participating. Average data for the past 12 months also shows Cumbria performing above the national average – 92.4% v 88.1%.

**Figure 22: Participation of 16/17 Year Olds, Apr 2018**



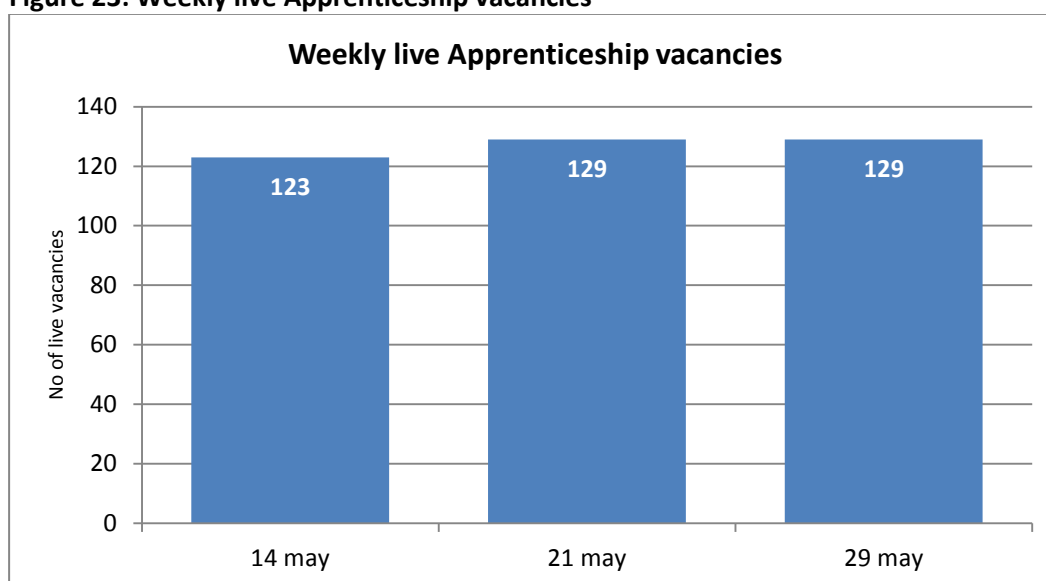
Source: NCCIS

### 6. LIVE APPRENTICESHIP VACANCIES

The following data are from the ESFA weekly reports for Cumbria which measure the number of live Apprenticeship vacancies at the end of the week. (Data for full months have been de-duplicated to remove vacancies which remain live for more than a single week.)

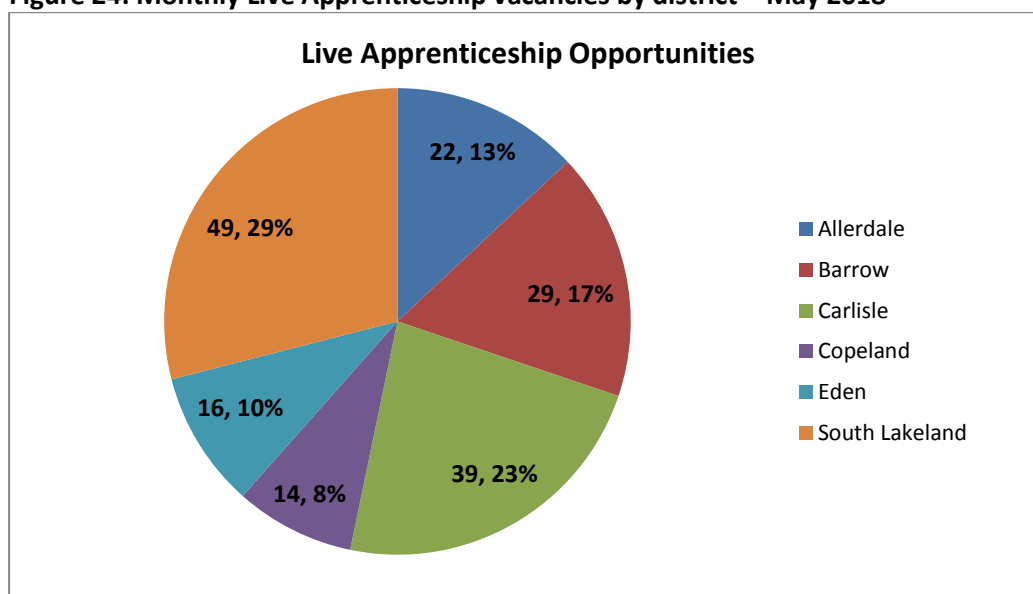
During May 2018 there were 169 unique live apprenticeship opportunities in Cumbria registered with the ESFA which were being offered by 130 employers via 35 training providers. Just over a quarter (29.0%) of live vacancies were for opportunities in South Lakeland and almost a quarter (23.1%) in Carlisle. Health, public services and care had the highest number of live vacancies with 29 (13.6%) followed by Business, Administration & Law with 22 (13.0%) and Engineering & manufacturing technologies with 16 (9.5%). RWP Training had the highest number of opportunities with 38 (21.5%) followed by Cumbria Training Centre in Barrow with 19 (11.2%).

**Figure 23: Weekly live Apprenticeship vacancies**



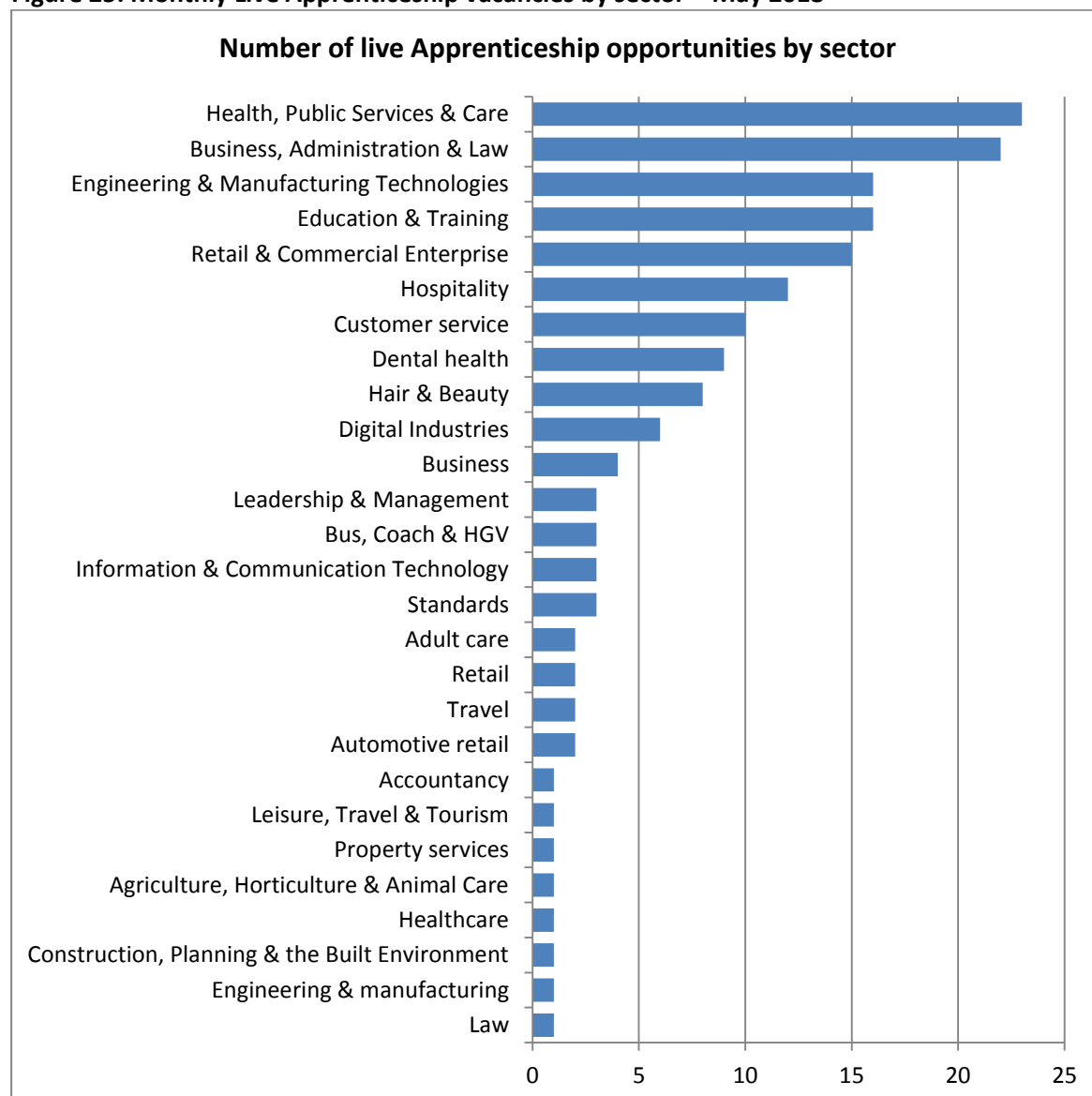
Source: ESFA (Some vacancies may be live in more than one week)

**Figure 24: Monthly Live Apprenticeship vacancies by district – May 2018**



Source: ESFA (Vacancies live for more than one week have only been included once)

**Figure 25: Monthly Live Apprenticeship vacancies by sector – May 2018**



Source: ESFA (Vacancies live for more than one week have only been included once)

