

Statistical Summary

Copeland

July 2021

Copeland has a population of 68,000; a decrease of 3.7% over the last decade. 16.8% of the population are aged 0-15 years (lower than the national average of 19.2%), while 23% of the population are aged over 65 years (higher than the national average of 18.5%). Over the next decade the population of Copeland is projected to decrease by 3.9% (England +5%), while the district's age profile is projected to become older; with numbers of 0-15 and 16-64 year olds projected to decrease by 11.2% and 8% respectively (England -1.6% and +2.7%) as numbers of people aged 65+ are projected to increase by 12.8% (England + 19.6%).

There are 35,000 jobs at workplaces in Copeland. Manufacturing accounts for the greatest proportion (33.3%), over 4 times the national average, largely as a result of the nuclear sector and its associated supply chain. Public administration, education & health accounts for a further 22.1%, followed by wholesale and retail (8.6%). Average annual earnings (full time) at workplaces in Copeland are estimated to be £49,500, well above the national average of £31,800, heavily influenced by high value employment in the manufacturing sector. However, annual earnings for residents in Copeland are lower than for workplaces, standing at £43,500, still well above the national average, but reflecting the incidence of commuting into workplaces in the district from other areas. The overall level of unemployment is below the national average (Copeland = 3.8%, GB = 5.5%). Unemployment amongst young adults (aged 18-24) is also below the national average (Copeland = 6.4%, GB = 7.2%). 43.7% of residents in Copeland are estimated to be qualified to level 4 or higher, similar to the national average (43.1%).

Public Health England (PHE) report that average life expectancy in Copeland is 78.8 years for males and 81.7 years for females; both significantly lower than the national average. The district also has significantly worse rates than the national average in relation to: mortality from all causes; mortality from cardiovascular diseases; killed and seriously injured (KSI) road casualties; emergency hospital admissions for intentional self-harm; dementia diagnosis; admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions in under 18s; admission episodes for alcohol-related conditions; maternal smoking status at time of delivery; and breastfeeding initiation. However, the district performs significantly better than the national average in relation to: diabetes diagnosis; hospital admissions for violence; excess winter deaths; new STI diagnoses; and TB incidences.

16.8% of children in Copeland live in relative low income families. While this is lower than the national average (19.1%), there are some wards in the district where levels of child poverty are much higher than the national average; with the proportion of children in relative low income families in Whitehaven South ward 1.3 times the national average (24.3%). 3 communities (LSOAs) in Copeland fall within the 10% most deprived areas in England; these communities are located within: Sandwith; Harbour; and Mirehouse. Generally, in these deprived areas unemployment and crime rates are high, while household incomes and educational attainment are low and health outcomes can be poor. Inversely, Copeland has two LSOAs that are classified as being in the 10% least deprived of LSOAs nationally, these LSOAs are located in St. Bees and Bransty.

A map plotting deprivation across the district can be found here:

<https://www.cumbriaobservatory.org.uk/deprivation/map/>

A PHE local authority profile is provided for the district here:

Compared with England

● Better 95%
 ● Similar
 ● Worse 95%
 ○ Not applicable
 Quintiles: Best ● ● ● ● ● Worst ○ Not applicable

* a note is attached to the value, hover over to see more details

Recent trends:
 — Could not be calculated
 ➔ No significant change
 ↑ Increasing & getting worse
 ↑ Increasing & getting better
 ↓ Decreasing & getting worse
 ↓ Decreasing & getting better
 ↑ Increasing
 ↓ Decreasing

Indicator	Period	Copeland			Region England		England		Range	Best/Highest
		Recent Trend	Count	Value	Value	Value	Worst/Lowest			
Life expectancy at birth (Male)	2017 - 19	—	-	78.8	78.4	79.8	74.4		84.9	
Life expectancy at birth (Female)	2017 - 19	—	-	81.7	82.1	83.4	79.5		87.2	
Under 75 mortality rate from all causes	2017 - 19	—	772	367	383	326	548		208	
Under 75 mortality rate from all cardiovascular diseases	2017 - 19	—	190	88.9	86.1	70.4	121.6		39.8	
Under 75 mortality rate from cancer	2017 - 19	—	288	132.8	142.4	129.2	182.4		87.4	
Suicide rate New data	2017 - 19	—	24	13.4	10.6	10.1	19.0		4.9	
Killed and seriously injured (KSI) casualties on England's roads (historic data)	2016 - 18	—	117	56.8	38.4	42.6*	109.8		17.7	
Emergency Hospital Admissions for Intentional Self-Harm	2019/20	➔	140	232.3	237.6	192.6	457.6		44.5	
Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over	2019/20	➔	90	595	610	572	981		326	
Cancer diagnosed at early stage (experimental statistics)	2017	➔	145	48.0%	51.9%	52.2%	36.8%		61.0%	
Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate	2018	—	-	90.8%	81.1%	78.0%	54.3%		98.7%	
Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and over)	2021	↓	528	56.3%	64.9%	61.6%	40.8%		83.2%	
(significantly)										
Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s	2017/18 - 19/20	—	20	51.6	43.6	30.7	111.5		7.7	
Admission episodes for alcohol-related conditions (Narrow)	2018/19	➔	560	774	742	664	1,127		389	
Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - current smokers (APS)	2019	—	8,087	14.6%	14.5%	13.9%	27.5%		3.4%	
Percentage of physically active adults	2019/20	—	-	68.0%	63.9%	66.4%	49.4%		80.2%	
Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese	2019/20	—	-	66.5%	65.9%	62.8%	78.3%		41.6%	
Under 18s conception rate / 1,000	2018	➔	11	11.0	21.7	16.7	39.4		3.6	
Smoking status at time of delivery	2019/20	➔	74	15.1%	12.2%*	10.4%	23.1%		2.1%	
Breastfeeding initiation	2016/17	↓	410	59.2%	64.5%	74.5%	37.9%		96.7%	
Infant mortality rate	2017 - 19	—	8	4.4	4.5	3.9	7.5		1.2	
Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity)	2019/20	➔	80	22.9%*	22.8%	21.0%	30.1%		10.4%	
Deprivation score (IMD 2015)	2015	—	-	25.9	-	21.8	42.0		5.0	
Smoking Prevalence in adults in routine and manual occupations (18-64) - current smokers (APS)	2019	—	-	19.3%	24.5%	23.2%	60.3%		3.5%	
Inequality in life expectancy at birth (Male)	2017 - 19	—	-	9.3	11.3	9.4	14.8		-1.0	
Inequality in life expectancy at birth (Female)	2017 - 19	—	-	8.1	9.6	7.6	13.3		-2.6	
Children in low income families (under 16s)	2016	↓	1,625	14.4%	18.0%	17.0%	31.8%		5.8%	
Average Attainment 8 score	2019/20	—	34,117	49.6	48.9	50.2	42.9		61.2	
Percentage of people in employment	2019/20	➔	28,500	71.2%	74.9%	76.2%	63.3%		91.4%	
Statutory homelessness - Eligible homeless people not in priority need	2017/18	—	-	*	1.1	0.8	-	<i>Insufficient number of values for a spine chart</i>		
Violent crime - hospital admissions for violence (including sexual violence)	2017/18 - 19/20	—	50	26.8	66.4	45.8*	127.7		6.2	
Excess winter deaths index	Aug 2018 - Jul 2019	—	-3	-1.4%	13.4%	15.1%	36.4%		-8.2%	
New STI diagnoses (exc chlamydia aged <25) / 100,000 New data	2019	➔	155	370	783	917	4,562		294	
TB incidence (three year average)	2017 - 19	—	1	0.5	6.9	8.6	45.0		0.2	