### 7. JOB POSTINGS

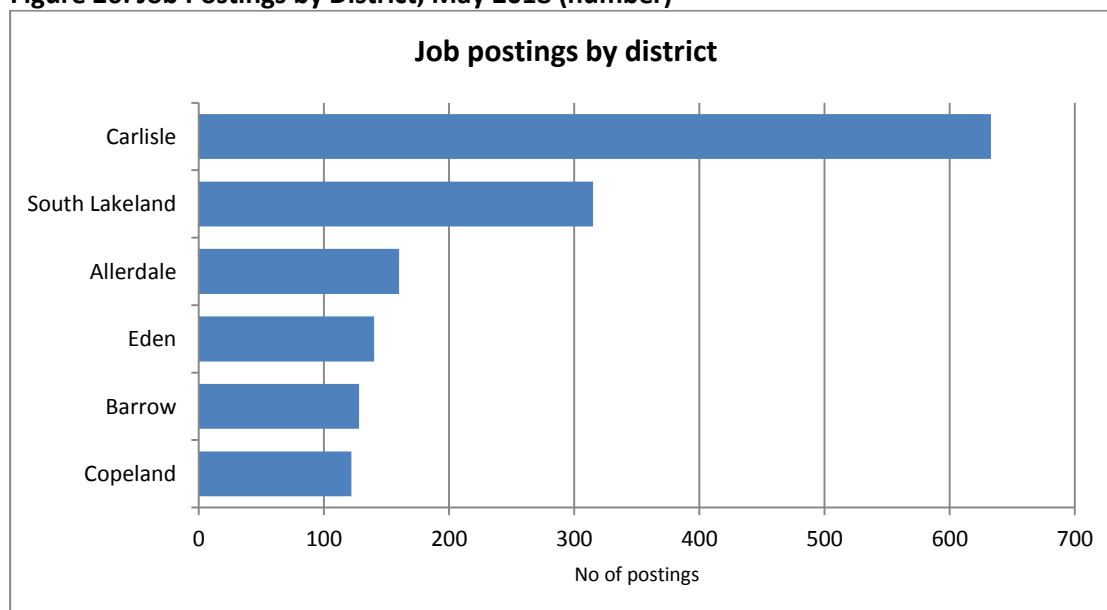
The following data are drawn from Labour Insight, an interactive tool which delivers real time access to job postings from a comprehensive range of sources including job boards, employer sites, newspapers, public agencies etc. Data extraction and analysis technologies mine and code data from each job listing to provide analysis on industries, occupations, skills and qualifications. The tool will inevitably not capture all vacancies and in particular is likely to under-represent vacancies in sectors which typically do not utilise online or formal recruitment methods. On the other hand it captures advertisements from agencies seeking to add people to their registers when there may not be a specific vacancy available which may over represent the situation in those sectors which make widespread use of recruitment agencies and “bank” workers.

In May 2018 there were 2,475 job postings in Cumbria which is 177 fewer than were placed in the previous month. Due to a technical issue with the data we do not currently have a consistent timeseries to compare change over time but this will be added in future.

#### Location of job postings

Geographically the highest number of postings was for opportunities in Carlisle where there were 633 postings in the quarter, 42.3% of all the postings in Cumbria. The second highest number of postings was in South Lakeland (315) with 21.0% of the total.

**Figure 26: Job Postings by District, May 2018 (number)**



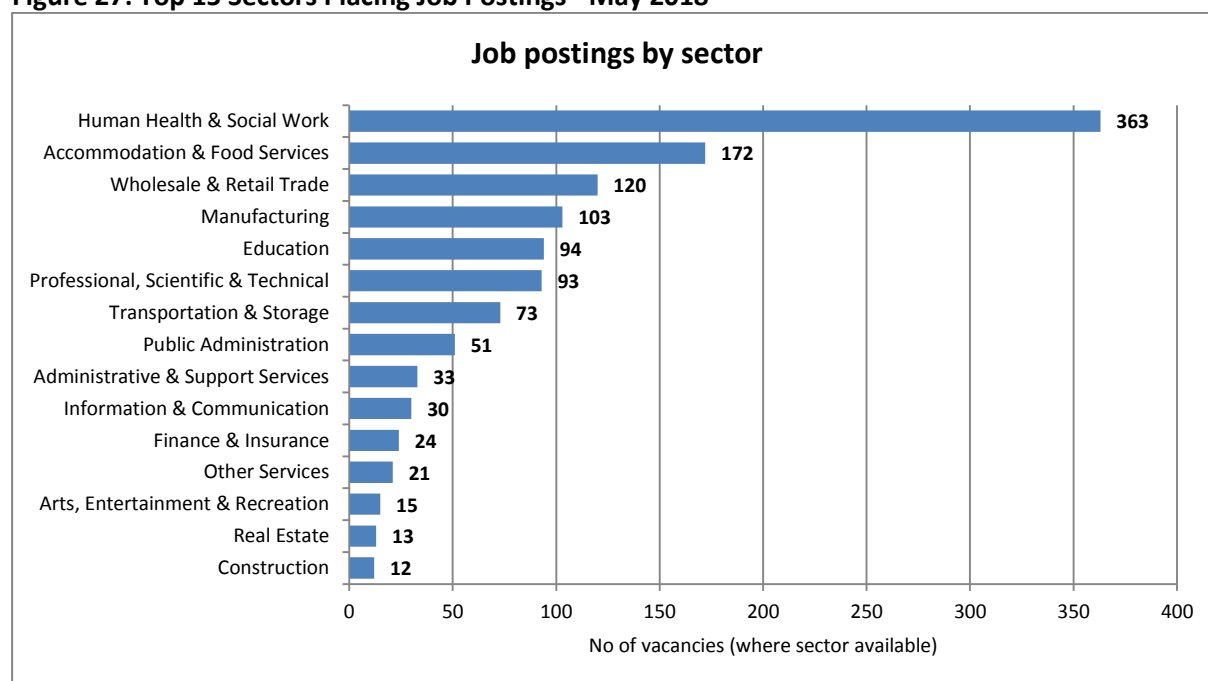
Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

NB: may not sum to county total as district could not be coded for all postings

### Sector of job postings

The highest number of postings was in the human health & social work sector (363 postings) which represented over a quarter of postings where a sector could be identified (29.3%). The next most common sectors were accommodation & food (172, 13.9%) and wholesale & retail (120, 9.7%).

**Figure 27: Top 15 Sectors Placing Job Postings - May 2018**

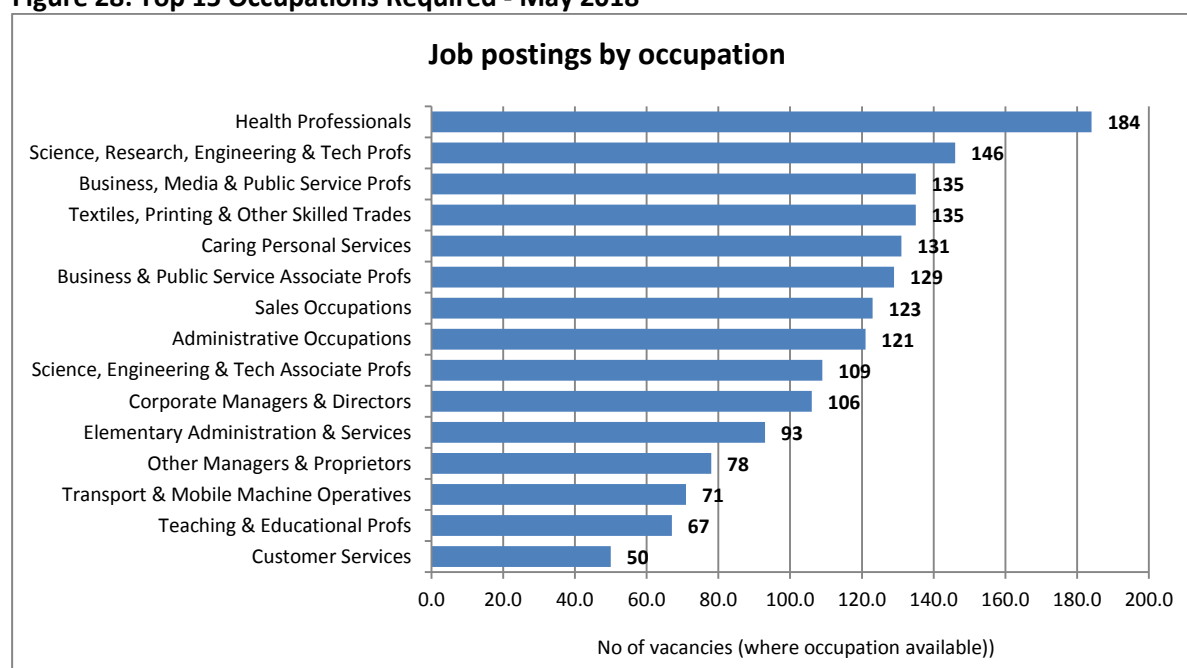


Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

### Occupation of job postings

The most common occupations specified were health professionals (184, 9.5%) and science, research, engineering & technical professionals (146, 7.6%).

**Figure 28: Top 15 Occupations Required - May 2018**

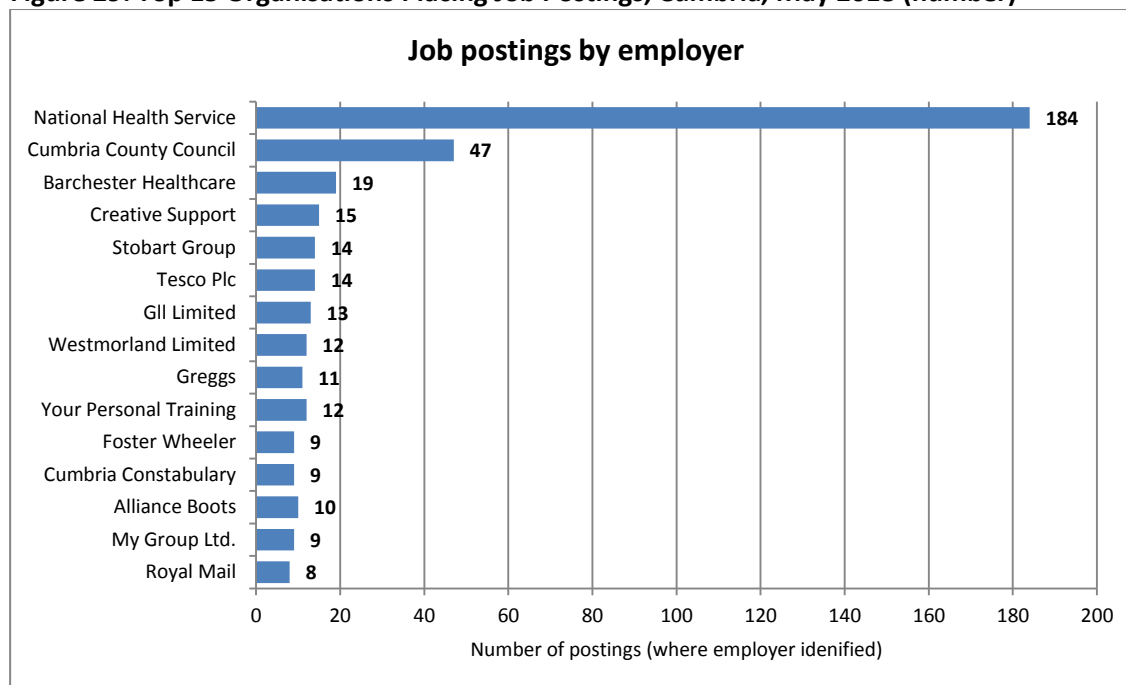


Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

### Organisations placing job postings

The organisation placing the most job postings was the National Health Service with 184 postings (20.8%) followed by Cumbria County Council with 47 (5.3%).

**Figure 29: Top 15 Organisations Placing Job Postings, Cumbria, May 2018 (number)**

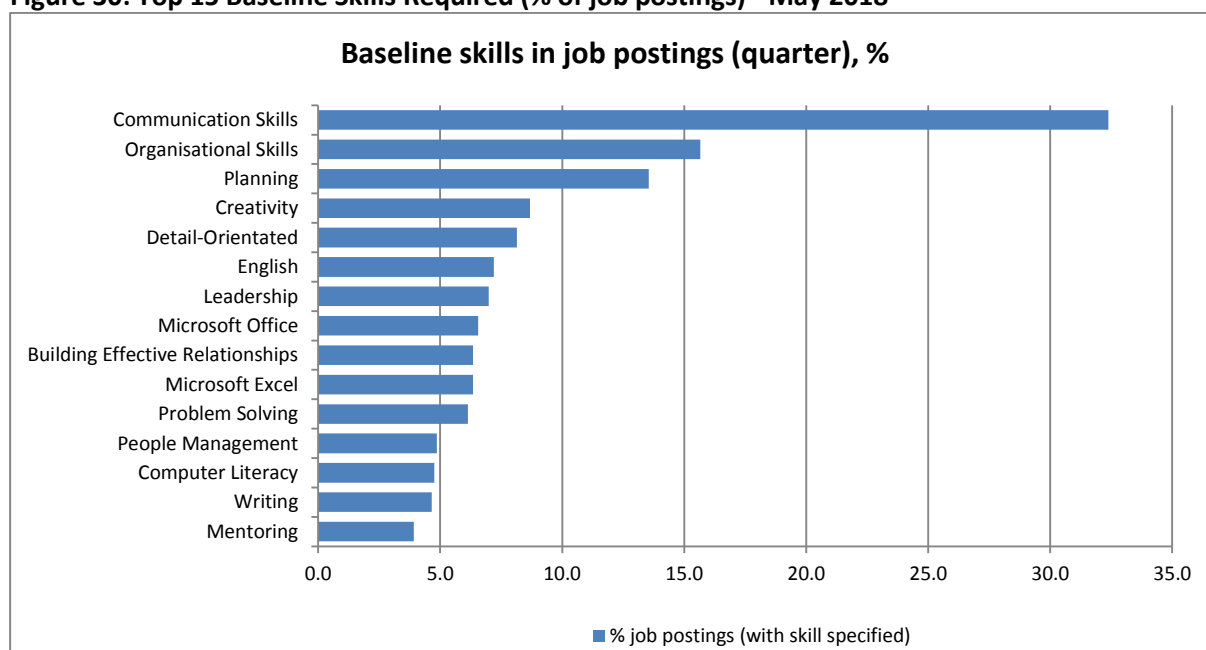


Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

### Skills mentioned in job postings

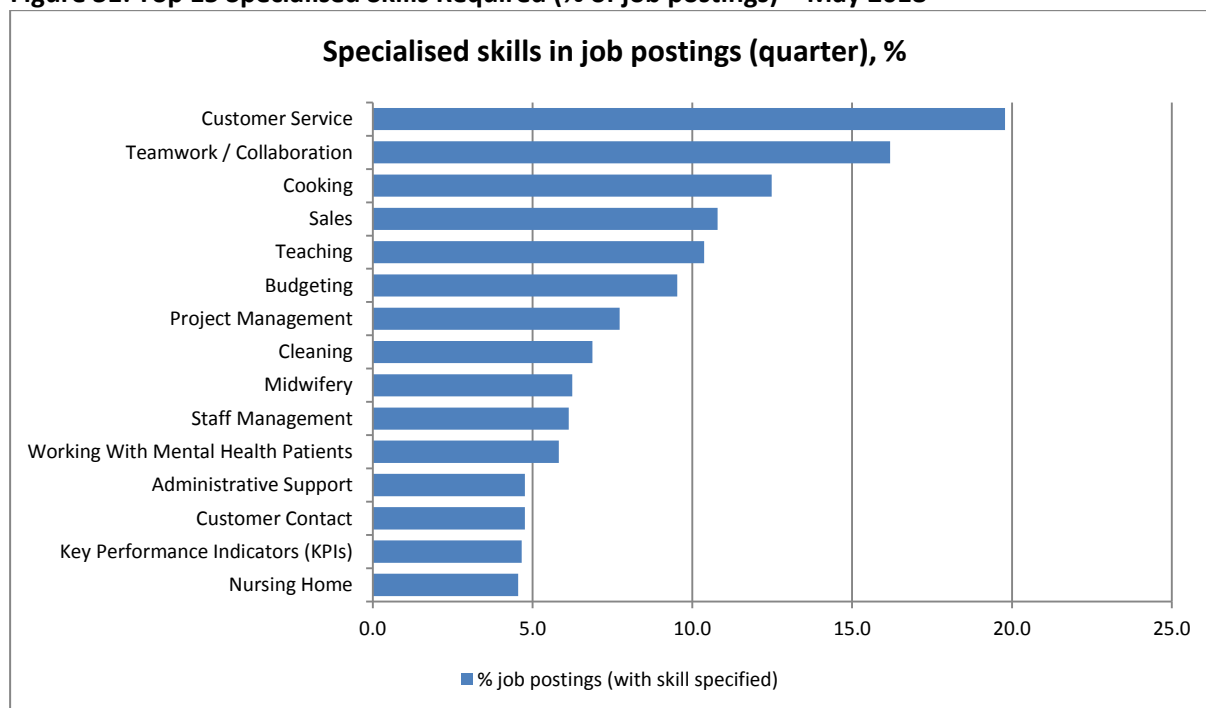
The most common baseline skills mentioned in job postings were communication (32.4% of all postings with skills specified) and organisational skills (15.7%) whilst the most commonly mentioned more detailed skills were customer service (19.8%) and teamwork (16.2%).

**Figure 30: Top 15 Baseline Skills Required (% of job postings) - May 2018**



Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

**Figure 31: Top 15 Specialised Skills Required (% of job postings) – May 2018**

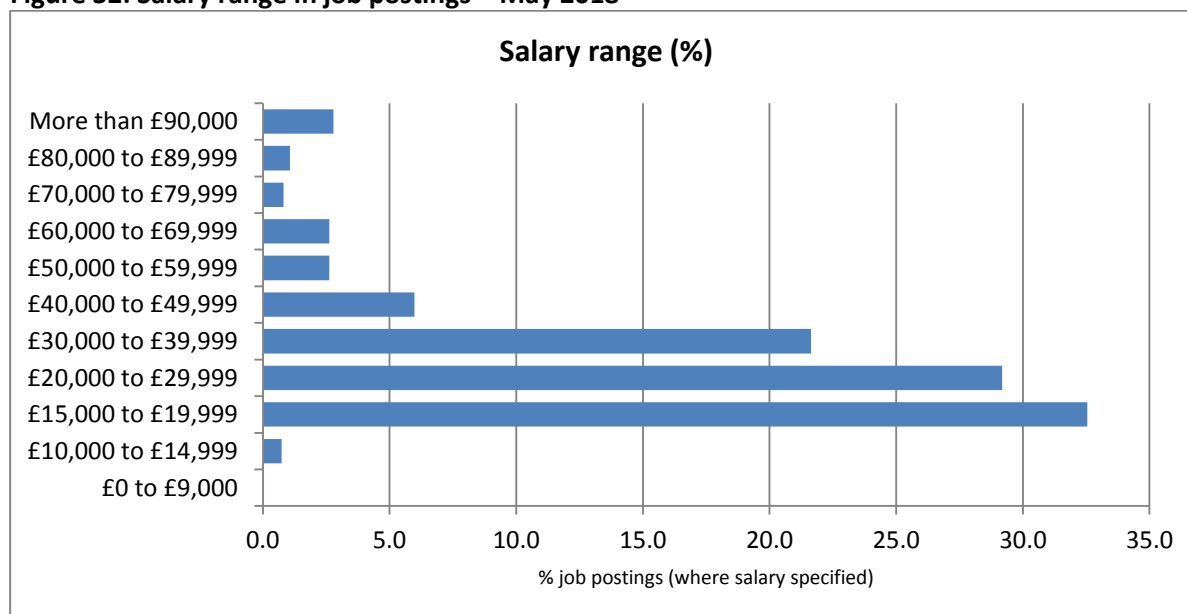


Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

### Salaries offered in job postings (where provided)

Fewer than half the postings identified a salary range but where they did, the highest proportion fell into the £15,000-£19,999 range (32.5%) followed by the £20,000-£29,999 range (29.2%). The mean salary quoted was £30,000 and the median salary quoted was £25,400.

**Figure 32: Salary range in job postings – May 2018**

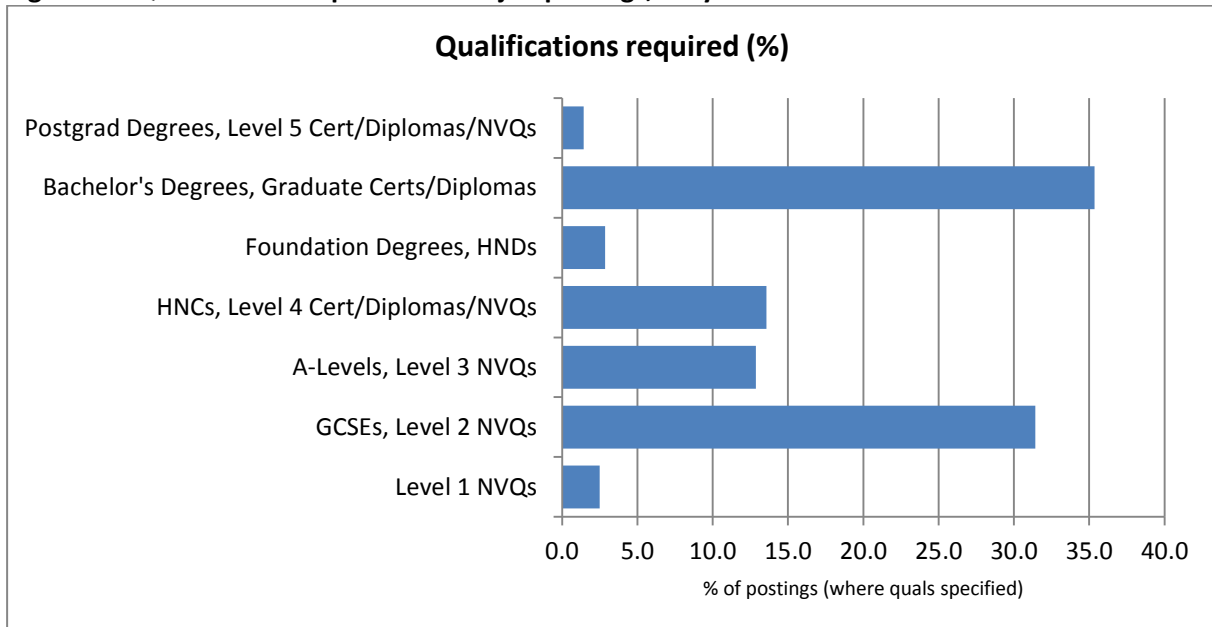


Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

### Qualification requirements in job postings (where provided)

Only around 1 in 6 job postings referred to the qualifications required for the job but where they did so, the most frequently mentioned were Bachelor's Degree (35.4%) and GCSE/Level 2 (31.4%).

**Figure 33: Qualification requirements in job postings, May 2018**



Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)



**Figure 34: Summary of Top 15 Job Postings by Occupation, Industry & Skills, May 2018**

Occupation	No	% jobs	Industry	No	% jobs
Health Professionals	184	9.5	Human Health & Social Work	363	29.3
Science, Research, Engineering & Tech Profs	146	7.6	Accommodation & Food Services	172	13.9
Business, Media & Public Service Profs	135	7.0	Wholesale & Retail Trade	120	9.7
Textiles, Printing & Other Skilled Trades	135	7.0	Manufacturing	103	8.3
Caring Personal Services	131	6.8	Education	94	7.6
Business & Public Service Associate Profs	129	6.7	Professional, Scientific & Technical	93	7.5
Sales Occupations	123	6.4	Transportation & Storage	73	5.9
Administrative Occupations	121	6.3	Public Administration	51	4.1
Science, Engineering & Tech Associate Profs	109	5.7	Administrative & Support Services	33	2.7
Corporate Managers & Directors	106	5.5	Information & Communication	30	2.4
Elementary Administration & Services	93	4.8	Finance & Insurance	24	1.9
Other Managers & Proprietors	78	4.0	Other Services	21	1.7
Transport & Mobile Machine Operatives	71	3.7	Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	15	1.2
Teaching & Educational Profs	67	3.5	Real Estate	13	1.1
Customer Services	50	2.6	Construction	12	1.0
Baseline Skill	No	% jobs	Specialised Skill	No	% jobs
Communication Skills	306	32.4	Customer Service	187	19.8
Organisational Skills	148	15.7	Teamwork / Collaboration	153	16.2
Planning	128	13.5	Cooking	118	12.5
Creativity	82	8.7	Sales	102	10.8
Detail-Orientated	77	8.1	Teaching	98	10.4
English	68	7.2	Budgeting	90	9.5
Leadership	66	7.0	Project Management	73	7.7
Microsoft Office	62	6.6	Cleaning	65	6.9
Building Effective Relationships	60	6.3	Midwifery	59	6.2
Microsoft Excel	60	6.3	Staff Management	58	6.1
Problem Solving	58	6.1	Working With Mental Health Patients	55	5.8
People Management	46	4.9	Administrative Support	45	4.8
Computer Literacy	45	4.8	Customer Contact	45	4.8
Writing	44	4.7	Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)	44	4.7
Mentoring	37	3.9	Nursing Home	43	4.6

Source: Labour Insight (Burning Glass Technologies)

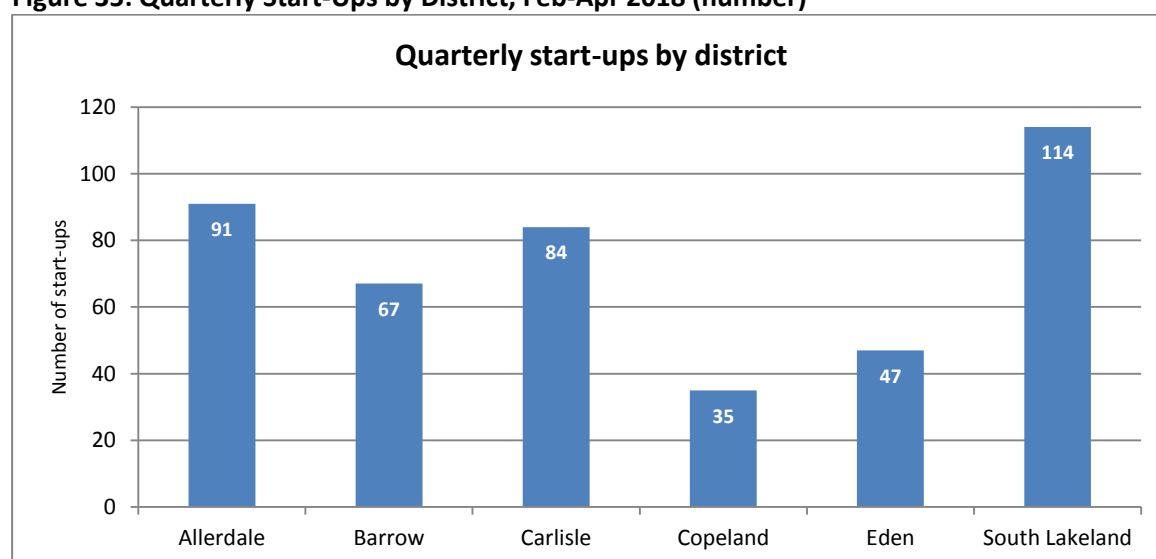
Note: The tool relies on data contained within job postings when analysing skill needs, qualifications etc and this may be limited by the accuracy and detail contained within the original advertisement. For example, the system can allocate an occupation in the majority of instances but is unable to allocate an industry in approximately a third of cases. Therefore the totals for each may vary and proportions presented here are of postings where the relevant coding has been possible.

### 8. BUSINESS START UPS

The following data are from BankSearch, a survey which collects data from Barclays, Co-operative Bank, HSBC, Lloyds Banking Group, Royal Bank of Scotland Group, Santander and TSB Bank. A 'Start-up' reflects the opening of a first current account from a small business banking product range by a business new to banking or previously operated through a personal account. The data exclude businesses operating through personal accounts, those without banking relationships or those banking with other institutions.

There were 438 business start-ups in Cumbria in the quarter Feb-Apr 2018. This is 14 more than in the previous quarter (Nov 2017-Jan 2018), a rise of 3.3% compared to a rise of 4.3% for England. However, it was a mixed picture as start-ups increased in Barrow, Eden and South Lakeland but fell in the other 3 districts. The highest number of start-ups was in South Lakeland (114), 26.0% of all start-ups) followed by Allerdale (91, 20.8%) and Carlisle (84, 19.2%).

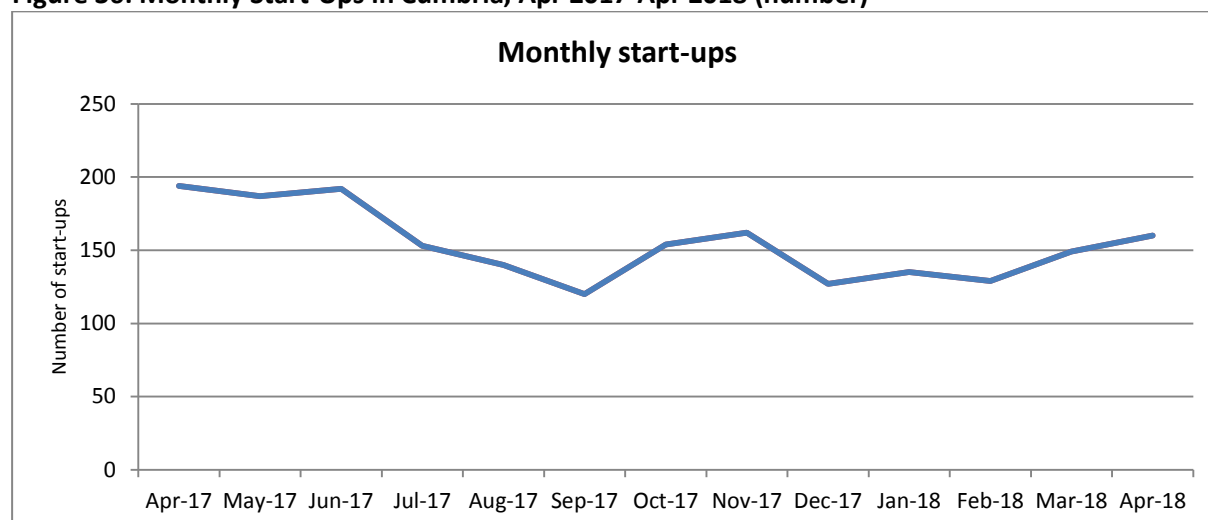
**Figure 35: Quarterly Start-Ups by District, Feb-Apr 2018 (number)**



Source: BankSearch

The number of starts dropped in the summer last year, recovered in the autumn before falling again at Christmas. Despite a rise in the last two months of the quarter, the quarterly level of 438 is well below the same quarter last year (438 compared to 587).

**Figure 36: Monthly Start-Ups in Cumbria, Apr 2017-Apr 2018 (number)**

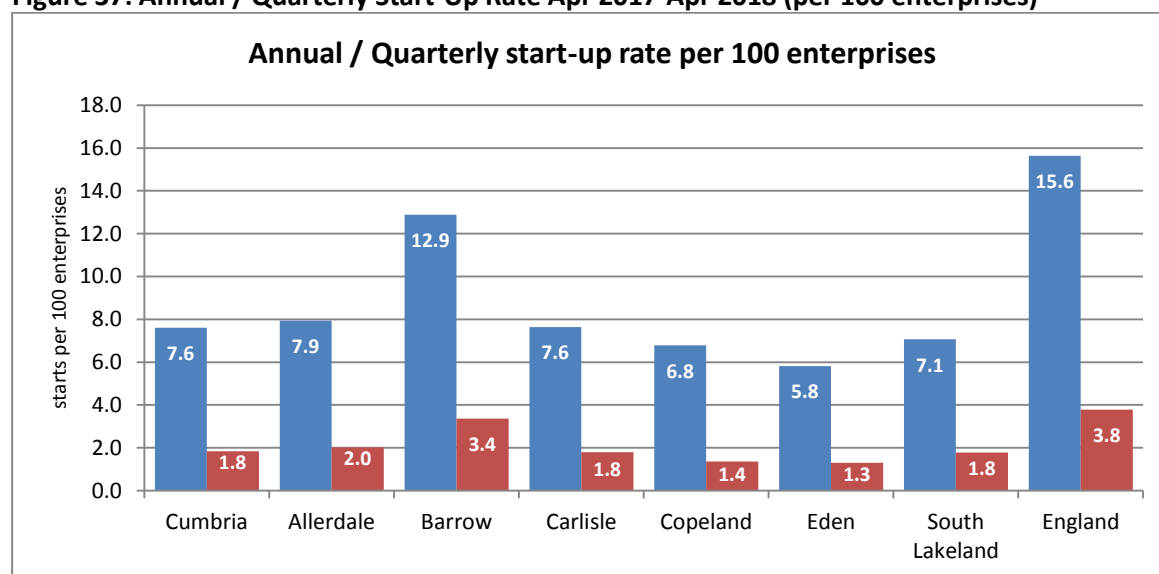


Source: BankSearch

The annual rate of business start-ups can be expressed in 2 ways. Firstly, as a proportion of the active business stock. This measure is influenced by the business structure and areas with a relatively small stock of active businesses will generally show higher start up rates than those with large volumes, often of small, businesses. The second method is start-ups per 10,000 working age people and is sometimes regarded as a better indicator of entrepreneurship amongst local residents.

Using the first methodology of starts per 100 enterprises (which is the Office for National Statistics' preferred measure) Barrow had the highest annual start up rate at 12.9 per 100 active enterprises while Eden had the lowest at 5.8 per 100 active enterprises. This compares to 15.6 for England.

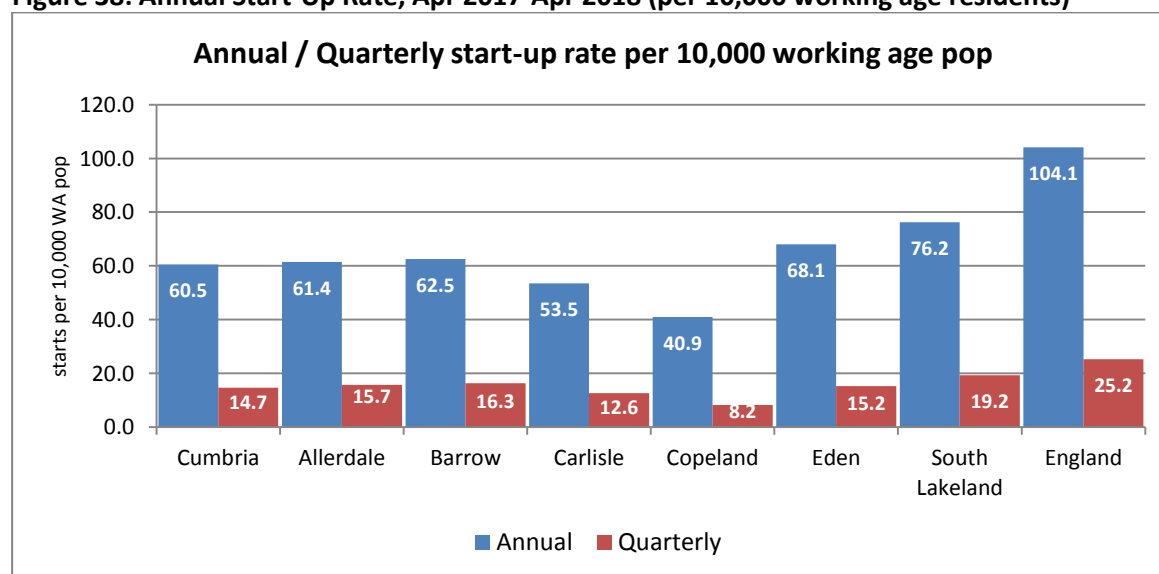
**Figure 37: Annual / Quarterly Start-Up Rate Apr 2017-Apr 2018 (per 100 enterprises)**



Source: BankSearch / UK Business: Activity, Size and Location 2014

Using the second methodology (starts per 10,000 working age residents), the position is different with South Lakeland having the highest annual start up rate at 76.2 per 10,000 working age residents and Copeland the lowest at 40.9. This compares to 104.1 for England.

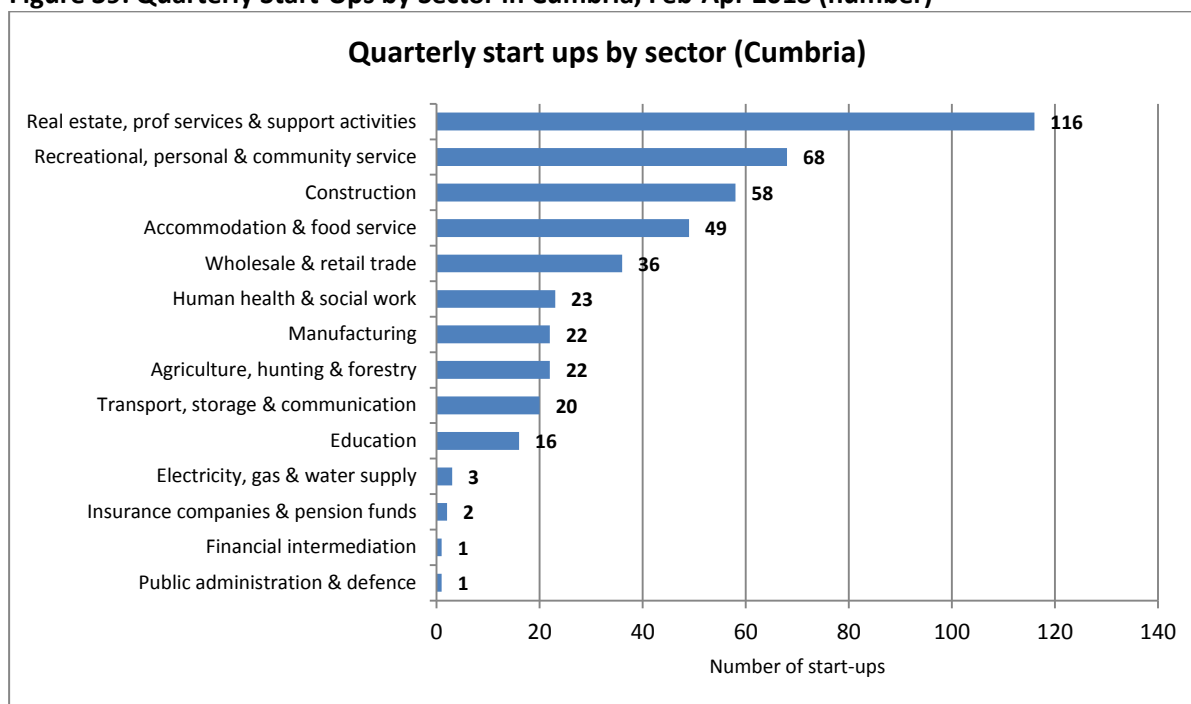
**Figure 38: Annual Start-Up Rate, Apr 2017-Apr 2018 (per 10,000 working age residents)**



Source: BankSearch / ONS Mid Year Population Estimates 2013

As is generally the case, the highest number of start-ups was in the real estate & professional services sector with 116 (26.5%). This was followed by recreation, personal & community services with 68 (15.5%) and construction with 58 (13.2%).

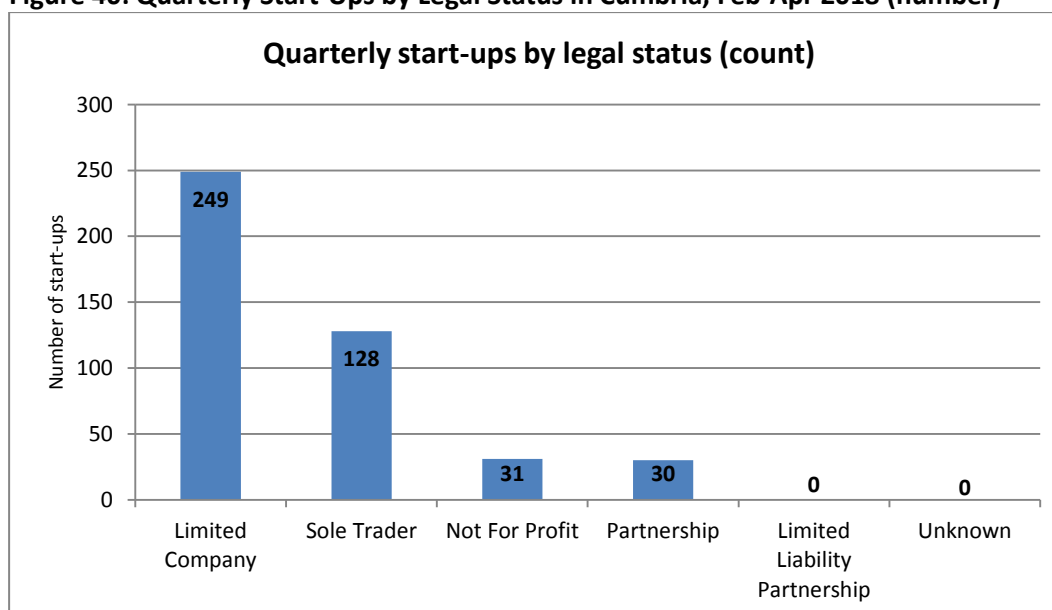
**Figure 39: Quarterly Start-Ups by Sector in Cumbria, Feb-Apr 2018 (number)**



Source: BankSearch

Limited companies provided the highest number of start-ups (249) accounting for over half of the total (56.8%) followed by sole traders with 128 start-ups (29.2%).

**Figure 40: Quarterly Start-Ups by Legal Status in Cumbria, Feb-Apr 2018 (number)**

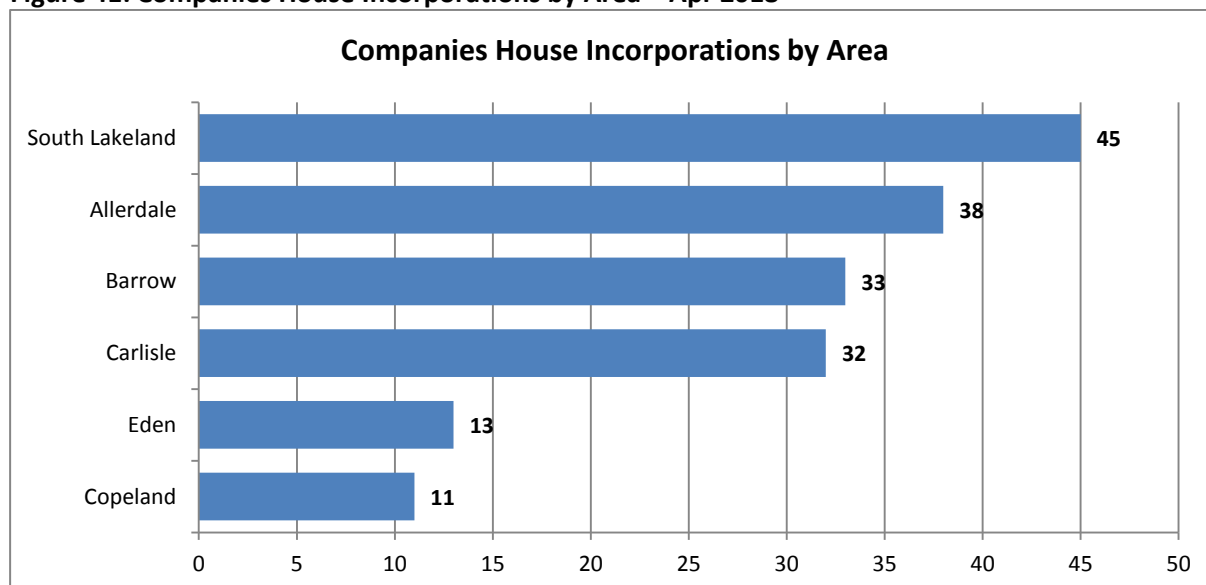


Source: BankSearch

## 9. COMPANIES HOUSE INCORPORATIONS

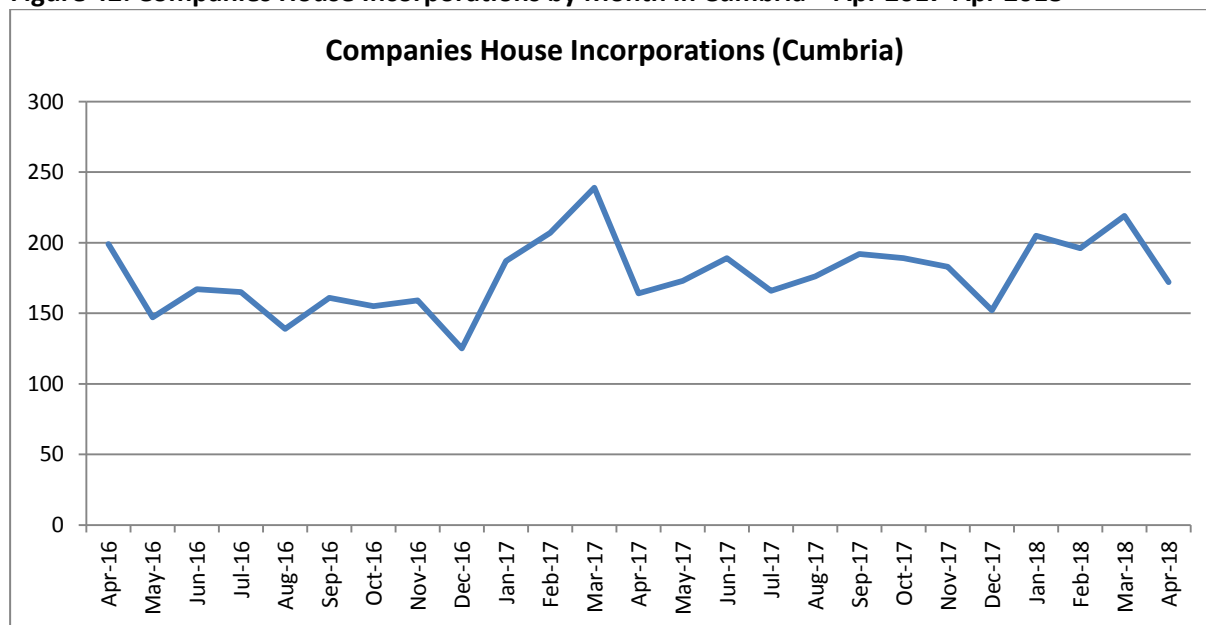
There were 172 new Companies House incorporations in Apr 2018, a fall of 47 from the previous month but 8 more than the same month the previous year. The highest numbers were in South Lakeland (45), Allerdale (38) and Barrow (33).

**Figure 41: Companies House Incorporations by Area – Apr 2018**



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House Note: Data relate to registered addresses

**Figure 42: Companies House Incorporations by Month in Cumbria – Apr 2017-Apr 2018**



Source: BankSearch extracted from Companies House

For further information, please contact

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### ANNEX A: Claimant Count by Ward

#### Allerdale – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Allerdale	1,410	2.4	1,795	3.1	1,690	2.9	-105	-5.7	-0.2	280	19.9	0.5
All Saints	45	1.6	55	2.0	50	1.9	-5	-7.1	-0.1	10	20.9	0.3
Aspatria	45	2.1	65	3.1	65	3.1	0	0.0	0.0	20	45.5	1.0
Boltons	5	0.4	10	0.8	5	0.6	0	-25.0	-0.2	0	50.0	0.2
Broughton St Bridget's	35	1.3	50	2.0	40	1.6	-10	-17.6	-0.3	10	27.3	0.3
Christchurch	40	1.9	40	2.0	45	2.2	5	9.8	0.2	5	18.4	0.3
Clifton	35	3.5	35	3.4	30	3.0	-5	-11.8	-0.4	-5	-14.3	-0.5
Crummock	5	0.4	10	1.0	5	0.8	0	-22.2	-0.2	5	75.0	0.3
Dalton	10	0.8	5	0.5	10	0.7	5	60.0	0.3	0	-11.1	-0.1
Derwent Valley	0	#	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	150.0	0.3
Ellen	35	1.7	55	2.6	40	1.9	-15	-24.1	-0.6	5	17.1	0.3
Ellenborough	80	3.6	95	4.3	85	3.9	-5	-7.4	-0.3	5	8.8	0.3
Ewanrigg	110	5.3	110	5.3	115	5.5	5	3.6	0.2	5	5.6	0.3
Flimby	45	3.9	40	3.7	35	3.2	-5	-12.5	-0.5	-10	-18.6	-0.7
Harrington	20	1.0	30	1.7	30	1.6	0	-3.1	-0.1	10	55.0	0.6
Holme	20	2.0	15	1.5	15	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-23.8	-0.5
Keswick	30	1.0	35	1.1	30	0.9	-5	-17.6	-0.2	0	-6.7	-0.1
Marsh	5	0.7	10	1.0	10	0.8	0	-20.0	-0.2	0	14.3	0.1
Moorclose	140	4.8	200	6.8	195	6.6	-5	-2.5	-0.2	55	38.0	1.8
Moss Bay	200	6.2	265	8.2	245	7.6	-20	-7.5	-0.6	45	23.6	1.5
Netherhall	80	4.2	100	5.4	100	5.4	0	0.0	0.0	20	27.8	1.2
Seaton	50	1.7	65	2.1	60	2.0	-5	-7.6	-0.2	10	17.3	0.3
Silloth	35	1.8	50	2.7	45	2.5	-5	-6.1	-0.2	15	39.4	0.7
Solway	10	0.8	15	1.7	15	1.8	0	6.2	0.1	10	112.5	1.0
St John's	80	2.3	100	3.0	95	2.8	-5	-5.9	-0.2	20	23.1	0.5
St Michael's	175	5.5	230	7.2	215	6.8	-15	-5.7	-0.4	45	24.7	1.3
Stainburn	10	0.8	15	1.3	10	1.1	-5	-20.0	-0.3	5	33.3	0.3
Wampool	5	0.3	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-11.1	-0.1	5	166.7	0.5
Warnell	5	0.4	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	-50.0	-0.2
Waver	15	1.2	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-10.0	-0.1	-5	-35.7	-0.4
Wharrels	5	0.6	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-11.1	-0.1	0	33.3	0.2
Wigton	55	1.5	55	1.6	55	1.5	-5	-5.4	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0

# Labour Market Briefing June 2018

## Barrow – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Barrow	1,145	2.8	1,050	2.5	1,000	2.4	-50	-4.7	-0.1	-145	-12.7	-0.4
Barrow Island	140	8.6	120	7.4	110	6.6	-10	-9.8	-0.7	5	-22.5	-1.9
Central	150	5.4	155	5.6	155	5.6	0	0.0	0.0	-10	3.4	0.2
Dalton North	45	1.2	35	1.0	35	1.0	0	-2.7	0.0	-10	-21.7	-0.3
Dalton South	60	1.7	50	1.4	50	1.3	0	-3.9	-0.1	0	-19.7	-0.3
Hawcoat	20	0.8	20	0.7	20	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	-25	-5.3	0.0
Hindpool	215	6.0	190	5.4	190	5.4	0	-0.5	0.0	-5	-11.2	-0.7
Newbarns	50	1.5	50	1.5	45	1.4	-5	-9.8	-0.2	-15	-6.1	-0.1
Ormsgill	145	3.8	140	3.7	130	3.4	-10	-8.5	-0.3	-20	-10.4	-0.4
Parkside	75	2.2	60	1.7	60	1.7	0	-1.7	0.0	-10	-23.4	-0.5
Risedale	125	3.3	125	3.3	115	3.1	-5	-5.6	-0.2	0	-7.1	-0.2
Roosecote	15	0.5	15	0.5	10	0.4	0	-15.4	-0.1	-15	-15.4	-0.1
Walney North	55	1.8	50	1.6	45	1.4	-5	-10.4	-0.2	-10	-23.2	-0.4
Walney South	50	1.6	40	1.2	35	1.2	0	-2.6	0.0	10	-24.5	-0.4

## Carlisle – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Carlisle	1,015	1.5	1,100	1.7	1,080	1.6	-20	-1.9	0.0	65	6.6	0.1
Belah	30	0.8	35	1.0	40	1.1	5	8.3	0.1	10	30.0	0.3
Belle Vue	75	1.8	70	1.8	75	1.8	0	2.8	0.0	0	-1.4	0.0
Botcherby	85	2.2	95	2.5	75	2.0	-15	-18.1	-0.4	-5	-7.2	-0.2
Brampton	35	1.2	40	1.4	45	1.6	5	10.0	0.1	10	29.4	0.4
Burgh	5	0.5	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	28.6	0.2
Castle	105	2.6	120	3.0	120	3.0	0	1.7	0.0	15	15.1	0.4
Currock	90	2.2	90	2.2	95	2.3	5	3.3	0.1	0	2.2	0.0
Dalston	20	0.5	30	0.8	25	0.6	-5	-16.7	-0.1	5	25.0	0.1
Denton Holme	85	2.0	100	2.3	90	2.1	-10	-9.9	-0.2	5	5.8	0.1
Great Corby and Geltsdale	5	0.5	5	0.3	10	0.6	5	100.0	0.3	0	33.3	0.2
Harraby	65	1.5	50	1.1	50	1.1	0	2.1	0.0	-15	-23.4	-0.3
Hayton	5	0.5	10	0.7	10	0.8	0	12.5	0.1	5	50.0	0.3
Irthing	10	0.8	10	0.8	10	0.8	0	11.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Longtown & Rockcliffe	30	1.2	30	1.3	30	1.2	0	-3.1	0.0	0	6.9	0.1
Lyne	5	0.3	10	0.7	5	0.5	0	-25.0	-0.2	5	100.0	0.3
Morton	85	2.4	90	2.6	95	2.7	5	3.3	0.1	10	11.9	0.3
St Aidans	90	2.2	100	2.5	100	2.4	0	-1.0	0.0	10	10.0	0.2
Stanwix Rural	15	0.6	15	0.6	15	0.6	0	6.2	0.0	0	6.2	0.0
Stanwix Urban	30	0.9	25	0.7	20	0.7	0	-4.3	0.0	-5	-24.1	-0.2
Upperby	105	3.2	120	3.6	115	3.5	0	-1.7	-0.1	10	9.4	0.3
Wetheral	10	0.3	10	0.3	5	0.3	0	-22.2	-0.1	0	-22.2	-0.1
Yewdale	30	0.9	45	1.3	40	1.2	-5	-11.1	-0.1	10	29.0	0.3

# Labour Market Briefing June 2018

## Copeland – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons			All Persons		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Monthly Change			Annual Change		
							No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Copeland	1,150	2.7	1,385	3.3	1,320	3.1	-60	-4.4	-0.1	170	14.8	0.4
Arlecdon	10	1.2	15	1.5	15	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	25.0	0.3
Beckermet	25	1.4	20	1.2	25	1.6	5	28.6	0.3	0	8.0	0.1
Bootle	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	33.3	0.1	0	100.0	0.3
Bransty	30	0.9	45	1.4	45	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	15	48.4	0.5
Cleator Moor North	85	3.2	85	3.2	80	3.0	-5	-7.1	-0.2	-5	-4.8	-0.2
Cleator Moor South	60	3.6	80	4.7	75	4.4	-5	-6.2	-0.3	15	23.0	0.8
Distington	65	2.7	90	3.9	95	3.9	0	1.1	0.0	30	45.3	1.2
Egremont North	85	3.2	115	4.4	115	4.4	0	0.0	0.0	30	37.6	1.2
Egremont South	50	2.4	80	3.7	70	3.3	-10	-11.2	-0.4	20	36.5	0.9
Ennerdale	5	1.1	5	0.8	5	0.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	-28.6	-0.3
Frizington	60	3.7	70	4.3	65	4.0	-5	-7.1	-0.3	5	10.2	0.4
Gosforth	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.7	0	25.0	0.1	0	66.7	0.3
Harbour	155	6.4	190	8.0	200	8.3	5	3.6	0.3	45	30.1	1.9
Haverigg	10	0.8	5	0.6	5	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-30.0	-0.2
Hensingham	65	2.8	85	3.5	70	2.8	-15	-17.9	-0.6	0	3.0	0.1
Hillcrest	10	0.6	15	0.9	15	1.0	0	14.3	0.1	5	60.0	0.4
Holborn Hill	45	2.9	35	2.3	35	2.1	0	-5.6	-0.1	-10	-26.1	-0.8
Kells	30	2.1	45	2.8	40	2.5	-5	-11.4	-0.3	5	21.9	0.5
Millom Without	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-25.0	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Mirehouse	120	4.6	140	5.3	130	5.0	-5	-5.0	-0.3	10	10.0	0.5
Moresby	15	1.9	15	1.9	10	1.6	0	-14.3	-0.3	0	-14.3	-0.3
Newtown	65	3.2	55	2.8	50	2.5	-5	-10.7	-0.3	-15	-21.9	-0.7
Sandwith	120	6.6	135	7.7	120	6.8	-15	-11.7	-0.9	5	2.5	0.2
Seascale	15	0.8	20	1.3	20	1.4	0	4.8	0.1	10	69.2	0.6
St Bees	20	1.7	15	1.6	15	1.5	0	-5.9	-0.1	0	-11.1	-0.2



# Labour Market Briefing

## June 2018

### Eden – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons			All Persons		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Monthly Change			Annual Change		
							No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
Eden	235	0.8	265	0.9	255	0.8	-10	-4.5	0.0	20	7.6	0.1
Alston Moor	20	1.7	15	1.2	15	1.2	0	-6.2	-0.1	-5	-31.8	-0.5
Appleby (Appleby)	20	2.9	20	3.3	20	3.4	0	5.0	0.2	5	16.7	0.5
Appleby (Bongate)	5	0.6	5	0.3	5	0.5	0	66.7	0.2	0	-16.7	-0.1
Askham	5	0.5	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	-25.0	-0.1
Brough	0	#	5	0.9	5	0.8	0	-14.3	-0.1	5	200.0	0.5
Crosby Ravensworth	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	100.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Dacre	0	#	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	-100.0	-0.1
Eamont	0	#	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	-100.0	-0.1
Greystoke	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	#	-5	-75.0	-0.4	-5	-75.0	-0.4
Hartside	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.1
Hesket	5	0.2	10	0.6	10	0.4	-5	-27.3	-0.2	5	166.7	0.3
Kirkby Stephen	15	0.9	25	1.6	25	1.8	5	12.5	0.2	15	107.7	1.0
Kirkby Thore	10	1.2	10	1.0	5	0.7	0	-22.2	-0.2	-5	-36.4	-0.4
Kirkoswald	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Langwathby	0	#	5	0.4	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Lazonby	5	0.6	10	1.1	10	1.0	0	-10.0	-0.1	5	80.0	0.4
Long Marton	5	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Morland	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Orton with Tebay	5	0.4	0	#	5	0.6	5	400.0	0.5	0	66.7	0.2
Penrith Carleton	0	#	0	#	5	0.4	0	50.0	0.1	0	50.0	0.1
Penrith East	25	1.4	25	1.4	25	1.4	0	-4.2	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Penrith North	20	0.9	20	0.9	20	0.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Penrith Pategill	5	0.7	10	1.6	10	1.5	0	-8.3	-0.1	5	120.0	0.8
Penrith South	20	1.3	20	1.2	15	1.0	-5	-21.1	-0.3	-5	-25.0	-0.3
Penrith West	35	1.7	35	1.6	35	1.7	0	5.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Ravenstonedale	0	#	5	0.7	5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	100.0	0.3
Shap	10	1.0	15	1.6	5	0.8	-5	-46.2	-0.7	0	-12.5	-0.1
Skelton	5	0.3	0	#	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.1	0	-66.7	-0.2
Ullswater	5	0.6	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	25.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Warcop	0	#	5	0.7	5	0.5	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	100.0	0.3

# Labour Market Briefing

## June 2018

### South Lakeland – Claimant Count

	May 2017		April 2018		May 2018		All Persons Monthly Change			All Persons Annual Change		
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	No	% Chg	Rate Chg	No	% Chg	Rate Chg
UK	811,445	2.0	926,685	2.2	904,310	2.2	-22,375	-2.4	-0.1	92,865	11.4	0.2
North West	112,625	2.5	129,715	2.9	125,865	2.8	-3,850	-3.0	-0.1	13,240	11.8	0.3
Cumbria	5,325	1.8	5,975	2.0	5,725	1.9	-250	-4.2	-0.1	400	7.5	0.1
South Lakeland	365	0.6	380	0.6	375	0.6	0	-0.5	0.0	10	3.0	0.0
Ambleside and Grasmere	5	0.1	5	0.2	5	0.3	0	16.7	0.0	5	133.3	0.2
Arnside and Beetham	5	0.3	10	0.4	10	0.5	0	25.0	0.1	5	100.0	0.3
Broughton	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	16.7	0.1	0	40.0	0.2
Burneside	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.1
Burton and Holme	5	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.2	0	-16.7	0.0	0	-28.6	-0.1
Cartmel and Grange West	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.1
Coniston and Crake Valley	0	#	5	0.4	0	#	0	-50.0	-0.2	0	100.0	0.1
Crooklands	0	#	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	16.7	0.1	5	250.0	0.4
Grange North	10	1.2	10	1.1	10	1.0	0	-11.1	-0.1	0	-20.0	-0.2
Grange South	5	0.4	5	0.5	5	0.4	0	-20.0	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Hawkshead	0	#	5	0.4	5	0.3	0	-25.0	-0.1	0	50.0	0.1
Holker	0	#	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	5	200.0	0.4
Kendal Castle	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Kendal Far Cross	15	1.0	10	0.8	10	0.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	-15.4	-0.1
Kendal Fell	15	0.9	10	0.6	10	0.7	0	10.0	0.1	-5	-21.4	-0.2
Kendal Heron Hill	0	#	5	0.6	5	0.5	0	-16.7	-0.1	5	400.0	0.4
Kendal Highgate	15	1.2	10	0.7	15	1.0	5	40.0	0.3	0	-12.5	-0.1
Kendal Kirkland	25	1.8	25	1.8	20	1.5	-5	-16.7	-0.3	-5	-13.0	-0.2
Kendal Mintsfeet	10	0.7	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	11.1	0.1
Kendal Nether	5	0.4	15	1.1	15	1.1	0	0.0	0.0	10	180.0	0.7
Kendal Oxenholme and Natland	5	0.3	10	0.8	10	0.7	0	-11.1	-0.1	5	166.7	0.4
Kendal Parks	5	0.2	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	5	200.0	0.5
Kendal Romney	15	1.1	15	1.0	15	1.1	0	7.7	0.1	0	-6.7	-0.1
Kendal Stonecross	10	0.6	10	0.6	10	0.8	0	25.0	0.2	0	25.0	0.2
Kendal Strickland	10	0.7	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Kendal Underley	15	0.9	10	0.8	10	0.8	0	-8.3	-0.1	0	-15.4	-0.1
Levens	5	0.5	0	#	5	0.3	0	50.0	0.1	-5	-50.0	-0.3
Low Furness	10	1.1	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-70.0	-0.8
Lyth Valley	5	0.3	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-33.3	-0.1
Mid Furness	10	0.3	5	0.3	5	0.3	0	-14.3	0.0	0	-25.0	-0.1
Milnthorpe	15	1.0	10	0.6	10	0.8	0	25.0	0.2	-5	-23.1	-0.2
Sedbergh and Kirkby Lonsdale	15	0.4	15	0.5	10	0.4	-5	-29.4	-0.1	0	-7.7	0.0
Staveley-in-Cartmel	5	0.3	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.2
Staveley-in-Westmorland	5	0.3	0	#	5	0.4	5	150.0	0.3	0	66.7	0.2
Ulverston Central	15	1.5	20	1.9	20	1.9	0	0.0	0.0	5	25.0	0.4
Ulverston East	30	1.9	30	1.9	30	1.8	0	-3.4	-0.1	0	-3.4	-0.1
Ulverston North	10	0.8	10	0.8	10	0.8	0	-10.0	-0.1	0	-10.0	-0.1
Ulverston South	10	0.8	10	0.9	10	0.8	0	-11.1	-0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Ulverston Town	20	1.6	20	1.9	20	1.9	0	0.0	0.0	5	22.2	0.4
Ulverston West	10	0.8	5	0.5	5	0.6	0	20.0	0.1	0	-25.0	-0.2
Whinell	0	#	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	0	-50.0	-0.1
Windermere Appletrewhaithe and Troutbeck	10	0.7	0	#	0	#	0	0.0	0.0	-5	-87.5	-0.6
Windermere Bowness North	5	0.3	5	0.4	5	0.5	0	20.0	0.1	5	100.0	0.3
Windermere Bowness South	5	0.4	5	0.4	5	0.4	0	20.0	0.1	0	20.0	0.1
Windermere Town	10	0.9	10	0.7	10	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	-16.7	-0.1